

**RR+PR**ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **85-E**Code No. : **85-E**

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

**Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE**

( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ / English Version )

( ಹಳೆ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ / Old Syllabus )

( ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ + ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Repeater + Private Repeater )

*General Instructions :*

- i) The Question-cum-Answer Booklet consists of objective and subjective types of questions having 56 questions.
- ii) Space has been provided against each objective type question. You have to choose the correct choice and write the complete answer along with its letter in the space provided.
- iii) For subjective type questions enough space for each question has been provided. You have to answer the questions in the space.
- iv) Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
- v) Candidate should not write the answer with pencil. Answers written in pencil will not be evaluated. ( Except Graphs, Diagrams & Maps )
- vi) In case of Multiple Choice, Fill in the blanks and Matching questions, scratching / rewriting / marking is not permitted, thereby rendering to disqualification for evaluation.
- vii) Candidates have extra 15 minutes for reading the question paper.
- viii) Do not write anything in the space provided in the right side margin.

- I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter in the space provided against each question.  $15 \times 1 = 15$

1. The Revenue system that recognised the right of the cultivator over his land was
  - (A) Ryotwari system
  - (B) Mahalwari system
  - (C) Zamindari system
  - (D) Permanent land revenue system.
2. The Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution was
  - (A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
  - (B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
  - (C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
  - (D) Sarojini Naidu.
3. Goa was liberated from the Portuguese in the year
  - (A) 1954
  - (B) 1963
  - (C) 1961
  - (D) 1971.
4. The purpose of Cultural Revolution launched in China in 1966 was
  - (A) to drive out Japanese from Manchuria
  - (B) to end the power of Manchu
  - (C) to destroy Buddhist temples and kill the religious believers
  - (D) to establish democracy.
5. The Dictator of Germany was
  - (A) Hitler
  - (B) Mussolini
  - (C) De Gaulle
  - (D) Lenin.

6. The scheme which was enforced for the development of rural women is
- (A) Swayam Siddha
  - (B) Rashtreeya Mahila Vimochana
  - (C) Balika Samruddhi Yojana
  - (D) Stree Shakti.
7. The year which was declared as women empowerment year is
- (A) 2001
  - (B) 2005
  - (C) 1998
  - (D) 2004.
8. The Headquarters of SAARC is located at
- (A) Colombo
  - (B) Kathmandu
  - (C) Dhaka
  - (D) Delhi.
9. The Coromandel coast receives most of its rain during
- (A) Summer season
  - (B) Retreating monsoon season
  - (C) Winter season
  - (D) South-West monsoon season.
10. The best example for the pendant root trees of Mangrove forests is
- (A) Sandalwood
  - (B) Teak
  - (C) Banyan
  - (D) Mango.
11. Petroleum is called as liquid gold. Because
- (A) it is used in all economic activities
  - (B) it is in liquid state
  - (C) it is available abundantly
  - (D) it is golden in colour.

12. Ruhr of India is
- (A) Bihar
  - (B) West Bengal
  - (C) Chhota Nagpur plateau
  - (D) Jharkhand.
13. Indian grain storage centre is situated at
- (A) Mysore
  - (B) Bidar
  - (C) Gulbarga
  - (D) Hapur.
14. Industrial design centre has been established mainly to
- (A) design machineries to Indian conditions
  - (B) provide financial help
  - (C) provide marketing help
  - (D) provide technical training.
15. Ankola in Karnataka became famous for organising
- (A) picketing against liquor shops
  - (B) Forest Satyagraha
  - (C) Salt Satyagraha
  - (D) Dhawaja Satyagraha.
- II. Fill in the blanks with suitable answers : 5 × 1 = 5
16. The first country to launch voyages across the sea was .....
17. The place which receives highest rainfall in India is .....
18. When goods are exchanged for goods it is called .....
19. The Government constituted an organization to fight against corruption is .....
20. The organization defeated by the U.S.A. in Afghanistan in the year 2002 was .....

- III. 21. Match the following **List-A** with **List-B**. Write the correct answer with their options in the space provided : 5 × 1 = 5

**List-A****List-B**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| (a) The Arya Samaj  | (i) Jyotiba Phule                              |
| (b) The Satya Sodhak Samaj                                | (ii) 1950                                      |
| (c) The Aligarh Movement                                  | (iii) Dayanand Saraswati                       |
| (d) The Constitution of India was enforced in the year    | (iv) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan                       |
| (e) The Reserve Bank of India was established in the year | (v) The Indian Independence Act ( 1947 A.D. )  |
|   | (vi) The Government of India Act ( 1935 A.D. ) |
|   | (vii) Dr. Atmaram Panduranga                   |
|   | (viii) Swami Vivekananda                       |

- IV. Answer the following questions in a sentence each : 9 × 1 = 9

22. Who is called as the 'Maker of Modern Mysore State' ?
23. Name the leader who ended the Manchu rule in China.
24. Why did America enter Second World War ?
25. What is Veto power ?
26. Who is popularly known as Gandhi of America ?
27. Why are human rights essential ?
28. How did Sundarbans get its name ?
29. What is dredging ?
30. What is Green Revolution ?

V. Answer the following questions in *two* sentences each :  $16 \times 2 = 32$

31. What were the terms of the treaty of Madras ?
32. Why is Ranjit Singh described as the famous ruler of Sikhs ?
33. How did transport and communication lead to the development of sense of unity among Indians during British rule ?
34. Describe the Quit India Movement of Isur.
35. Why did Patel decide to launch police action on Hyderabad ?
36. Explain the system of Rival alliance during First World War.
37. Why has AGMARK been made compulsory ?
38. Mention the important organs of U.N.O.
39. How are Human Rights protected under the Constitution of India ?
40. Differentiate between the Western Coast and the Eastern Coast.
41. Mention the uses of Bauxite ore.
42. Consumption of cement is the index of a nation's progress. How ?
43. Why is Inland water transport losing its importance now-a-days ?
44. How are small scale industries functioning ?
45. What are the causes for the failure of the Third Five-Year Plan ?
46. Who were the leaders of the Non-Aligned Movement ?

VI. Answer the following questions in *six* sentences each :  $6 \times 3 = 18$

47. What were the causes for the decline of Portuguese power in India ?
48. What were the causes for the failure of the 1857 uprising ?
49. What steps have been taken by the Government for the welfare of women ?
50. Mention the methods to control soil erosion.
51. How is mixed farming different from commercial farming ?
52. What are the services rendered by the retail traders ?

VII. Write the answer to the following questions in about *eight* sentences each :

3 × 4 = 12

53. Explain the role of Subhas Chandra Bose in the freedom movement of India.
54. India is maintaining a good relationship with Russia. Explain.
55. What are the causes for the backwardness of Indian agriculture ?

VIII. 56. Draw an outline map of India and locate the following : 1 + 3 = 4

- a) River Kaveri
- b) Bhakra Nangal project
- c) Kandla.

**Alternative Question for Blind Candidates only : (In lieu of Q. No. 56)**

What is the important role played by the Himalayas in the life of Indians ?

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