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 Serial No. of G. C. A. B.

ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 56 ]

[ ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 24

Total No. of Questions : 56 ]

[ Total No. of Printed Pages : 24

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **85-E**

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

Code No. : **85-E**

Subject : **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ)

(English Version)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 07. 04. 2014 ]

[ Date : 07. 04. 2014

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ 9-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ 12-45 ರವರೆಗೆ ]

[ Time : 9-30 A.M. to 12-45 P.M

ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100 ]

[ Max. Marks : 100

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G. No.	Marks	G. No.	Marks	G. No.	Marks	G. No.	Marks	G. No.	Marks		
1.		14.		27.		40.		53.			
2.		15.		28.		41.		54.			
3.		16.		29.		42.		55.			
4.		17.		30.		43.		56.			
5.		18.		31.		44.		x			
6.		19.		32.		45.		x			
7.		20.		33.		46.		x			
8.		21.		34.		47.		x			
9.		22.		35.		48.		x			
10.		23.		36.		49.		x			
11.		24.		37.		50.		x			
12.		25.		38.		51.		x			
13.		26.		39.		52.		x			
<b>Total Marks</b>											
<b>Total Marks in words</b>					<b>Grand Total</b>						
1. ✓											
2. ✓				✓				✓			
Signature of Evaluators			Registration No.			Signature of the Deputy Chief			Signature of the Room Invigilator		

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[ Turn over

*General Instructions :*

- i) The Question-cum-Answer Booklet consists of objective and subjective types of questions having 56 questions.
  - ii) Space has been provided against each objective type question. You have to choose the correct choice and write the complete answer along with its alphabet in the space provided.
  - iii) For subjective type questions enough space for each question has been provided. You have to answer the questions in the space.
  - iv) Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
  - v) Candidate should not write the answer with pencil. Answers written in pencil will not be evaluated. ( Except Graphs, Diagrams & Maps )
  - vi) In case of Multiple Choice, Fill in the blanks and Matching questions, scratching / rewriting / marking is not permitted, thereby rendering to disqualification for evaluation.
  - vii) Candidates have extra 15 minutes for reading the question paper.
- I. *Four* alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its alphabet in the space provided against each question. 15 × 1 = 15
1. Dulip Singh presented Kohinoor Diamond to British because
    - (A) pension was sanctioned to Dulip Singh
    - (B) he became sub-ordinate to British
    - (C) Dulip Singh himself was asked to administer the territory of Sikhs
    - (D) he defeated the Britishers.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

2. The system that recognized the rights of the cultivator over his land permanently is
- (A) the Ryotwari system
  - (B) Zamindari system
  - (C) Permanent Land Revenue system
  - (D) Chautayi Revenue system.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

3. The people of China revolted in 1912 and put an end to Manchu administration because
- (A) they gave more importance for their own development
  - (B) they developed trade contacts with England
  - (C) the Manchu ruler's internal administration was oppressive and inefficient
  - (D) they tried to suppress the long march of Mao.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

4. The Government of India Act of 1935 was an important step in shaping of our present constitution because
- (A) Dyarchy was abolished in the provinces
  - (B) Reserve Bank of India was established
  - (C) provided basic framework for the Federal Government of India
  - (D) provided the provincial autonomy.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

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5. The treaty which imposed humiliating conditions on Germany was

- (A) Treaty of Versailles
- (B) Treaty of Surat
- (C) Treaty of Paris
- (D) Treaty of Lahore.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

6. The Central Government created Andhra Pradesh in 1952 when

- (A) Potti Sriramulu fast until death
- (B) Nizam imported weapons to fight
- (C) Sardar Patel launched police action
- (D) Rajakars suppressed the accessionists.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

7. Education is made a fundamental right according to the

- (A) 42nd Amendment
- (B) 93rd Amendment
- (C) 73rd Amendment
- (D) 74th Amendment.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

8. Anti-Dowry Act was passed in the year

- (A) 1961
- (B) 1978
- (C) 1985
- (D) 1976.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

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9. The aim of SAARC is

- (A) to identify the problems in mutual relations and find solutions through co-operation
- (B) to eliminate colonialism
- (C) to establish peace in Central Asia
- (D) to work in co-ordination with international institutions.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

10. There is a great need to protect forest because

- (A) forests are not important resource
- (B) forests cannot prevent soil erosion
- (C) demand for forest products has increased
- (D) today people are raising birds and animals in domestic land.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

11. In Karnataka shifting cultivation is called

- (A) Ponama
- (B) Podu
- (C) Kumari
- (D) Jhuming.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

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12. Petroleum is called the 'Liquid Gold' because

- (A) it is used in all economic activities
- (B) it is a very costly fuel
- (C) it is available in liquid state
- (D) it is available beneath the ocean beds.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

13. Copper is used in the electrical industry because

- (A) it is used by the people of early civilization
- (B) it is used in household utensils
- (C) it is a good conductor of heat and electricity
- (D) it is a very light metal.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

14. The Karnataka Government has started 'Raitamitra' programme in every Hobli

- (A) to provide alternative jobs to farmers
- (B) to overcome the problems of farmers
- (C) to provide financial aids to farmers
- (D) to remove bonded labour system.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

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15. The main aim in establishing 'Small Inventions Development Board' is

- (A) to provide raw materials
- (B) to improve the quality of products
- (C) to provide information regarding production
- (D) assisting the inventions in small industries and technology.

Ans : \_\_\_\_\_

II. Fill in the blanks with suitable answers :

5 × 1 = 5

16. Dual Government in Bengal was introduced by .....

\_\_\_\_\_

17. The first Chief Minister of the responsible government of Mysore was .....

\_\_\_\_\_

18. The person who used the term 'Third World' was .....

\_\_\_\_\_

19. The reservoir which is built across the river Sutlej is .....

\_\_\_\_\_

20. The shops established to distribute essential commodities to people by the Government is .....

\_\_\_\_\_

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III. 21. Match the items in **List-A** with **List-B**. Write the correct answer in the space provided : 5 × 1 = 5

<b>List-A</b>	<b>List-B</b>
(a) Satyarth Prakash	(i) Dhando Keshav Karve
(b) S.N.D.T. Women's Univeristy	(ii) Dayanand Saraswati
(c) Central Hindu College at Benaras	(iii) Charter Act of 1853
(d) Created an effective legislative wing at centre	(iv) Regulating Act
(e) Warren Hastings became the 1st Governor General	(v) Annie Besant
	(vi) Swami Vivekananda
	(vii) Charter Act of 1813
	(viii) Indian Independence Act of 1947.

Ans. : a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

c) \_\_\_\_\_

d) \_\_\_\_\_

e) \_\_\_\_\_

IV. Answer the following questions in a sentence each :

9 × 1 = 9

22. Name the non-alignment leader from India.

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23. Who is known as the Gandhi of America ?

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24. Name the policy that helped America to come out from great depression.

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25. What is the special characteristics of Mangrove forest ?

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26. Name the first nuclear power plant of India.

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27. Who was the king of Germany during 1st World War ?

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28. What is Regionalism ?

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29. Which organ is popularly known as Parliament of U.N.O. ?

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30. What is a Welfare State ?

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V. Answer the following questions in *two* or *three* sentences each : 16 × 2 = 32

31. What are the achievements of Kantirava Narasaraja Wodeyar ?

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32. What are the terms of the Subsidiary Alliance ?

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33. How did the newspapers play an important role during freedom movement ?

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34. Describe the Shivpur Dhwaja Satyagraha.

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35. How was Junagad State merged into Indian Union ?

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36. How did Hitler rebuild Germany after 1st World War ?

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37. How did Indonesia become independent ?

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38. What are the steps taken by the Government to check Black Marketing ( any four ) ?

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39. What are the terms and conditions of "Limited Test Ban Treaty" ?

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40. How does coastal plains play a very important role in the economic development of India ?

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41. Why is Indian agriculture considered as “gamble with the monsoon” ?

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42. Differentiate between agricultural season and seasons of India.

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43. What are the services rendered by the Post Offices ?

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44. Differentiate between small scale and cottage industries.

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45. Differentiate between Package programme and Green Revolution.

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46. Name the permanent members of Security Council.

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VIII. 56. Draw an outline map of India and locate the following places :

1 + 3 = 4

- a) Tropic of Cancer
- b) Mumbai
- c) Amritsar.

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