

# BIOLOGY PAPER 1

## (THEORY)

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**Maximum Marks: 70**

**Time Allowed: Three Hours**

*(Candidates are allowed an additional 15 minutes for only reading the paper.  
They must NOT start writing during this time.)*

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*This paper is divided into four sections – A, B, C and D.*

*Answer all questions.*

**Section – A** consists of **one** question of **one** mark / **two** marks each.

**Section – B** consists of **seven** questions of **two** marks each.

**Section – C** consists of **seven** questions of **three** marks each, and

**Section – D** consists of **three** questions of **five** marks each.

**Internal choices have been provided in one question each in Section B,  
Section C and Section D.**

*The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [ ].*

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### SECTION A – 20 MARKS

#### Question 1

Answer the following questions briefly.

- (i) Birds build their nests in trees. Identify the type of ecological relationship between the birds and the trees. [1]
  - (ii) A doctor examines the symptoms of a patient who has a high fever with chills. What disease could this patient be suffering from? [1]
  - (iii) The genome size of an organism is around  $10^9$  base pairs. Calculate the length of its genome in metres. [1]
  - (iv) What is the probability of having a male child if the father's sperm carries an X chromosome? [1]
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- (v) In the year 2021, the population of fish in a lake was 500. After one year, a biologist found that the population had an average natality of 120, average mortality of 65, immigration was 25 and emigration was 30. Calculate the total number of fish that were present in the lake in 2022. [1]
- (vi) The Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) of the Amazon rainforest is approximately  $3000 \text{ g C/m}^2/\text{yr}$  and the respiration losses (R) of  $1800 \text{ g C/m}^2/\text{yr}$ . Calculate the Net Primary Productivity (NPP) of this ecosystem. [1]
- (vii) Identify if the given set of structures can be classified as homologous or analogous structures. [1]



Wings of penguin

Fins of dolphin

Figure 1

- (viii) Suggest an effective molecular technique that can be used to reduce the expression of defective genes in the nematode parasite. [1]
- (ix) Which one of the following is an example of naturally acquired active immunity? [1]
- Recovering from chickenpox
  - Newborns gaining antibodies from breast milk
  - Getting vaccinated against the COVID-19 virus
  - Taking antibiotics against a urinary tract infection

- (x) If oogenesis occurs conventionally in a human, which one of the following represents the correct ploidy levels of the primary and secondary oocytes? [1]

	Primary oocytes	Secondary oocytes
I	haploid	diploid
II	diploid	haploid
III	haploid	haploid
IV	diploid	diploid

- (a) I  
(b) II  
(c) III  
(d) IV
- (xi) **Assertion:** The external application of insecticides is negligible for Bt crops. [1]  
**Reason:** Bt crops contain a gene that produces toxins harmful to certain insects.  
Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation for Assertion.  
(b) Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for Assertion.  
(c) Assertion is true and Reason is false.  
(d) Both Assertion and Reason are false.

- (xii) **Assertion:** The spent slurry after biogas production is used as a fertiliser for soils that are nitrogen deficient. [1]

**Reason:** Only nitrogen from the slurry is utilised in the production of biogas.  
Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation for Assertion.  
(b) Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for Assertion.  
(c) Assertion is true and Reason is false.  
(d) Both Assertion and Reason are false.

- (xiii) A student aims to insert a foreign gene into the plasmid shown below for an experiment. [1]

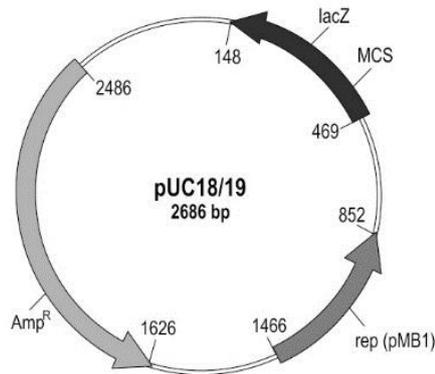


Figure 2

Suggest a method that can help the student in selecting the cells that contain this plasmid.

- (xiv) A biotechnological firm aims to manufacture certain clotting factors to treat Haemophilia in patients. [1]

Mention *any one* aspect to be considered while choosing the transgenic animal to produce these clotting factors.

- (xv) A group of virologists aim to inhibit the activity of reverse transcriptase enzymes as part of their effort to find a solution to viral infections. Which aspect of the virus's function would be impacted by inhibiting the activity of reverse transcriptase? [1]

- (xvi) Answer the following questions: [2]

- (a) In recombinant DNA technology, biologists use the enzyme restriction endonuclease. Name the scientist who discovered this enzyme.
- (b) Expand the abbreviation MMR.

- (xvii) The figure given below shows a stage in the formation of pollen grain. [1]

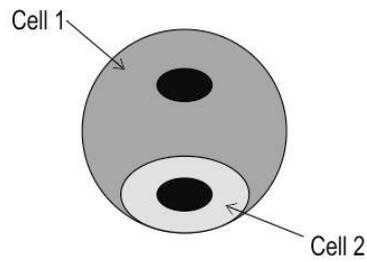


Figure 3

Name the cell that undergoes further division to make gametes.

- (xvi) Give a reason for each of the following: [2]
- (a) For a breastfeeding mother, the chances of conception are very low.
  - (b) Organ transplantation patients are given the drug cyclosporine.

### SECTION B – 14 MARKS

#### Question 2 [2]

A couple does not wish to have more children.

Suggest and briefly explain *any two* methods of family planning that are highly effective and have low chances of failure, for the couple to consider.

#### Question 3 [2]

In a population of 5000 individuals, 1800 do not have freckles on their faces (ff), while the remaining individuals have freckles (F).

Assuming that the population is in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium for the presence of freckles, calculate the expected frequencies for the following genotypes:

- (i) FF genotype
- (ii) ff genotype

**Question 4**

[2]

Shown below is the karyotype of an individual.

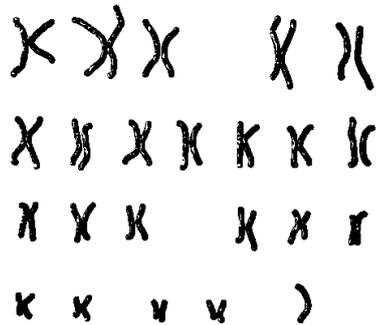


Figure 4

- (i) State *one* characteristic reproductive feature and *one* physical attribute of such an individual.
- (ii) What is the category of such disorders called? Which abnormality during cell division causes such disorders?

**Question 5**

[2]

- (i) Study the diagram of a human ovum given below and answer the questions that follow.

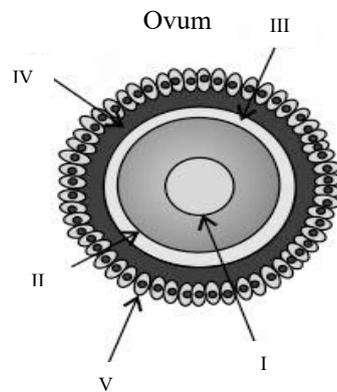


Figure 5

- (a) Identify and name the part of the ovum that prevents its fertilisation by multiple sperm.
- (b) What is the mode of action of the part identified in (a)?

**OR**

- (ii) The diagram given below represents a specific stage of human embryonic development. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.

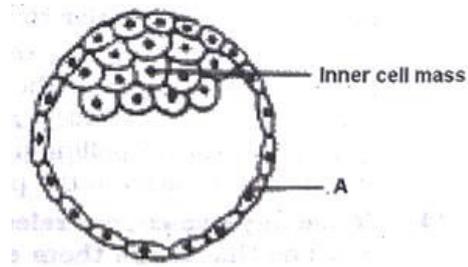


Figure 6

- (a) Name the stage of human embryo represented by the given diagram.
- (b) Identify the part labelled 'A' and mention its function.
- (c) What happens to the inner cell mass after implantation?

**Question 6**

[2]

A group of researchers in a pharmaceutical company aims to produce a specific chemical which can treat viral infections.

Which specific group of chemicals should they isolate? How would it help in treatment of viral infection?

**Question 7**

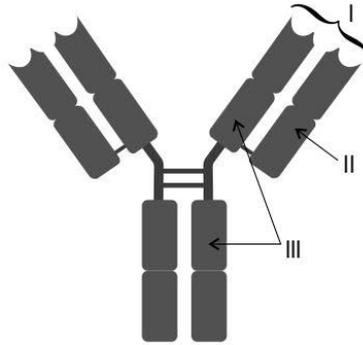
[2]

Explain *any two* types of evidence for biological evolution.

**Question 8**

**[2]**

The figure shown below is a representative image of an antibody. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.



*Figure 7*

- (i) A person is infected by a pathogen. Identify and name the part of the antibody that the pathogen binds to.
- (ii) A few years later, this person is infected by a different variant of the same pathogen. Would the existing antibodies be able to recognise and bind to it now? Justify your answer by giving *one* reason.

## SECTION C – 21 MARKS

### Question 9

[3]

The diagram given below shows various phases of the menstrual cycle in human beings.

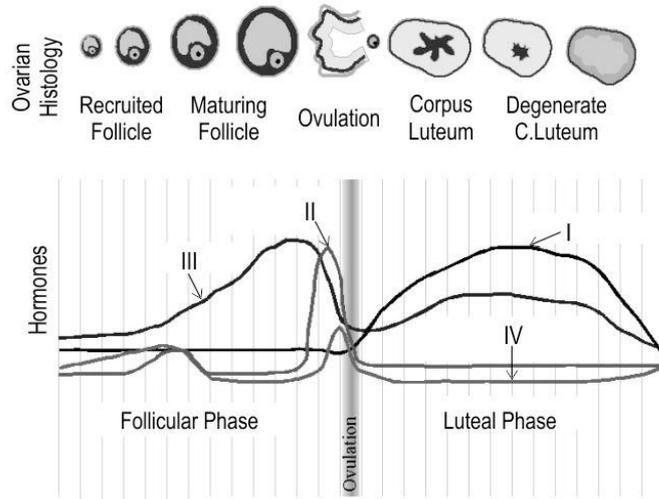


Figure 8

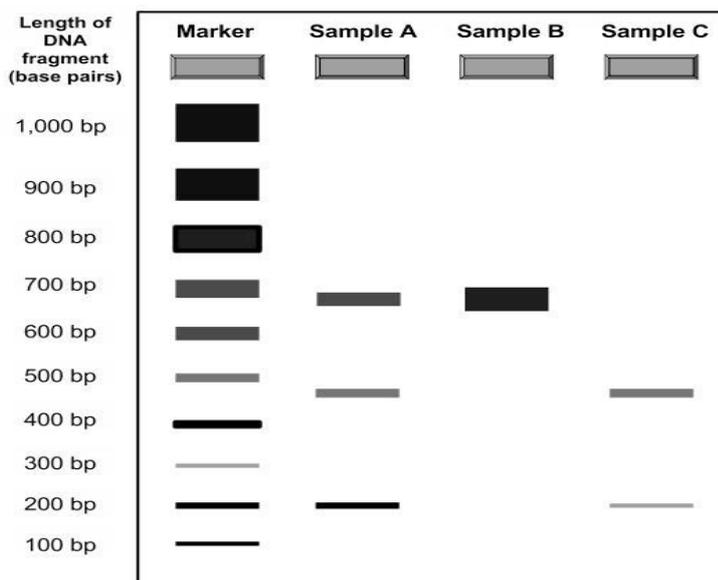
- (i) Identify the plotlines that represent the following:
- (a) Progesterone
  - (b) Luteinizing hormone
- (ii) Give *any two* differences between Menstrual cycle and Estrus cycle.

**Question 10**

**[3]**

As a part of an experiment, Kavya, David and Abdul had to cut a plasmid which is 650 bp long to insert a gene of interest. All of them worked on this task individually. As per the protocol, the restriction enzyme was incubated for two hours with the plasmid. After some time, they loaded their sample onto the same agarose gel for electrophoresis.

Given below is an image of the agarose gel where sample A belongs to Kavya, sample B to David and sample C to Abdul.

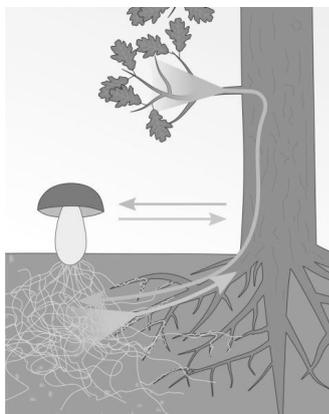


*Figure 9*

- (a) If Abdul has performed the experiment correctly, what is the reason for the difference in the band pattern in Kavya's and David's samples?
- (b) According to Abdul, only a gene of the size of 200 bp can be inserted into this plasmid as this is the size of DNA that has been cut out from the plasmid. Is he correct? Justify by giving *one* reason.

**Question 11****[3]**

The figure given below shows a mushroom that is connected to the roots of another tree growing near it.



*Figure 10*

- (i) Identify the type of interaction between the mushroom and the roots of the tree.
- (ii) Mention *any two* advantages of this type of interaction.

**Question 12****[3]**

The homozygous Andalusian chicken exhibits black feathers (BB) and white feathers (WW), while the heterozygous bird has bluish feathers.

- (i) If two heterozygous Andalusian chickens are crossed, what are the possible genotypic and phenotypic ratios of their offspring?
- (ii) What kind of dominance does the gene for feather colour exhibit? Give a reason to support your answer.

**Question 13****[3]**

Name the category of microorganisms that aid in biogas production. Provide an example of this category.

Mention *any four* benefits of biogas compared to other energy sources.

**Question 14****[3]**

- (i) Draw a well labelled diagram of L.S of anatropous ovule.

**OR**

- (ii) Draw a well labelled diagram of mammalian testis.

**Question 15****[3]**

Explain *three* different types of parasitism with one example each.

**SECTION D – 15 MARKS****Question 16****[5]**

- (i) *Vallisneria* is a submerged dioecious hydrophyte. The female flowers of *Vallisneria* reach the surface of water by their long stalk while the male flowers are released on to the surface of water due to bursting of the inflorescence.
- (a) Give *any two* characteristic features of the *pollen grains* of hydrophilous flowers.
- (b) State whether *Vallisneria* is adapted for autogamy or xenogamy. Give *one* reason to justify your answer.
- (c) Give *any three* disadvantages of self-pollination.

**OR**

- (ii) A couple is unable to have children naturally, despite the woman's ability to ovulate and the man having a normal sperm.
- (a) Mention the *two* different types of abnormalities in sperm, which cause infertility in males.
- (b) Suggest *any three* methods of assisted reproductive technology except GIFT, available to the couple to consider.

**Question 17****[5]**

What does the term *biodiversity* mean? Explain *four* major causes of loss of biodiversity due to human activities.

**Question 18**

[5]

A research group studied various aspects of a particular region in their gene of interest and its mutated versions. Shown below is a part of the DNA sequence they were studying:  
 5' ATG TTG ACA TCA TCC AGC TGT 3'

		Second letter				
		U	C	A	G	
First letter	U	UUU } Phe UUC } UUA } Leu UUG }	UCU } UCC } Ser UCA } UCG }	UAU } Tyr UAC } UAA stop UAG stop	UGU } Cys UGC } UGA stop UGG Trp	U C A G
	C	CUU } CUC } Leu CUA } CUG }	CCU } CCC } Pro CCA } CCG }	CAU } His CAC } CAA } Gln CAG }	CGU } CGC } Arg CGA } CGG }	U C A G
	A	AUU } AUC } Ile AUA } AUG Met	ACU } ACC } Thr ACA } ACG }	AAU } Asn AAC } AAA } Lys AAG }	AGU } Ser AGC } AGA } Arg AGG }	U C A G
	G	GUU } GUC } Val GUA } GUG }	GCU } GCC } Ala GCA } GCG }	GAU } Asp GAC } GAA } Glu GAG }	GGU } GGC } Gly GGA } GGG }	U C A G

Figure 11

- (i) What is the DNA sequence complementary to the above sequence?
- (ii) Write the sequence of mRNA transcribed by this segment of DNA.
- (iii) Write the amino acid sequence coded by the mRNA sequence, using the genetic code shown in the figure given above.
- (iv) A mutant of this gene contains A instead of C in the 11th position in the given DNA sequence. What will be the amino acid sequence coded by this mutant gene?
- (v) What type of mutation would the change in nucleotide referred to in subpart (iv) lead to? Justify by giving *one* reason.