

113

113

**FIRST YEAR OF 3-YEAR B.A. (HONS.)
ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 2018**

**CLUSTER—2 (CHINESE, JAPANESE
AND KOREAN)**

[Field of Study Code : CHNU (405) /
JAPU (403) / KORU (404)]

Time Allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- (i) Attempt **all** questions.
- (ii) The Question Paper has two Sections—
Section—A and Section—B. Section—A
is Multiple Choice-based Questions and
Section—B is Subjective.
- (iii) Answer all the questions of Section—A
in the OMR Sheet only provided for
the purpose by darkening the correct
option/choice against the correspon-
ding circle in the OMR Sheet.
- (iv) If more than one answer is selected, the
answer will be marked wrong.
- (v) No half mark will be awarded.
- (vi) There will be no negative marking.
- (vii) All questions of Section—B must be
answered in the space provided in the
question paper itself.
- (viii) One extra sheet provided at the end of
the paper can be utilized for rough
work.

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**FIRST YEAR OF 3-YEAR B.A. (HONS.)
ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 2018**

**CLUSTER—2 (CHINESE, JAPANESE
AND KOREAN)**

SUBJECT
(Field of Study/Language)

FIELD OF STUDY CODE

NAME OF THE CANDIDATE

REGISTRATION NO.

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CENTRE OF EXAMINATION

DATE

.....
(Signature of Candidate)

.....
(Signature of Invigilator)

.....
(Signature and Seal of
Presiding Officer)

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CLUSTER—2 (CHINESE, JAPANESE AND KOREAN)

[Field of Study Code : CHNU (405) / JAPU (403) / KORU (404)]

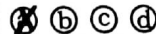
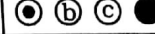
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Candidates must read carefully the following instructions before attempting the question paper :

- (i) Write your Name and Registration Number in the space provided for the purpose on the first page of this Question Paper and in the Answer Sheet.
- (ii) **Please darken the appropriate circle of the Question Paper Series Code on the OMR Sheet with a BALLPOINT PEN.** Any overwriting or alteration will be treated as wrong answer.
- (iii) The questions have two Sections : **Section—A** and **Section—B**.
- (iv) Section—A (Question Nos. **1** to **60**) contains objective type multiple-choice questions only.
- (v) Answer all the questions of Section—A in the OMR Sheet only provided for the purpose by darkening the correct option/choice against the corresponding circle in the OMR Sheet.
- (vi) Carefully read the instructions to fill the OMR Sheet.
- (vii) Section—B (Question Nos. **61** to **64**) contains written and descriptive-type questions.
- (viii) All questions of Section—B must be answered in the space provided in the question paper itself.
- (ix) Last page of the Booklet can be used for Rough Work.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MARKING ANSWERS

1. Use only Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen (do not use pencil) to darken the appropriate Circle.
2. Please darken the whole Circle.
3. Darken ONLY ONE CIRCLE for each question as shown in example below :

Wrong	Wrong	Wrong	Wrong	Correct
				

4. Once marked, no change in the answer is allowed.
5. Please do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet.
6. Please do not do any rough work on the answer sheet other than the space provided.
7. Mark your answer only in the appropriate space against the number corresponding to the question.
8. **Ensure that you have darkened the appropriate Circle of Question Paper Series Code on the Answer Sheet.**
9. Duplicate OMR Sheet will not be provided.

SHEET—I

(FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

	Question Nos.	Marks Obtained
Section—B	61.	
	62.	
	63.	
	64.	
Total		

SECTION—A

(Marks : 60)

Each question carries 1 mark

All questions are compulsory

Choose the correct answer :

1. In an artificial language,
 aptabuke means bookshelf
 aptagani means book reading
 valipuli means huge worm

Which word could mean 'bookworm'?

- a. ganipuli
- b. aptapuli
- c. puliapta
- d. bukepuli

2. In an artificial language,
 malgalola means shoe-shop
 malgaport means shoe-lace
 mogagrop means book-stand

Which word could mean 'book-shop'?

- a. malgalola
- b. mogalola
- c. malgagrop
- d. moggaport

3. In an artificial language,
 zanamiti means happy birthday
 mitihofze means birthday party
 menahatt means madness

Which word could mean 'happiness'?

- a. hofzehatt
- b. zanahofze
- c. hofzemiti
- d. zanahatt

4. In an artificial language,
 celaprigg means jasmine tea
 celakram means jasmine flavour
 camenbril means guava jam
 Which word could mean 'tea flavour'?
- camenkram
 - priggbril
 - kramcela
 - priggkram
5. If *DANCER* is coded as *FDRHKY*, how can *ABSORB* be written in that code?
- CEWTXI
 - BCUQVF
 - EDTSUD
 - EJFBDG
6. If *BEAD* is coded as 2514, *HIDE* is coded as 8945, how can *CHIEF* be coded in that language?
- 39125
 - 36278
 - 38956
 - 35876
7. If *BIG BAG* is coded as 297 and 217, *DEAD FIG* is coded as 4514 and 697, how can *HIGH IDEA* be coded in that language?
- 8672 and 7963
 - 8978 and 9451
 - 9865 and 7436
 - 9263 and 4915
8. What comes next in the series?
 TTF VVE XXD
- ZZC
 - UUB
 - ZZG
 - YYC

9. Which number comes next?

284 465 646

- a. 947
- b. 827
- c. 857
- d. 927

10. If I _____ you, I would say sorry.

- a. am
- b. was
- c. were
- d. be

11. You _____ touch the exhibits in an antique shop.

- a. won't
- b. mustn't
- c. can't
- d. hadn't

12. When I was younger I _____ remember anything.

- a. would
- b. have
- c. could
- d. shall

13. The sun rises _____ the East.

- a. on
- b. from
- c. in
- d. above

14. Shanghai is _____ the southeast of Beijing.
- a. on
 - b. to
 - c. in
 - d. by
15. Feed your baby _____ the same regular intervals each day.
- a. on
 - b. in
 - c. at
 - d. with
16. The mechanic announced that the engine was _____ repair.
- a. over
 - b. upon
 - c. about
 - d. beyond
17. There _____ not to be much noise in a hospital.
- a. should
 - b. ought
 - c. must
 - d. shall
18. He studies hard so that he _____ serve the people well.
- a. can
 - b. may
 - c. might
 - d. must

19. The news is unexpected, _____, it is true.

- a. however
- b. moreover
- c. nevertheless
- d. otherwise

20. The post office is just _____ the street.

- a. opposite
- b. across
- c. above
- d. beyond

21. Which islands did Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose rename as *Shaheed* and *Swaraj* in 1943?

- a. Lakshadweep and Minicoy
- b. Daman and Diu
- c. Andaman and Nicobar
- d. Basavaraj Durga Islands

22. Which is the deepest place on the Earth?

- a. Grand Canyon
- b. Mariana Trench
- c. Lake Baikal
- d. Milwaukee Deep

23. Which oriental nation does not use chopsticks?

- a. Japan
- b. South Korea
- c. Thailand
- d. China

24. The year 2018 in Chinese zodiac is the year of ____ .

28.

- a. Dragon
- b. Dog
- c. Horse
- d. Rabbit

29

25. In the Second World War, Japan attacked Pearl Harbour on

- a. 15 February 1942
- b. 8 December 1941
- c. 1 January 1943
- d. 18 March 1944

26. Which parallel divides North Korea and South Korea?

- a. 27th
- b. 23rd
- c. 38th
- d. 42nd

27. Doklam is situated in the tri-junction of ____ .

- a. Bhutan, Nepal and China
- b. India, China and Nepal
- c. India, China and Bhutan
- d. India, Pakistan and China

28. Which country is known for having invented paper, printing and magnetic compass?
- Korea
 - China
 - Japan
 - England
29. What is the name of the Korean script?
- Hanja
 - Hangeul
 - Amharic
 - Kanji
30. Who was the first Japanese author to receive the Nobel Prize for literature?
- Oe Kenzaburo
 - Kazuo Ishiguro
 - Kawabata Yasunari
 - Murakami Haruki
31. Who composed the national song *Vande Mataram*?
- Rabindranath Tagore
 - Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay
 - Kazi Nazrul Islam
 - Dwijendralal Ray
32. Tenali Raman was a famous jester poet in the kingdom of ____ .
- Vijayanagara
 - Krishnanagar
 - Travancore
 - Mysore



33. Which of the following names is **not** associated with the name Ooty?

37.

- a. Ottakalmandu
- b. Udumalaipettai
- c. Udagamandalam
- d. Ootacamund

31

34. Who was **not** a painter of India?

- a. Ramkinkar Baij
- b. Nandalal Bose
- c. Jamini Roy
- d. Manohar Aich

35. Who calculated the height of Mount Everest?

- a. Ramgopal Ghosh
- b. Rashbehari Bose
- c. Radhanath Sikdar
- d. Tenzing Norgay

36. The expressions *Jhala* and *Antara* belong to the discipline of

- a. painting
- b. music
- c. architecture
- d. astronomy

37. Who invented the *Crescograph*, a pioneering discovery in plant physiology?
- a. Satyendranath Bose
 - b. Jagadish Chandra Bose
 - c. Prafulla Chandra Ray
 - d. Shibnath Shastri
38. The throne of the Emperor of Japan is known as
- a. Chrysanthemum throne
 - b. Cherry blossom throne
 - c. Orchid throne
 - d. The throne of the Rising Sun
39. Colloquially known as Bullet Train, what does the word *Shinkansen* mean?
- a. High-Speed Super Rail
 - b. Super-Speed Maglev Rail
 - c. New Super-Express Line
 - d. New Trunk Line
40. The National Flag of which country literally means the 'Supreme Ultimate Flag' and is marked with the Yin-Yang symbols?
- a. Bhutan
 - b. North Korea
 - c. South Korea
 - d. Cambodia

Read the following three passages and choose the correct answers :

1×10=10

Passage-1

The major socio-economic problem being faced by India is 'Poverty'. Even after seven decades of independence, the country is still fighting against this social evil of poverty. It is estimated that nearly one-third of Indian population of 1.21 billion, i.e., nearly 426 millions of people are living below poverty line. Many go without a meal a day. Though governments are struggling hard to eradicate poverty, the increasing population and mismanagement of government schemes, have fuelled the growth of poverty. The population is growing at an alarming rate. In last ten years the population has grown by 0.20 billion. The positive effects of development are nullified by increase in population. Hence there is an urgent need to curtail population growth, by adopting strict family planning programmes by government.

41. According to the passage, what is the biggest obstacle in the path of development?

- a. Strict family planning programmes
- b. Seven decades of independence
- c. The alarming growth of population
- d. Doling out of mid-day meals

42. According to this passage, the most pressing need is to curtail

- a. family planning programmes
- b. population growth
- c. government schemes
- d. mid-day meals

Passage-2

Marie Curie was one of the most accomplished scientists in history. Together with her husband, Pierre, she discovered radium, an element widely used for treating cancer, and studied uranium and other radioactive substances. Pierre and Marie's amicable collaboration later helped to unlock the secrets of the atom.

Marie was born in 1867 in Warsaw, Poland, where her father was a professor of physics. At an early age, she displayed a brilliant mind and a blithe personality. Her great exuberance for learning prompted her to continue with her studies after high school. She became disgruntled, however, when she learned that the university in Warsaw was closed to women. Determined to receive a higher education, she defiantly left Poland and in 1891 entered the Sorbonne, a French university, where she earned her master's degree and doctorate in physics. Marie was fortunate to have studied at the Sorbonne with some of the greatest scientists of her day, one of whom was Pierre Curie. Marie and Pierre were married in 1895 and spent many productive years working together in the physics laboratory. A short time after they discovered radium, Pierre was killed by a horse-drawn wagon in 1906. Marie was stunned by this horrible misfortune and endured heartbreaking anguish. Despondently she recalled their close relationship and the joy that they had shared in scientific research. The fact that she had two young daughters to raise by herself greatly increased her distress. Curie's feeling of desolation finally began to fade when she was asked to succeed her husband as a physics professor at the Sorbonne. She was the first woman to be given a professorship at the world famous university. In 1911, she received the Nobel Prize in chemistry for isolating radium. Although Marie Curie eventually suffered a fatal illness from her long exposure to radium, she never became disillusioned about her work. Regardless of the consequences, she had dedicated herself to science and to revealing the mysteries of the physical world.

43. According to the passage, what did Marie Curie discover?

- a. Polonium
- b. Neptunium
- c. Helium
- d. Radium

- 44.** What was Marie Curie by birth?
- a. French
 - b. Swiss
 - c. Polish
 - d. German
- 45.** How old was Marie Curie when she got married?
- a. 24
 - b. 30
 - c. 27
 - d. 28
- 46.** How old was Marie Curie when she won the Nobel Prize?
- a. 40
 - b. 44
 - c. 34
 - d. 47
- 47.** After serving as a Professor at Sorbonne, in which category did Marie Curie win the Nobel Prize?
- a. Mathematics
 - b. Chemistry
 - c. Physics
 - d. Physiotherapy

Passage-3

One of the most intriguing stories of the Russian Revolution concerns the identity of Anastasia, the youngest daughter of Czar Nicholas II. During his reign over Russia, the Czar had planned to revoke many of the harsh laws established by previous Czars. Some workers and peasants, however, clamored for more rapid social reform. In 1918, a group of these people known as Bolsheviks overthrew the government. On July 17 or 18, they murdered the Czar and what was thought to be his entire family. Although witnesses vouched that all the members of the Czar's family had been executed, there were rumors suggesting that Anastasia had survived. Over the years, a number of women claimed to be Grand Duchess Anastasia. Perhaps the most famous claimant was Anastasia Tschaikovsky, who was also known as Anna Anderson. In 1920, 18 months after the Czar's execution, this terrified young woman was rescued from drowning in a Berlin river. She spent two years in a hospital, where she attempted to reclaim her health and shattered mind. The doctors and nurses thought that she resembled Anastasia and questioned her about her background. She disclaimed any connection with the Czar's family. Eight years later, however, she claimed that she was Anastasia. She said that she had been rescued by two Russian soldiers after the Czar and the rest of her family had been killed. Two brothers named Tschaikovsky had carried her into Romania. She had married one of the brothers, who had taken her to Berlin and left her there, penniless and without a vocation. Unable to invoke the aid of her mother's family in Germany, she had tried to drown herself. During the next few years, scores of the Czar's relatives, ex-servants, and acquaintances interviewed her. Many of these people said that her looks and mannerisms were evocative of the Anastasia that they had known. Her grandmother and other relatives denied that she was the real Anastasia, however. Tired of being accused of fraud, Anastasia immigrated to the United States in 1928 and took the name Anna Anderson. She still wished to prove that she was Anastasia, though, and returned to Germany in 1933 to bring suit against her mother's family. There she declaimed to the court, asserting that she was indeed Anastasia and deserved her inheritance. In 1957, the court decided that it could neither confirm nor deny Anastasia's identity. Although it will probably never be known whether this woman was the grand Duchess Anastasia, her search to establish her identity has been the subject of numerous books, plays, and movies.

48. Where was Anastasia abandoned penniless?

- a. United States
- b. Russia
- c. Romania
- d. Germany

49. Who killed the Czar Nicholas II?

- a. Bolsheviks
- b. Mensheviks
- c. Tchaikovsky brothers
- d. Andersons

50. When was Anastasia discharged from the hospital?

- a. 1933
- b. 1928
- c. 1922
- d. 1920

1×10=10

Choose the appropriate prepositions to fill in the blanks :

51. _____ every three people who agree, you'll find five who don't.

- a. With
- b. For
- c. Within
- d. Across

52. He has gained a lot of weight _____ not doing any exercise.

- a. over
- b. for
- c. from
- d. because

53. Would you like me to help you _____ the street?

- a. beyond
- b. around
- c. over
- d. across

54. Trash and food were strewn _____ the room.

- a. about
- b. out
- c. over
- d. within

55. I did it _____ of a sense of duty.
- a. because
 - b. out
 - c. under
 - d. due
56. Almost half their sales are now made _____ the Internet.
- a. around
 - b. over
 - c. across
 - d. within
57. How would they get _____ the new tax laws?
- a. around
 - b. under
 - c. within
 - d. across
58. Simon has come _____ attack for his recent remarks.
- a. beneath
 - b. against
 - c. under
 - d. over
59. The machine is not being operated _____ safety guidelines.
- a. without
 - b. within
 - c. under
 - d. around
60. In just six years, the town had changed _____ all recognition.
- a. in
 - b. beyond
 - c. from
 - d. without

SECTION—B

(Marks : 40)

All questions are compulsory

- 61.** Follow the coded language below and convert the following signs into sentences according to the context and their given meanings : 3×5=15

The key to certain sign-words are as follows :

→ = I; ↔ = to; ≡ = everyday; / = to go; ∩ = school; √ = to wake up; L = at, in; ◇ = sweet; ↓ = he; | = five; || = ten; † = twelve; ← = you; △ = market; * = hour/o'clock; ≈ = to study; ∞ = be able to; ‡ = shop; ♀/♀ = and/with; ↑ = she; r = today.

(a) ↑ / ↔ △ ≡ L || ♀ ↔ ∩ ≈ L || || *

.....

.....

(b) ← ∞ √ → r L | ♀ ≡ L | || * ?

.....

.....

(c) ↓ / ∩ ♀ ≈ † * ≡ ♀ →

.....

.....

(d) ← ∞ / ↔ ◇ ‡ L △ r L † || * ?

.....

.....

(e) r ↓ ∞ √ ← ♀ ∞ / ↔ ∩ ♀ ←

.....

.....

62. Write the full forms of the following :

1×10=10

(a) APEC

.....

(b) OBOR

.....

(c) ASEAN

.....

(d) BCIM

.....

(e) SCO

.....

(f) WWW

.....

(g) GST

.....

(h) ICBM

.....

(i) DRDO

.....

(j) ADIZ

.....

- 63.** What is the objective behind your choosing to study a foreign language at the undergraduate level? How did you get interested in the language of your choice? What do you think about the future benefits of learning the language you have chosen? How do you think you can contribute for your society after studying a foreign language? (Write in 150 words) 10

64. Look at the picture below and write your thoughts on it—in the form of a short essay (in 100 words) :

5

