- The speed of a swimmer in still water is 20 m/s. The speed of river water is 10 m/s and is flowing due east. If he is standing on the south bank and wishes to cross the river along the shortest path, the angle at which he should make his strokes w.r.t. north is given by:
 - (1) 30° west
 - (2) 0°
 - (3) 60° west
 - (4) 45° west



 In an experiment, the percentage of error occurred in the measurement of physical quantities A, B, C and D are 1%, 2%, 3% and 4% respectively. Then the maximum percentage of error in the

measurement X, where $X = \frac{A^2 B^{\frac{1}{2}}}{C^{\frac{1}{3}} D^3}$, will be:

- $(1) \qquad \left(\frac{3}{13}\right)\%$
- the state
- (2) 16%
- (3) -10%
- (4) 10%
- In total internal reflection when the angle of incidence is equal to the critical angle for the pair of media in contact, what will be angle of refraction?
 - (1) 180°
 - (2) 0°
 - (3) equal to angle of incidence

(A) 90°

- 4. A block of mass 10 kg is in contact against the inner wall of a hollow cylindrical drum of radius 1 m. The coefficient of friction between the block and the inner wall of the cylinder is 0.1. The minimum angular velocity needed for the cylinder to keep the block stationary when the cylinder is vertical and rotating about its axis, will be: (g=10 m/s²)
 - (1) $\sqrt{10}$ rad/s
 - (2) $\frac{10}{2\pi}$ rad/s
 - (3) 10 rad/s
 - (4) 10 π rad/s

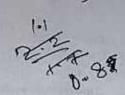
- 5. For a p-type semiconductor, which of the following statements is true?
 - Electrons are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
 - (2) Holes are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
 - (3) Holes are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
 - Electrons are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
- 6. The total energy of an electron in an atom in an orbit is -3.4 eV. Its kinetic and potential energies are, respectively:
 - (1) -3.4 eV, -3.4 eV
 - (2) −3.4 eV, −6.8 eV
 - (3) 3.4 eV, −6.8 eV
 - (4) 3.4 eV, 3.4 eV
- 7. A copper rod of 88 cm and an aluminium rod of unknown length have their increase in length independent of increase in temperature. The length of aluminium rod is : $(\alpha_{Cu} = 1.7 \times 10^{-5} \, \mathrm{K}^{-1})$ and $\alpha_{Al} = 2.2 \times 10^{-5} \, \mathrm{K}^{-1})$
 - (1) 6.8 cm
 - (2) 113.9 cm
 - (3) 88 cm
 - -(4) 68 cm
- 8. A small hole of area of cross-section 2 mm² is present near the bottom of a fully filled open tank of height 2 m. Taking g = 10 m/s², the rate of flow of water through the open hole would be nearly:
 - (1) $12.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
 - (2) $8.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
 - (3) $2.23 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
 - (4) $6.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- 9. When a block of mass M is suspended by a long wire of length L, the length of the wire becomes (L+l). The elastic potential energy stored in the extended wire is:
 - (1) Mgl
 - (2) MgL

 $\frac{1}{2} \text{ Mg}l$

(4) $\frac{1}{2}$ MgL

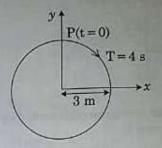
10. Two particles A and B are moving in uniform circular motion in concentric circles of radii r_A and r_B with speed v_A and v_B respectively. Their time period of rotation is the same. The ratio of angular speed of A to that of B will be:





- 11. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance 20 μF is being charged by a voltage source whose potential is changing at the rate of 3 V/s. The conduction current through the connecting wires, and the displacement current through the plates of the capacitor, would be, respectively:
 - (1) zero, 60 μA
 - (2) 60 μA, 60 μA
 - (3) 60 μA, zero
 - (4) zero, zero
- 12. A 800 turn coil of effective area 0.05 m² is kept perpendicular to a magnetic field 5×10⁻⁵ T. When the plane of the coil is rotated by 90° around any of its coplanar axis in 0.1 s, the emf induced in the coil will be:
 - (1) 2 V
 - (2) 0.2 V
 - (3) 2×10⁻³ V
 - (4) 0.02 V
- 13. The unit of thermal conductivity is:
 - (1) J m K-1
 - (2) J m 1 K 1
 - (3) W m K-1
 - (4) W m-1 K-1

 The radius of circle, the period of revolution, initial position and sense of revolution are indicated in the fig.



y - projection of the radius vector of rotating particle P is :

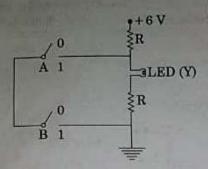
- (1) $y(t) = -3\cos 2\pi t$, where y in m
- (2) $y(t) = 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$, where y in m
- (3) $y(t) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{3\pi t}{2}\right)$, where y in m
- (4) $y(t) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$, where y in m
- 15. The displacement of a particle executing simple harmonic motion is given by

 $y = A_0 + A \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t$.

Then the amplitude of its oscillation is given by:

$$S_{(1)} = A_0 + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$

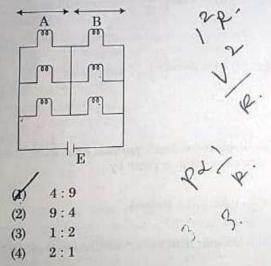
- (2) $\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$
- (3) $\sqrt{A_0^2 + (A+B)^2}$
- (4) A+B



The correct Boolean operation represented by the circuit diagram drawn is:

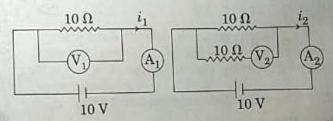
- (1) AND
- (2) OR
- (3) NAND
- (4) NOR
- Six similar bulbs are connected as shown in the figure with a DC source of emf E, and zero internal resistance.

The ratio of power consumption by the bulbs when (i) all are glowing and (ii) in the situation when two from section A and one from section B are glowing, will be:



- 18. A hollow metal sphere of radius R is uniformly charged. The electric field due to the sphere at a distance r from the centre:
 - (1) $\int \frac{1}{r} dr = R$ increases for r < R and for
 - zero as r increases for r < R, decreases as r increases for r > R
 - (3) zero as r increases for r < R, increases as r increases for r > R
 - (4) decreases as r increases for r < R and for r > R

- 19. The work done to raise a mass m from the surface of the earth to a height h, which is equal to the radius of the earth, is:
 - (1) mgR
 - (2) 2 mgR
 - (3) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ mgR}$
 - (4) $\frac{3}{2}$ mgR
- 20. An electron is accelerated through a potential difference of 10,000 V. Its de Broglie wavelength is, (nearly): $(m_e = 9 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg})$
 - (1) $12.2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $12.2 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) 12.2×10⁻¹⁴ m
 - (4) 12.2 nm
- 21. In a double slit experiment, when light of wavelength 400 nm was used, the angular width of the first minima formed on a screen placed 1 m away, was found to be 0.2°. What will be the angular width of the first minima, if the entire experimental apparatus is immersed in water? (μ_{water} = 4/3)
 - (1) 0.266°
 - (2) 0.15°
 - (3) 0.05°
 - (4) 0.1°
- 22. In the circuits shown below, the readings of the voltmeters and the ammeters will be:

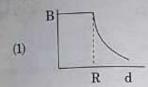


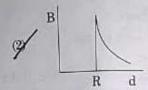
Circuit 1

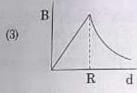
Circuit 2

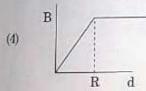
- (1) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 = i_2$
- (2) $V_1 = V_2$ and $i_1 > i_2$
- (3) $V_1 = V_2$ and $i_1 = i_2$
- (4) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 > i_2$

- A body weighs 200 N on the surface of the earth. How much will it weigh half way down to the centre of the earth?
 - 150 N (1)
 - 200 N (2)
 - 250 N
 - (3) 100 N
- A cylindrical conductor of radius R is carrying a 24. constant current. The plot of the magnitude of the magnetic field, B with the distance, d, from the centre of the conductor, is correctly represented by the figure :









- lonized hydrogen atoms and α -particles with same 25. momenta enters perpendicular to a constant magnetic field, B. The ratio of their radii of their paths r_H: r_a will be:
 - (1) 2:1
 - (2)1:2
 - (3) 4:1
 - (4) 1:4
- Which of the following acts as a circuit protection device?
 - (1) conductor
 - (2)inductor
 - (3) switch
 - fuse

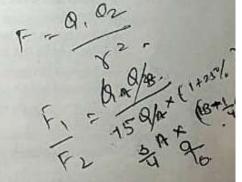
- Two parallel infinite line charges with linear 27. charge densities + λ C/m and - λ C/m are placed at a distance of 2R in free space. What is the electric field mid-way between the two line charges?
 - (1) zero
 - $\frac{2\lambda}{\pi \epsilon_0 R}$ N/C
 - $\frac{\lambda}{\pi \epsilon_0 R}$ N/C
 - (4) $\frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 R}$ N/C
- A disc of radius 2 m and mass 100 kg rolls on a 28. horizontal floor. Its centre of mass has speed of 20 cm/s. How much work is needed to stop it?
 - 3J(1)
 - 30 kJ (2)
 - 2J(3)
 - 1J(4)
- α-particle consists of: 29.
 - 2 protons and 2 neutrons only
 - 2 electrons, 2 protons and 2 neutrons (2)
 - 2 electrons and 4 protons only (3)
 - (4) 2 protons only
- Two point charges A and B, having charges 30. +Q and -Q respectively, are placed at certain distance apart and force acting between them is F. If 25% charge of A is transferred to B, then force between the charges becomes:







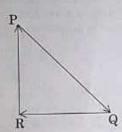
4F (4)

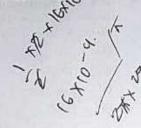


- 31. Which colour of the light has the longest wavelength?
 - (1) red
 - (2) blue
 - (3) green
 - (4) violet

4/3

- 82. When an object is shot from the bottom of a long smooth inclined plane kept at an angle 60° with horizontal, it can travel a distance x_1 along the plane. But when the inclination is decreased to 30° and the same object is shot with the same velocity, it can travel x_2 distance. Then $x_1: x_2$ will be:
 - (1) 1:√2
 - (2) $\sqrt{2}:1$
 - W 1:√3
 - (4) 1:2√3
- 33. A particle moving with velocity \$\vec{V}\$ is acted by three forces shown by the vector triangle PQR. The velocity of the particle will:





- (1) increase
- (2) decrease
- (3) remain constant
- (4) change according to the smallest force QR
- At a point A on the earth's surface the angle of dip, $\delta = +25^{\circ}$. At a point B on the earth's surface the angle of dip, $\delta = -25^{\circ}$. We can interpret that:
 - (1) A and B are both located in the northern hemisphere.
 - (2) A is located in the southern hemisphere and B is located in the northern hemisphere.
 - A is located in the northern hemisphere and B is located in the southern hemisphere.
 - (4) A and B are both located in the southern hemisphere.
- 35. A force F = 20 + 10y acts on a particle in y-direction where F is in newton and y in meter. Work done by this force to move the particle from y=0 to y=1 m is:
 - (1) 30 J (2) 5 J
 - 3 25 J
 - (4) 20 J

36. A mass m is attached to a thin wire and whirled in a vertical circle. The wire is most likely to break when:

41

- (1) the mass is at the highest point
- (2) the wire is horizontal
- (3) the mass is at the lowest point
- (4) inclined at an angle of 60° from vertical
- 37. A solid cylinder of mass 2 kg and radius 4 cm is rotating about its axis at the rate of 3 rpm. The torque required to stop after 2π revolutions is:
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N m}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{N} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $12 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N m}$
 - (4) 2×10⁶ N m
- 38. In which of the following devices, the eddy current effect is **not** used?
 - (1) induction furnace
 - (2) magnetic braking in train
 - (3) electromagnet
 - (4) electric heater
- 39. Body A of mass 4m moving with speed u collides with another body B of mass 2m, at rest. The collision is head on and elastic in nature. After the collision the fraction of energy lost by the colliding body A is:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{9}$
 - (2) $\frac{8}{9}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{9}$
 - (4) $\frac{5}{9}$
 - 40. Average velocity of a particle executing SHM in one complete vibration is:
 - (1) $\frac{A\omega}{2}$
 - (2) Aω
 - (3) $\frac{A\omega^2}{2}$
 - (4) zero

- 41. Pick the wrong answer in the context with rainbow.
 - (I) When the light rays undergo two internal reflections in a water drop, a secondary rainbow is formed.
 - (2) The order of colours is reversed in the secondary rainbow.
 - An observer can see a rainbow when his front is towards the sun.
 - (4) Rainbow is a combined effect of dispersion, refraction and reflection of sunlight.
- 42 Two similar thin equi-convex lenses, of focal length feach, are kept coaxially in contact with each other such that the focal length of the combination is F₁. When the space between the two lenses is filled with glycerin (which has the same refractive index (μ = 1.5) as that of glass) then the equivalent focal length is F₂. The ratio F₁: F₂ will be;
 - (1) 2:1
 - (2) 1:2
 - (3) 2:3
 - (4) 3:4
- 43. A soap bubble, having radius of 1 mm, is blown from a detergent solution having a surface tension of 2.5×10^{-2} N/m. The pressure inside the bubble equals at a point Z_0 below the free surface of water in a container. Taking g=10 m/s², density of water $=10^3$ kg/m³, the value of Z_0 is:
 - (I) 100 cm
 - (2) 10 cm
 - (3) 1 cm
 - (4) 0.5 cm

In which of the following processes, heat is neither absorbed nor released by a system?

- (x) isothermal
- (2) adiabatic
- (3) isobaric
- (4) isochoric
- 45. Increase in temperature of a gas filled in a container would lead to:
 - (1) increase in its mass
 - increase in its kinetic energy
 - (3) decrease in its pressure
 - (4) decrease in intermolecular distance

Thiobacillus is a group of bacteria helpful in carrying out:

- (1) Nitrogen fixation
- (c) Chemoautotrophic fixation
- (3) Nitrification
- (4) Denitrification



From evolutionary point of view, retention of the female gametophyte with developing young embryo on the parent sporophyte for some time, is first observed in:

- (1) Liverworts
- (2) Mosses
- (7) Pteridophytes
- (4) Gymnosperms

Which of the following is the most important cause for animals and plants being driven to extinction?

- Habitat loss and fragmentation
- (2) Drought and floods
- (3) Economic exploitation
- (4) Alien species invasion

Xylem translocates:

- (1) Water only
- (2) Water and mineral salts only
- Water, mineral salts and some organic nitrogen only
- (4) Water, mineral salts, some organic nitrogen and hormones

56. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Cornea is an external, transparent and protective proteinacious covering of the eye-ball.
 - (2) Cornea consists of dense connective tissue of elastin and can repair itself.
- (3) Cornea is convex, transparent layer which is highly vascularised.
- (4) Cornea consists of dense matrix of collagen and is the most sensitive portion of the eye.

Persistent nucellus in the seed is known as:

- (1) Chalaza
- (2) Perisperm
 - (3) Hilum
- (4) Tegmen

(2)

(8)

Deletion of GGU from 7th, 8th and 9th

positions

Wildlife Sanctuary

Botanical Garden

Sacred Grove



Consider following features:

- (a) Organ system level of organisation
- (b) Bilateral symmetry
- (c) True coelomates with segmentation of body

Select the **correct** option of animal groups which possess all the above characteristics.

- Annelida, Arthropoda and Chordata
- (2) Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca
- (3) Arthropoda, Mollusca and Chordata
- (4) Annelida, Mollusca and Chordata

The ciliated epithelial cells are required to move particles or mucus in a specific direction. In humans, these cells are mainly present in:

- (1) Bile duct and Bronchioles
- (2) Fallopian tubes and Pancreatic duct
- (3) Eustachian tube and Salivary duct
- Bronchioles and Fallopian tubes

What is the site of perception of photoperiod necessary for induction of flowering in plants?

- (1) Lateral buds
- (2) Pulvinus
- (3) Shoot apex
- (Leaves

Match the hominids with their correct brain

- (a) Homo habilis
- (i) 900 cc
- (b) Homo neanderthalensis (ii)
- (ii) 1350 cc
- (c) Homo erectus
- (iii) 650 800 cc
- (d) Homo sapiens
- (iv) 1400 cc

Select the correct option.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c) (d)
- (I) (iii)

(2)

(3)

- (i)
- (iv)
- (iii) (ii)
- (i)
- (iii)
- (iv)

(iii)

- (i)
- (4)
- (iv)
- (i)
- (ii)

(ii)

(iv)

(ii)

In Antirrhinum (Snapdragon), a red flower was crossed with a white flower and in F₁ generation, pink flowers were obtained. When pink flowers were selfed, the F₂ generation showed white, red and pink flowers. Choose the incorrect statement from the following:

- (1) This experiment does not follow the Principle of Dominance.
- (2) Pink colour in F₁ is due to incomplete dominance.
- (3) Ratio of F_2 is $\frac{1}{4}$ (Red): $\frac{2}{4}$ (Pink): $\frac{1}{4}$ (White)
- Law of Segregation does not apply in this experiment.

Which of these following methods is the most suitable for disposal of nuclear waste?

- (1) Shoot the waste into space
- (2) Bury the waste under Antarctic ice-cover
- (3) Dump the waste within rocks under deep ocean
- Bury the waste within rocks deep below the Earth's surface



Drug called 'Heroin' is synthesized by :

- (1) methylation of morphine
- acetylation of morphine
- (3) glycosylation of morphine
- (4) nitration of morphine

Use of an artificial kidney during hemodialysis may result in:

- (a) Nitrogenous waste build-up in the body
- (b) Non-elimination of excess potassium ions
- Reduced absorption of calcium ions from gastro-intestinal tract
- (d) Reduced RBC production

Which of the following options is the most appropriate?

- (1) (a) and (b) are correct
- (2) (b) and (c) are correct
- (3) (c) and (d) are correct
- (4) (a) and (d) are correct

What is the genetic disorder in which an individual has an overall masculine development, gynaecomastia, and is sterile?

(1) Turner's syndrome

Klinefelter's syndrome

- (3) Edward syndrome
- (4) Down's syndrome

73. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Morels and truffles are edible delicacies.
- (2) Claviceps is a source of many alkaloids and LSD.
- Conidia are produced exogenously and ascospores endogenously.
- Yeasts have filamentous bodies with long thread-like hyphae.

Which of the following ecological pyramids is generally inverted?

- (1) Pyramid of numbers in grassland
- (2) Pyramid of energy
- (3) Pyramid of biomass in a forest
- (W Pyramid of biomass in a sea

Select the correct sequence for transport of sperm cells in male reproductive system.

- (1) Testis → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia → Rete testis→Inguinal canal → Urethra
- Seminiferous tubules → Rete testis
 → Vasa efferentia → Epididymis
 → Vas deferens → Ejaculatory duct
 → Urethra → Urethral meatus
 - Seminiferous tubules → Vasa efferentia
 - → Epididymis → Inguinal canal
 - → Urethra

(3)

- (4) Testis → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia
 - → Vas deferens → Ejaculatory duct
 - \rightarrow Inguinal canal \rightarrow Urethra
 - → Urethral meatus

76. Which of the following protocols did aim for reducing emission of chlorofluorocarbons into the atmosphere?

- (1) Montreal Protocol
- Kyoto Protocol
- (3) Gothenburg Protocol
 - (4) Geneva Protocol

The correct sequence of phases of cell cycle is;

- (1) $M \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow S$
- (2) $G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow S \rightarrow M$
- (3) $S \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$
- $G_1 \rightarrow S \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$

What is the fate of the male gametes discharged in the synergid?

- One fuses with the egg, other(s) degenerate(s) in the synergid.
- (2) All fuse with the egg.
- (3) One fuses with the egg, other(s) fuse(s) with synergid nucleus.
- One fuses with the egg and other fuses with central cell nuclei.

79. Which of the following pair of organelles does not contain DNA?

- (1) Mitochondria and Lysosomes
- (2) Chloroplast and Vacuoles
- Lysosomes and Vacuoles
- (4) Nuclear envelope and Mitochondria

Which of the following glucose transporters is insulin-dependent?

- (1) GLUT I
- (2) GLUT II
- (3) GLUT III
- (4) GLUTIV

Conversion of glucose to glucose-6-phosphate, the first irreversible reaction of glycolysis, is catalyzed by:

- (1) Aldolase
- Hexokinase
- (3) Enolase
- (4) Phosphofructokinase

Variations caused by mutation, as proposed by Hugo de Vries, are :

- (1) random and directional
- (2) random and directionless
- (3) small and directional
- (4) small and directionless



Which of the following statements	regarding
mitochondria is incorrect?	earning

- Outer membrane is permeable to monomers (1) of carbohydrates, fats and proteins.
- Enzymes of electron transport are embedded in outer membrane.
- Inner membrane is convoluted with (3) infoldings.
- Mitochondrial matrix contains single (4) circular DNA molecule and ribosomes.

Select the correct sequence of organs in the alimentary canal of cockroach starting from mouth:

- Pharynx → Oesophagus → Crop → 41) Gizzard → Heum → Colon → Rectum
- Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → (2) $Crop \rightarrow Ileum \rightarrow Colon \rightarrow Rectum$
- Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → (3) $\text{Heum} \to \text{Crop} \to \text{Colon} \to \text{Rectum}$
- Pharynx → Oesophagus → Ileum → (4) Crop → Gizzard → Colon → Rectum

Select the hormone-releasing Intra-Uterine Devices.

- W Vaults, LNG-20
- Multiload 375, Progestasert (2)
- Progestasert, LNG-20 (3)
- Lippes Loop, Multiload 375 (4)

Concanavalin A is:

- an alkaloid
- an essential oil (2)
- (3)a lectin
- (4) a pigment

DNA precipitation out of a mixture of biomolecules can be achieved by treatment with:

- (1) Isopropanol
- (2) Chilled ethanol
- Methanol at room temperature (3)
- (4) Chilled chloroform

Which of the following factors is responsible for the formation of concentrated urine?

- Low levels of antidiuretic hormone. K
- Maintaining hyperosmolarity towards inner (2)medullary interstitium in the kidneys.
- erythropoietin (3) Secretion of Juxtaglomerular complex.
- Hydrostatic pressure during glomerular (4) filtration.

What would be the heart rate of a person if the cardiac output is 5 L, blood volume in the ventricles at the end of diastole is 100 mL and at the end of ventricular systole is 50 mL?

- 50 beats per minute
- 75 beats per minute
- 100 beats per minute
- 125 beats per minute (4)

Select the incorrect statement. .90.

- Inbreeding increases homozygosity. (1)
- Inbreeding is essential to evolve purelines (2)in any animal.
- Inbreeding selects harmful recessive genes (3) that reduce fertility and productivity.
- Inbreeding helps in accumulation of superior (4) genes and elimination of undesirable genes.

Match the following genes of the Lac operon with their respective products:

- **B**-galactosidase (1) igene (a)
- Permease (ii) (b) zgene
- Repressor a gene (iii) (c)
- Transacetylase (iv) y gene (d)

Select the correct option.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (iv) (iii) (ii) (1)(i)
- (iv) (2) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (2) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (4)(iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

Which of the following features of genetic code does allow bacteria to produce human insulin by recombinant DNA technology?

- (1)Genetic code is not ambiguous
- (2)Genetic code is redundant
- Lay Genetic code is nearly universal
- (4) Genetic code is specific

Match the following hormones with the respective disease:

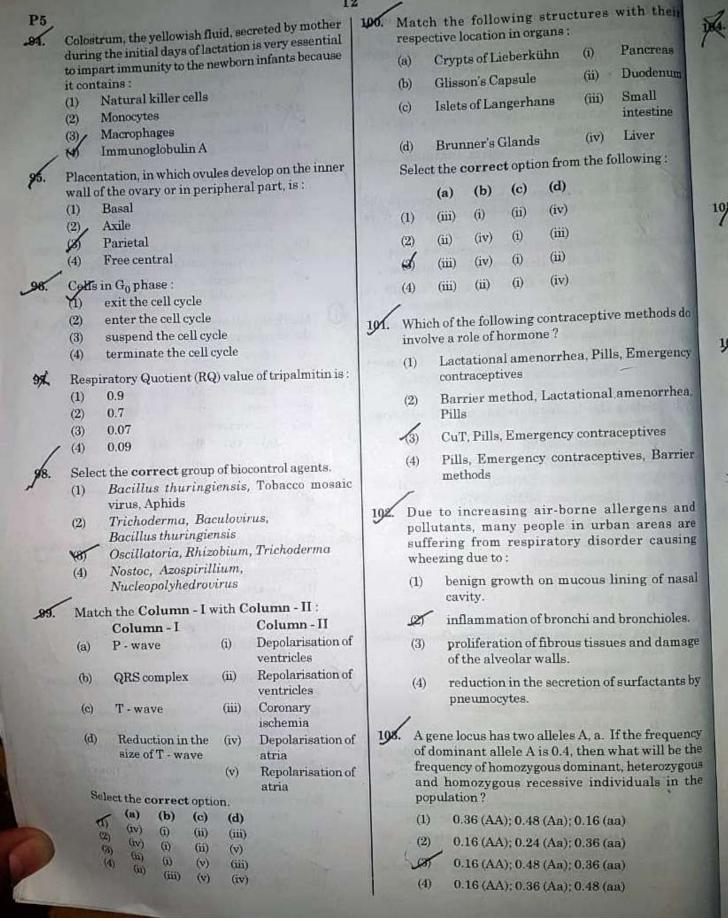
(a) Insulin

92.

- Addison's disease (i)
- (b) Thyroxin
- (ii) Diabetes insipidus
- (c) Corticoids
- (iii) Acromegaly
- Growth Hormone (d)
- (iv) Goitre
 - - Diabetes mellitus (v)

Select the correct option.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (iii) (1)(v) (i) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (ii) (iv) (2)(iv) (i) (iii) (5) (v)
- (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (4)





How does steroid hormone influence the cellular activities?

- Changing the permeability of the cell (1) membrane.
- Binding to DNA and forming a (2) gene-hormone complex.
- Activating cyclic AMP located on the cell (3) membrane.
- Using aquaporin channels as second (4) messenger.

107. In some plants, the female gamete develops into embryo without fertilization. This phenomenon is known as :

- Autogamy (1)
- Parthenocarpy 12
- Syngamy (3)
- Parthenogenesis (4)

106. Which one of the following statements regarding post-fertilization development in flowering plants is incorrect?

- Ovary develops into fruit (1)
- Zygote develops into embryo (2)
- Central cell develops into endosperm (3)
- Ovules develop into embryo sac US

Match the following organisms with the products they produce:

- Lactobacillus (a)
- Cheese (i)
- (b) Saccharomyces cerevisiae
- Curd (ii)
- (c) Aspergillus niger
- Citric Acid (iii)
- (d) Acetobacter aceti
- Bread (iv)
- Acetic Acid (v)

Select the correct option.

(iv)

- (a) (b)
- (d) (c)
- (1) (ii) (iv)

- (iii) (v)
- (ii) (iv)
- (v) (iii)

(i)

- (3) (iii)
- (4) (ii)
- (v) (i) (iii)

106. Tidal Volume and Expiratory Reserve Volume of an athlete is 500 mL and 1000 mL respectively. What will be his Expiratory Capacity if the Residual Volume is 1200 mL?

- (1) 1500 mL
- 1700 mL
- (3)2200 mL
- (4) 2700 mL

198. Purines found both in DNA and RNA are:

- Adenine and thymine (1)
- Adenine and guanine 100
- Guanine and cytosine (3)
- Cytosine and thymine (4)

The frequency of recombination between gene pairs on the same chromosome as a measure of the distance between genes was explained by:

- T.H. Morgan 1
- Gregor J. Mendel (2)
- Alfred Sturtevant (3)
- Sutton Boveri (4)

11. The concept of "Omnis cellula-e cellula" regarding cell division was first proposed by:

- Rudolf Virchow (1)
- Theodore Schwann (24
- Schleiden (3)
- Aristotle

Phloem in gymnosperms lacks:

- Albuminous cells and sieve cells
- Sieve tubes only (2)
- Companion cells only (3)
- Both sieve tubes and companion cells

Match the following organisms with their N/3. respective characteristics:

- Pila (a)
- Flame cells
- (b) Bombyx
- Comb plates
- (c) Pleurobrachia
- (iii) Radula

(ii)

(d)

- (d) Taenia
- (iv) Malpighian

tubules

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (1) (iii) (iii)
- (ii) (i)
 - (iv) (i)
- (3)(ii)

(2)

- (iv) (ii) (iv)
 - (iii) (i)
- (4) (iii)
- (ii) (iv)

It takes very long time for pineapple plants to produce flowers. Which combination of hormones can be applied to artificially induce flowering in pineapple plants throughout the year to increase yield?

- Auxin and Ethylene M
- Gibberellin and Cytokinin (2)
- Gibberellin and Abscisic acid (3)
- Cytokinin and Abscisic acid (4)

P5

Which of the following pairs of gases is mainly responsible for green house effect?

- (1) Ozone and Ammonia
- (2) Oxygen and Nitrogen
- (3) /Nitrogen and Sulphur dioxide
- (A) Carbon dioxide and Methane

116. Which of the following is true for Golden rice?

- It is Vitamin A enriched, with a gene from daffodil.
- (2) It is pest resistant, with a gene from Bacillus thuringiensis.
- (3) It is drought tolerant, developed using Agrobacterium vector.
- (4) It has yellow grains, because of a gene introduced from a primitive variety of rice.

Which of the following immune responses is responsible for rejection of kidney graft?

- (1) Auto-immune response
- (2) Humoral immune response
- (3) Inflammatory immune response
- (2) Cell-mediated immune response

6. Which of the statements given below is not true about formation of Annual Rings in trees?

- Annual ring is a combination of spring wood and autumn wood produced in a year.
- Differential activity of cambium causes light and dark bands of tissue - early and late wood respectively.
- (3) Activity of cambium depends upon variation in climate.
- (4) Annual rings are not prominent in trees of temperate region.

29. What is the direction of movement of sugars in phloem?

- (1) Non-multidirectional
- (2) Upward
- (3) Downward
- Bi-directional

20. Polyblend, a fine powder of recycled modified plastic, has proved to be a good material for:

- (1) making plastic sacks
- (2) use as a fertilizer
- construction of roads
- (4) making tubes and pipes

What map unit (Centimorgan) is adopted in to construction of genetic maps?

- A unit of distance between two express genes, representing 10% cross over.
- (2) A unit of distance between two express genes, representing 100% cross over.
- (3) A unit of distance between genes of chromosomes, representing 1% cross over
- (4) A unit of distance between genes of chromosomes, representing 50% cross over

. Consider the following statements:

- (A) Coenzyme or metal ion that is tightly boun to enzyme protein is called prosthetic group
- (B) A complete catalytic active enzyme with it bound prosthetic group is called apoenzyme

Select the correct option.

- (f) Both (A) and (B) are true.
- (2) (A) is true but (B) is false.
- (3) Both (A) and (B) are false.
- (4) (A) is false but (B) is true.

3. Which of the following can be used as a biocontrol agent in the treatment of plant disease?

- (X) Trichoderma
- (2) Chlorella
- (3) Anabaena
- (4) Lactobacillus

24. Pinus seed cannot germinate and establish without fungal association. This is because:

- its embryo is immature.
- it has obligate association with mycorrhizae
- (3) it has very hard seed coat.
- (4) its seeds contain inhibitors that prevent germination.

Which of the following is a commercial blood cholesterol lowering agent?

- Cyclosporin A
- (2) Statin
- (3) Streptokinase
- (4) Lipases

Identify the correct pair representing the causative agent of typhoid fever and the confirmatory test for typhoid.

- (1) Plasmodium vivax / UTI test
- (2) Streptococcus pneumoniae / Widal test
- (3) Salmonella typhi / Anthrone test
- (A) Salmonella typhi / Widal test

Match Column - I with Column - II. Column - I Column - II

- (a) Saprophyte (i) Symbiotic association of fungi with plant roots
- (b) Parasite (ii) Decomposition of dead organic materials
- (c) Lichens (iii) Living on living plants or animals
- (d) Mycorrhiza (iv) Symbiotic association of algae and fungi

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(b) (c) (d) (a) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (1) (ii)(i) (iii) (iv) (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (3)

(iii)

(ii)

In a species, the weight of newborn ranges from 2 to 5 kg. 97% of the newborn with an average weight between 3 to 3.3 kg survive whereas 99% of the infants born with weights from 2 to 2.5 kg or 4.5 to 5 kg die. Which type of selection process is taking place?

(i)

(iv)

- (1) Directional Selection
- Stabilizing Selection
- (3) Disruptive Selection
- (4) Cyclical Selection
- 129. Following statements describe the characteristics of the enzyme Restriction Endonuclease. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (I) The enzyme cuts DNA molecule at identified position within the DNA.
 - The enzyme binds DNA at specific sites and cuts only one of the two strands.
 - (3) The enzyme cuts the sugar-phosphate backbone at specific sites on each strand.
 - (4) The enzyme recognizes a specific palindromic nucleotide sequence in the DNA.
 - Select the incorrect statement.
 - (l) Male fruit fly is heterogametic.
 - (2) In male grasshoppers, 50% of sperms have no sex-chromosome.
 - (3) In domesticated fowls, sex of progeny depends on the type of sperm rather than egg.
 - (4) Human males have one of their sex-chromosome much shorter than the other.

- 181. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Viroids lack a protein coat.
 - (2) Viruses are obligate parasites.
 - Infective constituent in viruses is the protein coat.
 - (4) Prions consist of abnormally folded proteins.
 - Identify the cells whose secretion protects the lining of gastro-intestinal tract from various enzymes.
 - (1) Chief Cells
 - Goblet Cells
 - (3) Oxyntic Cells
 - (4) Duodenal Cells
- 133. The Earth Summit held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992 was called:
 - to reduce CO₂ emissions and global warming.
 - (2) for conservation of biodiversity and sustainable utilization of its benefits.
 - (3) to assess threat posed to native species by invasive weed species.
 - (4) for immediate steps to discontinue use of CFCs that were damaging the ozone layer.
 - 84. What triggers activation of protoxin to active Bt toxin of Bacillus thuringiensis in boll worm?
 - (1) Body temperature
 - (2) Moist surface of midgut
 - (3) Alkaline pH of gut
 - (4) Acidic pH of stomach
 - 136. Which part of the brain is responsible for thermoregulation?
 - (1) Cerebrum
 - (Z) Hypothalamus
 - (3) Corpus callosum
 - (4) Medulla oblongata

P5 Match the Xenon compounds in Column - I with its structure in Column - II and assign the correct code:

Column - II Column - I pyramidal XeF. (i) square planar XeF₆ (ii) distorted octahedral XeOF. (iii) square pyramidal (d) XeO3 (iv) Code:

(d) (a) (b) (c) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i) (3)(i) (ii) (4) (iii) (iv)

137. Which is the correct thermal stability order for H₂E (E = O, S, Se, Te and Po) ?

 ${
m H_2S} < {
m H_2O} < {
m H_2Se} < {
m H_2Te} < {
m H_2Po}$

H₂O < H₂S < H₂Se < H₂Te < H₂Po

 $H_2P_0 < H_2T_0 < H_2S_0 < H_2S < H_2O$

(4) H₂Se < H₂Te < H₂Po < H₂O < H₂S

Among the following, the reaction that proceeds through an electrophilic substitution, is:

 $(1) \qquad \qquad N_2^+ Cl^- \xrightarrow{Cu_2Cl_2} \qquad N_2^+ Cl^- Cu_2Cl_2 \qquad N_2^+ Cl^- Cu_2Cl_2$

(2)
$$\sim$$
 + $\operatorname{Cl}_2 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{AlCl}_3}$ \sim - Cl + HCl

(3)
$$\longrightarrow$$
 + $Cl_2 \xrightarrow{UV \text{ light}}$ $Cl \xrightarrow{Cl}$ Cl Cl

49. Enzymes that utilize ATP in phosphate transfer require an alkaline earth metal (M) as the cofactor. Mis:

> (1) Be (25 (3) Ca (4) Sr

148. Which of the following reactions disproportionation reaction?

(a) $\sqrt{2}Cu^+ \rightarrow Cu^{2+} + Cu^0$

(b) $\sqrt{3}\text{MnO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{MnO}_4^- + \text{MnO}_2 + 2\text{H}_4$

144.

145.

 $2KMnO_4 \xrightarrow{\Delta} K_2MnO_4 + MnO_2 + 0$

 $2MnO_4^- + 3Mn^{2+} + 2H_2O \rightarrow 5MnO_2 + 4H_2O \rightarrow 5MnO_2 +$ (d)

Select the correct option from the following

(a) and (b) only

(a), (b) and (c)

(a), (c) and (d) (3)

(a) and (d) only (4)

The method used to remove temporary hardne 141. of water is:

> Calgon's method (1)

Clark's method (2)

Ion-exchange method (3)

Synthetic resins method (4)

142. For the chemical reaction

 $N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3(g)$

the correct option is:

(1)
$$-\frac{1}{3}\frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2}\frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$$

(2)
$$-\frac{d[N_2]}{dt} = 2 \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$$

$$6) - \frac{d[N_2]}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$$

(4)
$$3\frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = 2\frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$$

For the second period elements the correct increasing order of first ionisation enthalpy is

Li < Be < B < C < N < O < F < Ne

Li < B < Be < C < O < N < F < Ne

Li < B < Be < C < N < O < F < Ne (3)

(4) Li < Be < B < C < O < N < F < Ne 144. For a cell involving one electron Eel = 0.59-V at 298 K, the equilibrium constant for the cell reaction

= 0.059 V at T = 298 K Given that

 1.0×10^{2} (1)

ate

20

l (i)

- 1.0×10^{5} (2)
- 1.0×10^{10} (3)
- 1.0×10^{30} (4)

145. The manganate and permanganate ions are tetrahedral, due to :

- The π -bonding involves overlap of p-orbitals (1) of oxygen with d-orbitals of manganese
- There is no \u03c4-bonding (2)
- The π -bonding involves overlap of p-orbitals (3)of oxygen with p-orbitals of manganese
- The m-bonding involves overlap of d-orbitals (4) of oxygen with d-orbitals of manganese

146. The number of moles of hydrogen molecules required to produce 20 moles of ammonia through Haber's process is:

- (1) 10
- 20

147. A gas at 350 K and 15 bar has molar volume 20 percent smaller than that for an ideal gas under the same conditions. The correct option about the gas and its compressibility factor (Z) is:

- Z>1 and attractive forces are dominant (I)
- Z>1 and repulsive forces are dominant
- Z < 1 and attractive forces are dominant
- Z<1 and repulsive forces are dominant

Which will make basic buffer?

- 50 mL of 0.1 M NaOH+25 mL of 0.1 M CH3COOH
- 100 mL of 0.1 M CH3COOH + 100 mL of 0.1 M NaOH
- 100 mL of 0.1 M HCl+200 mL of (3) 0.1 M NH₄OH
- 100 mL of 0.1 M HCl+100 mL of 0.1 M (4) NaOH

148. If the rate constant for a first order reaction is k, the time (t) required for the completion of 99% of the reaction is given by :

- t = 0.693/k(1)
- (2)t = 6.909/k
- t = 4.606/k
- t = 2.303/k

150. The major product of the following reaction is:

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{COOH} \\ \\ \text{CONH}_2 \end{array}$$

Conjugate base for Brönsted acids H2O and HF are:

- OH and H2F+, respectively (1)
- H₃O⁺ and F⁻, respectively
- OH and F-, respectively (6)
 - H₃O+ and H₂F+, respectively (4)

[Given that 1 L bar = 100 J]

- (1) 30 J
- (2) 5 kJ
- (3) 25 J
- (4) 30 J

163. Which of the following species is not stable?

- (1) [SiF₆]²⁻
- (2) [GeCl₆]²⁻
- (3) [Sn(OH)₆]²⁻
- (4) [SiCl₆]²⁻

154. Which mixture of the solutions will lead to the formation of negatively charged colloidal [AgI]I⁻ sol.?

- (1) 50 mL of 1 M AgNO₃ + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
- (2) 50 mL of 1 M AgNO3+50 mL of 2 M KI
- (3) 50 mL of 2 M AgNO₃ + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
- (4) 50 mL of 0.1 M AgNO₃ + 50 mL of 0.1 M KI

185. Which one is malachite from the following?

- CuFeS2
- (2) Cu(OH)₂
- (3) Fe₃O₄
- (4) CuCO₃.Cu(OH)₂

Which of the following is incorrect statement?

- (1) PbF4 is covalent in nature
- (2) SiCl₄ is easily hydrolysed
- GeX₄ (X=F, Cl, Br, I) is more stable than
- (4) SnF₄ is ionic in nature

The non-essential amino acid among the following is:

- (1) valine
- (2) leucine
- (3) alanine
- (4) lysine

158. Match the following:

- (a) Pure nitrogen (i) Chlorine
- (b) Haber process (ii) Sulphuric acid
- (c) Contact process (iii) Ammonia
- (d) Deacon's process (iv) Sodium azide or Barium azide

Which of the following is the correct option?

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

159. Among the following, the narrow spectrum antibiotic is:

- (1) penicillin G
- (2) ampicillin
- (3) amoxycillin
- (4) chloramphenicol

Which of the following is an amphoteric hydroxide?

- (1) Sr(OH)₂
- (2) Ca(OH)₂
- (3) Mg(OH),
- (4) Be(OH)₂

Which of the following diatomic molecular species Which of the species which of the species has only π bonds according to Molecular Orbital Theory?

02

ng

- Be₂

An alkene "A" on reaction with O3 and Zn-H2O gives propanone and ethanal in equimolar ratio. Addition of HCl to alkene "A" gives "B" as the major product. The structure of product "B" is :

$$\begin{array}{cc} \operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \text{(I)} & \operatorname{Cl-CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_2 \\ & \operatorname{CH}_3 \end{array}$$

$$CH_2CI$$
 $H_3C-CH_2-CH-CH_3$

(3)
$$H_3C - CH_2 - C - CH_3$$

C1

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \operatorname{H}_3\mathrm{C} - \operatorname{CH} - \operatorname{CH} \\ \operatorname{Cl} & \operatorname{CH}_3 \end{array}$$

163 The biodegradable polymer is:

- nylon-6, 6
- (2)nylon 2-nylon 6
- nylon-6

Buna-S

The number of sigma (σ) and pi (π) bonds in pent-2-en-4-yne is

- $10\,\sigma$ bonds and $3\,\pi$ bonds
- (2)8 σ bonds and 5 π bonds
- 11 σ bonds and 2 π bonds (3)
- 13 or bonds and no w bond (4)

165. The correct order of the basic strength of methyl substituted amines in aqueous solution is:

- (CH3)2NH > CH3NH2 > (CH3)3N
- (2) (CH₃)₃N > CH₃NH₂ > (CH₃)₂NH
- (CH₃)₃N > (CH₃)₂NH > CH₃NH₂
- CH3NH9 > (CH3)9NH > (CH3)3N

166. What is the correct electronic configuration of the central atom in K4[Fe(CN)6] based on crystal field theory?

- (1)
- $e^3 t_a^3$
- $e^4 t_a^2$ (4)

167. Among the following, the one that is not a green house gas is:

- (1)nitrous oxide
- (2)methane
- (3) ozone
- (4) sulphur dioxide

A compound is formed by cation C and anion A. The anions form hexagonal close packed (hcp) lattice and the cations occupy 75% of octahedral voids. The formula of the compound is:

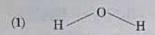
- C3A2
- C3A4
- CAA (4)

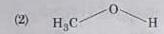
189. For an ideal solution, the correct option is:

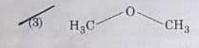
 $\Delta_{\text{mix}} S = 0$ at constant T and P

- (2) $\Delta_{mix} V \neq 0$ at constant T and P
- (3) $\Delta_{mix} H = 0$ at constant T and P
- (4) $\Delta_{mix} G = 0$ at constant T and P

176. The compound that is most difficult to protonate is:









177. 4d, 5p, 5f and 6p orbitals are arranged in the order of decreasing energy. The correct option is:

- (1) 5f > 6p > 5p > 4d
- (2) 6p > 5f > 5p > 4d
- (3) 6p > 5f > 4d > 5p
- (4) 5f > 6p > 4d > 5p

172. The mixture that forms maximum boiling azeotrope is:

- (1) Water + Nitric acid
- (2) Ethanol + Water
- (3) Acetone + Carbon disulphide
- (4) Heptane + Octane

178. In which case change in entropy is negative?

- (1) Evaporation of water
- (2) Expansion of a gas at constant temperature
- (3) Sublimation of solid to gas
- $2H(g) \rightarrow H_2(g)$

pH of a saturated solution of Ca(OH)₂ is 9. The solubility product (K_{sp}) of Ca(OH)₂ is:

(1) 0.5×10^{-15}

(2) 0.25×10⁻¹⁰

- (3) 0.125×10^{-15}
- (4) 0.5×10^{-10}

175. Which of the following series of transitions in the spectrum of hydrogen atom falls in visible region?

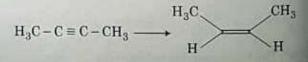
- (1) Lyman series
- (2) Balmer series
- (3) Paschen series
- (4) Brackett series

6. Identify the incorrect statement related to PCI, from the following:

- Three equatorial P Cl bonds make an angle of 120° with each other
- (2) Two axial P Cl bonds make an angle of 180° with each other
- (3) Axial P Cl bonds are longer than equatorial P – Cl bonds

PCl₅ molecule is non-reactive

The most suitable reagent for the following conversion, is:



cis-2-butene

- (1) Na/liquid NH₃
- (2) H₂, Pd/C, quinoline
 - (3) Zn/HCl
- (4) Hg²⁺/H⁺, H₂O

The structure of intermediate A in the following reaction, is:

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$OH$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$CH_3$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$CH_3$$

179. For the cell reaction

$$2 Fe^{3+}(aq) + 2 I^{-}(aq) \to 2 Fe^{2+}(aq) + I_2(aq)$$

 $E_{cell}^{\Theta}=0.24~V$ at 298 K. The standard Gibbs energy $(\Delta_r G^{\Theta})$ of the cell reaction is:

[Given that Faraday constant F=96500 C mol-1]

- (1) $-46.32 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (2) $-23.16 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (3) 46.32 kJ mol⁻¹
- (4) 23.16 kJ mol⁻¹

180. The correct structure of tribromooctaoxide is:

$$(1) \begin{array}{cccc} O & O & O \\ O = Br - Br - Br = O \\ O & O \end{array}$$

-000 a-