1. The speed of a swimmer in still water is 20 m/s. The speed of river water is 10 m/s and is flowing due east. If he is standing on the south bank and wishes to cross the river along the shortest path, the angle at which he should make his strokes w.r.t. north is given by:
   (1) 30° west  
   (2) 0°  
   (3) 60° west  
   (4) 45° west

2. In an experiment, the percentage of error occurred in the measurement of physical quantities A, B, C, and D are 1%, 2%, 3%, and 4% respectively. Then the maximum percentage of error in the measurement $X$, where $X = \frac{A^2 B^3}{C^5 D^4}$, will be:
   (1) $\frac{3}{13}$%  
   (2) 16%  
   (3) −10%  
   (4) 10%

3. In total internal reflection when the angle of incidence is equal to the critical angle for the pair of media in contact, what will be angle of refraction?
   (1) 180°  
   (2) 0°  
   (3) equal to angle of incidence  
   (4) 90°

4. A block of mass 10 kg is in contact against the inner wall of a hollow cylindrical drum of radius 1 m. The coefficient of friction between the block and the inner wall of the cylinder is 0.1. The minimum angular velocity needed for the cylinder to keep the block stationary when the cylinder is vertical and rotating about its axis, will be:
   \( \left( g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \right) \)
   (1) $\sqrt{10}$ rad/s  
   (2) $\frac{10}{2\pi}$ rad/s  
   (3) 10 rad/s  
   (4) $10 \pi$ rad/s

5. For a p-type semiconductor, which of the following statements is true?
   (1) Electrons are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
   (2) Holes are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
   (3) Holes are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
   (4) Electrons are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.

6. The total energy of an electron in an atom in an orbit is $-3.4 \text{ eV}$. Its kinetic and potential energies are, respectively:
   (1) $-3.4 \text{ eV}, -3.4 \text{ eV}$  
   (2) $-3.4 \text{ eV}, -6.8 \text{ eV}$  
   (3) $3.4 \text{ eV}, -6.8 \text{ eV}$  
   (4) $3.4 \text{ eV}, 3.4 \text{ eV}$

7. A copper rod of 88 cm and an aluminium rod of unknown length have their increase in length independent of increase in temperature. The length of aluminium rod is:
   \( a_{AI} = 2.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1} \) and \( a_{Cu} = 1.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1} \)
   (1) 6.8 cm  
   (2) 113.9 cm  
   (3) 88 cm  
   (4) 68 cm

8. A small hole of area of cross-section 2 mm$^2$ is present near the bottom of a fully filled open tank of height 2 m. Taking \( g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \), the rate of flow of water through the open hole would be nearly:
   (1) $12.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/s$  
   (2) $8.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/s$  
   (3) $2.23 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/s$  
   (4) $6.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/s$

9. When a block of mass M is suspended by a long wire of length L, the length of the wire becomes \((L + l)\). The elastic potential energy stored in the extended wire is:
   (1) $Mg/l$  
   (2) $MgL$  
   (3) $\frac{1}{2}MgL$  
   (4) $\frac{1}{2}MgL$
10. Two particles A and B are moving in uniform circular motion in concentric circles of radii \( r_A \) and \( r_B \) with speed \( v_A \) and \( v_B \) respectively. Their time period of rotation is the same. The ratio of angular speed of A to that of B will be:
   (1) \( r_A : r_B \)
   (2) \( v_A : v_B \)
   (3) \( r_B : r_A \)
   (4) 1 : 1

11. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance 20 \( \mu \text{F} \) is being charged by a voltage source whose potential is changing at the rate of 3 V/s. The conduction current through the connecting wires, and the displacement current through the plates of the capacitor would be respectively:
   (1) zero, 60 \( \mu \text{A} \)
   (2) 60 \( \mu \text{A} \), 60 \( \mu \text{A} \)
   (3) 60 \( \mu \text{A} \), zero
   (4) zero, zero

12. A 800 turn coil of effective area 0.05 m\(^2\) is kept perpendicular to a magnetic field 5 \( \times \) 10\(^{-5}\) T. When the plane of the coil is rotated by 90\(^\circ\) around any of its coplanar axis in 0.1 s, the emf induced in the coil will be:
   (1) 2 V
   (2) 0.2 V
   (3) 2 \( \times \) 10\(^{-3}\) V
   (4) 0.02 V

13. The unit of thermal conductivity is:
   (1) J m K\(^{-1}\)
   (2) J m\(^{-1}\) K\(^{-1}\)
   (3) W m K\(^{-1}\)
   (4) W m\(^{-1}\) K\(^{-1}\)

14. The radius of circle, the period of revolution, initial position and sense of revolution are indicated in the fig.

   y-projection of the radius vector of rotating particle P is:
   (1) \( y(t) = -3 \cos 2\pi t \), where \( y \) in m
   (2) \( y(t) = 4 \sin \left( \frac{\pi t}{2} \right) \), where \( y \) in m
   (3) \( y(t) = 3 \cos \left( \frac{3\pi t}{2} \right) \), where \( y \) in m
   (4) \( y(t) = 3 \cos \left( \frac{\pi t}{2} \right) \), where \( y \) in m

15. The displacement of a particle executing simple harmonic motion is given by

   \( y = A_0 + A \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t \).

   Then the amplitude of its oscillation is given by:
   (1) \( A_0 + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2} \)
   (2) \( \sqrt{A^2 + B^2} \)
   (3) \( \sqrt{A_0^2 + (A + B)^2} \)
   (4) \( A + B \)
16. The correct Boolean operation represented by the circuit diagram drawn is:

(1) AND
(2) OR
(3) NAND
(4) NOR

17. Six similar bulbs are connected as shown in the figure with a DC source of emf $E$, and zero internal resistance. The ratio of power consumption by the bulbs when (i) all are glowing and (ii) in the situation when two from section A and one from section B are glowing, will be:

(i) $4 : 9$
(ii) $9 : 4$
(iii) $1 : 2$
(iv) $2 : 1$

18. A hollow metal sphere of radius $R$ is uniformly charged. The electric field due to the sphere at a distance $r$ from the centre:

(1) increases as $r$ increases for $r < R$ and for $r > R$
(2) zero as $r$ increases for $r < R$, decreases as $r$ increases for $r > R$
(3) zero as $r$ increases for $r < R$, increases as $r$ increases for $r > R$
(4) decreases as $r$ increases for $r < R$ and for $r > R$

19. The work done to raise a mass $m$ from the surface of the earth to a height $h$, which is equal to the radius of the earth, is:

(1) $mgR$
(2) $2mgR$
(3) $\frac{1}{2}mgR$
(4) $\frac{3}{2}mgR$

20. An electron is accelerated through a potential difference of 10,000 V. Its de Broglie wavelength is (nearly) $(\hbar = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg m s}^{-1})$

(1) $1.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}$
(2) $1.2 \times 10^{-12} \text{ m}$
(3) $1.2 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}$
(4) $1.2 \text{ nm}$

21. In a double slit experiment, when light of wavelength 400 nm was used, the angular width of the first minima formed on a screen placed 1 m away, was found to be $0.2^\circ$. What will be the angular width of the first minima, if the entire experimental apparatus is immersed in water? ($\mu = 4/3$)

(1) $0.266^\circ$
(2) $0.15^\circ$
(3) $0.05^\circ$
(4) $0.1^\circ$

22. In the circuits shown below, the readings of the voltmeters and the ammeters will be:

**Circuit 1**

(1) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 = i_2$
(2) $V_1 = V_2$ and $i_1 > i_2$
(3) $V_1 = V_2$ and $i_1 = i_2$
(4) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 > i_2$

**Circuit 2**

(1) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 = i_2$
(2) $V_1 > V_2$ and $i_1 > i_2$
(3) $V_1 = V_2$ and $i_1 = i_2$
(4) $V_2 > V_1$ and $i_1 > i_2$
23. A body weighs 200 N on the surface of the earth. How much will it weigh half way down to the centre of the earth?
   (1) 150 N
   (2) 200 N
   (3) 250 N
   (4) 100 N

24. A cylindrical conductor of radius \( R \) is carrying a constant current. The plot of the magnitude of the magnetic field, \( B \) with the distance, \( d \), from the centre of the conductor, is **correctly** represented by the figure:

   ![Magnetic Field Plot](image)

27. Two parallel infinite line charges with linear charge densities \(+ \lambda \) C/m and \(- \lambda \) C/m are placed at a distance of 2R in free space. What is the electric field mid-way between the two line charges?
   (1) \( 0 \)
   (2) \( \frac{2\lambda}{\pi \varepsilon_0 R} \) N/C
   (3) \( \frac{\lambda}{\pi \varepsilon_0 R} \) N/C
   (4) \( \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \varepsilon_0 R} \) N/C

28. A disc of radius 2 m and mass 100 kg rolls on a horizontal floor. Its centre of mass has speed of 20 cm/s. How much work is needed to stop it?
   (1) 3 J
   (2) 30 J
   (3) 2 J
   (4) 1 J

29. \( \alpha \)-particle consists of:
   (1) 2 protons and 2 neutrons only
   (2) 2 protons, 2 neutrons and 2 electrons
   (3) 2 electrons and 4 protons only
   (4) 2 protons only

30. Two point charges A and B, having charges \( +Q \) and \( -Q \) respectively, are placed at certain distance apart and force acting between them is \( F \). If 25% charge of A is transferred to B, then force between the charges becomes:
   (1) \( \frac{9F}{16} \)
   (2) \( \frac{16F}{9} \)
   (3) \( \frac{4F}{3} \)

31. Which colour of the light has the longest wavelength?
   (1) red
   (2) blue
   (3) green
   (4) violet
32. When an object is shot from the bottom of a long smooth inclined plane kept at an angle 60° with horizontal, it can travel a distance \( x_1 \) along the plane. But when the inclination is decreased to 30° and the same object is shot with the same velocity, it can travel \( x_2 \) distance. Then \( x_1 : x_2 \) will be:

(1) \( 1 : \sqrt{2} \)
(2) \( \sqrt{2} : 1 \)
(3) \( 1 : \sqrt{3} \)
(4) \( 1 : 2\sqrt{3} \)

33. A particle moving with velocity \( \vec{v} \) is acted by three forces shown by the vector triangle PQR. The velocity of the particle will:

(1) increase
(2) decrease
(3) remain constant
(4) change according to the smallest force \( QR \)

36. A mass \( m \) is attached to a thin wire and whirled in a vertical circle. The wire is most likely to break when:

(1) the mass is at the highest point
(2) the wire is horizontal
(3) the mass is at the lowest point
(4) inclined at an angle of 60° from vertical

37. A solid cylinder of mass \( 2 \, \text{kg} \) and radius \( 4 \, \text{cm} \) is rotating about its axis at the rate of 3 rpm. The torque required to stop after \( 2\pi \) revolutions is:

(1) \( 2 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{N m} \)
(2) \( 1 \times 10^{-3} \, \text{N m} \)
(3) \( 2 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{N m} \)
(4) \( 2 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{N m} \)

38. In which of the following devices, the eddy current effect is not used?

(1) induction furnace
(2) magnetic braking in train
(3) electromagnet
(4) electric heater

39. Body A of mass \( 4 \, \text{m} \) moving with speed \( \mu \) collides with another body B of mass \( 2 \, \text{m} \), at rest. The collision is head on and elastic in nature. After the collision the fraction of energy lost by the colliding body A is:

(1) \( \frac{1}{9} \)
(2) \( \frac{8}{9} \)
(3) \( \frac{4}{9} \)
(4) \( \frac{5}{9} \)

40. Average velocity of a particle executing SHM in one complete vibration is:

(1) \( \frac{A\omega}{2} \)
(2) \( A\omega \)
(3) \( \frac{A\omega^2}{2} \)
(4) \( \text{zero} \)
41. Pick the wrong answer in the context with rainbow.
   (1) When the light rays undergo two internal reflections in a water drop, a secondary rainbow is formed.
   (2) The order of colours is reversed in the secondary rainbow.
   (3) An observer can see a rainbow when his front is towards the sun.
   (4) Rainbow is a combined effect of dispersion, refraction and reflection of sunlight.

42. Two similar thin equi-convex lenses, of focal length $f$ each, are kept coaxially in contact with each other such that the focal length of the combination is $F_1$. When the space between the two lenses is filled with glycerin (which has the same refractive index ($\mu = 1.5$) as that of glass) then the equivalent focal length is $F_2$. The ratio $F_1 : F_2$ will be:
   (1) 2 : 1
   (2) 1 : 2
   (3) 2 : 3
   (4) 3 : 4

43. A soap bubble, having radius of 1 mm, is blown from a detergent solution having a surface tension of $2.5 \times 10^{-2}$ N/m. The pressure inside the bubble equals at a point $Z_0$ below the free surface of water in a container. Taking $g = 10$ m/s$^2$, density of water $= 10^3$ kg/m$^3$, the value of $Z_0$ is:
   (1) 100 cm
   (2) 10 cm
   (3) 1 cm
   (4) 0.5 cm

44. In which of the following processes, heat is neither absorbed nor released by a system?
   (1) isothermal
   (2) adiabatic
   (3) isobaric
   (4) isochoric

45. Increase in temperature of a gas filled in a container would lead to:
   (1) increase in its mass
   (2) increase in its kinetic energy
   (3) decrease in its pressure
   (4) decrease in intermolecular distance

46. $\text{Thiobacillus}$ is a group of bacteria helpful in carrying out:
   (1) Nitrogen fixation
   (2) Chemoautotrophic fixation
   (3) Nitrification
   (4) Denitrification

47. From evolutionary point of view, retention of the female gametophyte with developing young embryo on the parent sporophyte for some time, is first observed in:
   (1) Liverworts
   (2) Mosses
   (3) Pteridophytes
   (4) Gymnosperms

48. Which of the following is the most important cause for animals and plants being driven to extinction?
   (1) Habitat loss and fragmentation
   (2) Drought and floods
   (3) Economic exploitation
   (4) Alien species invasion

49. Xylem translocates:
   (1) Water only
   (2) Water and mineral salts only
   (3) Water, mineral salts and some organic nitrogen only
   (4) Water, mineral salts, some organic nitrogen and hormones

50. Which of the following statements is correct?
   (1) Cornea is an external, transparent and protective proteinaceous covering of the eye-ball.
   (2) Cornea consists of dense connective tissue of elastin and can repair itself.
   (3) Cornea is convex, transparent layer which is highly vascularised.
   (4) Cornea consists of dense matrix of collagen and is the most sensitive portion of the eye.

51. Persistent nucellus in the seed is known as:
   (1) Chalaza
   (2) Perisperm
   (3) Hilum
   (4) Tegmen
44. Extrusion of second polar body from egg nucleus occurs:
   (1) after entry of sperm but before fertilization
   (2) after fertilization
   (3) before entry of sperm into ovum
   (4) simultaneously with first cleavage

45. Select the correctly written scientific name of Mango which was first described by Carolus Linnaeus:
   (1) Mangifera indica Car. Linn.
   (2) Mangifera indica Linn.
   (3) Mangifera indica
   (4) Mangifera indica

46. Expressed Sequence Tags (ESTs) refers to:
   (1) Genes expressed as RNA
   (2) Polypeptide expression
   (3) DNA polymorphism
   (4) Novel DNA sequences

54. Grass leaves curl inwards during very dry weather. Select the most appropriate reason from the following:
   (1) Closure of stomata
   (2) Fluorescence of bulliform cells
   (3) Shrinkage of air spaces in spongy mesophyll
   (4) Tyloses in vessels

55. Which of the following muscular disorders is inherited?
   (1) Tetany
   (2) Muscular dystrophy
   (3) Myasthenia gravis
   (4) Botulism

56. Under which of the following conditions will there be no change in the reading frame of following mRNA?
   5'AACACGCGUGCUAAUU3'
   (1) Insertion of G at 5th position
   (2) Deletion of G from 5th position
   (3) Insertion of A and G at 4th and 5th positions respectively
   (4) Deletion of GGU from 7th, 8th and 9th positions

84. The shorter and longer arms of a submetacentric chromosome are referred to as:
   (1) s-arm and l-arm respectively
   (2) p-arm and q-arm respectively
   (3) q-arm and p-arm respectively
   (4) m-arm and n-arm respectively

51. Select the correct option.
   (1) 5th, 9th and 10th pairs of ribs articulate directly with the sternum.
   (2) 11th and 12th pairs of ribs are connected to the sternum with the help of hyaline cartilage.
   (3) Each rib is a flat thin bone and all the ribs are connected dorsoventrally to the thoracic vertebrae.
   (4) There are seven pairs of vertebrocostal, three pairs of vertebrochondral and two pairs of vertebral ribs.

60. Which of the following sexually transmitted diseases is not completely curable?
   (1) Gonorrhoea
   (2) Genital warts
   (3) Genital herpes
   (4) Chlamydia

61. Which of the following statements is not correct?
   (1) Lysosomes have numerous hydrolytic enzymes.
   (2) The hydrolytic enzymes of lysosomes are active under acidic pH.
   (3) Lysosomes are membrane-bound structures.
   (4) Lysosomes are formed by the process of packaging in the endoplasmic reticulum.

62. Which one of the following equipments is essentially required for growing microbes on a large scale, for industrial production of enzymes?
   (1) BOD incubator
   (2) Sludge digester
   (3) Industrial oven
   (4) Bioreactor

63. Which one of the following is not a method of in situ conservation of biodiversity?
   (1) Biosphere Reserve
   (2) Wildlife Sanctuary
   (3) Botanical Garden
   (4) Sacred Grove
Consider following features:
(a) Organ system level of organisation
(b) Bilateral symmetry
(c) True coelomates with segmentation of body

Select the correct option of animal groups which possess all the above characteristics:
1. Annelida, Arthropoda and Chordata
2. Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca
3. Arthropoda, Mollusca and Chordata
4. Annelida, Mollusca and Chordata

The ciliated epithelial cells are required to move particles or mucus in a specific direction. In humans, these cells are mainly present in:
1. Bile duct and Bronchioles
2. Fallopian tubes and Pancreatic duct
3. Eustachian tube and Salivary duct
4. Bronchioles and Fallopian tubes

What is the site of perception of photoperiod necessary for induction of flowering in plants?
1. Lateral buds
2. Pulvinus
3. Shoot apex
4. Leaves

Match the hominids with their correct brain size:
(a) *Homo habilis* (i) 900 cc
(b) *Homo neanderthalensis* (ii) 1350 cc
(c) *Homo erectus* (iii) 850 - 800 cc
(d) *Homo sapiens* (iv) 1400 cc

Select the correct option.
(a) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(b) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
(c) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
(d) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

In *Antirrhinum* (Snapdragon), a red flower was crossed with a white flower and in F1 generation, pink flowers were obtained. When pink flowers were selfed, the F2 generation showed white, red and pink flowers. Choose the incorrect statement from the following:
(1) This experiment does not follow the Principle of Dominance.
(2) Pink colour in F1 is due to incomplete dominance.
(3) Ratio of F2 is $\frac{1}{4}$ (Red) : $\frac{2}{4}$ (Pink) : $\frac{1}{4}$ (White)
(4) Law of Segregation does not apply in this experiment.

Which of these following methods is the most suitable for disposal of nuclear waste?
1. Shoot the waste into space
2. Bury the waste under Antarctic ice-cover
3. Dump the waste within rocks under deep ocean
4. Bury the waste within rocks deep below the Earth’s surface

Drug called 'Heroin' is synthesized by:
1. Methylation of morphine
2. Acetylation of morphine
3. Glycosylation of morphine
4. Nitration of morphine

Use of an artificial kidney during hemodialysis may result in:
(a) Nitrogenous waste build-up in the body
(b) Non-elimination of excess potassium ions
(c) Reduced absorption of calcium ions from gastro-intestinal tract
(d) Reduced RBC production

Which of the following options is the most appropriate?
(1) (a) and (b) are correct
(2) (b) and (c) are correct
(3) (c) and (d) are correct
(4) (a) and (d) are correct
72. What is the genetic disorder in which an individual has an overall masculine development, gynecomastia, and is sterile?
(1) Turner's syndrome
(2) Klhinfelter's syndrome
(3) Edward syndrome
(4) Down's syndrome

73. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
(1) Morels and truffles are edible delicacies.
(2) *Claviceps* is a source of many alkaloids and LSD.
(3) Conidia are produced exogenously and ascospores endogenously.
(4) Yeasts have filamentous bodies with long thread-like hyphae.

74. Which of the following ecological pyramids is generally inverted?
(1) Pyramid of numbers in grassland
(2) Pyramid of energy
(3) Pyramid of biomass in a forest
(4) Pyramid of biomass in a sea

75. Select the correct sequence for transport of sperm cells in the male reproductive system.
(1) Testis → Epididymis → Vas deferens → Rete testis → Inguinal canal → Urethra
(2) Seminiferous tubules → Rete testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia → Ejaculatory duct → Urethra → Urethral meatus
(3) Seminiferous tubules → Vasa efferentia → Epididymis → Inguinal canal → Urethra
(4) Testis → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia → Vas deferens → Ejaculatory duct → Inguinal canal → Urethra → Urethral meatus

76. Which of the following protocols did aim for reducing emission of chlorofluorocarbons into the atmosphere?
(1) Montreal Protocol
(2) Kyoto Protocol
(3) Gothenburg Protocol
(4) Geneva Protocol

77. The correct sequence of phases of cell cycle is:
(1) M → G1 → G2 → S
(2) G1 → G2 → S → M
(3) S → G1 → G2 → M
(4) G1 → S → G2 → M

78. What is the fate of the male gametes discharged in the syngamy?
(1) One fuses with the egg, other(s) degenerate(s) in the syngamy.
(2) All fuse with the egg.
(3) One fuses with the egg, other(s) fuse(s) with syngamy nucleus.
(4) One fuses with the egg and other fuses with central cell nuclei.

79. Which of the following pairs of organelles does not contain DNA?
(1) Mitochondria and Lysosomes
(2) Chloroplast and Vacuoles
(3) Lysosomes and Vacuoles
(4) Nuclear envelope and Mitochondria

80. Which of the following glucose transporters is insulin-dependent?
(1) GLUT I
(2) GLUT II
(3) GLUT III
(4) GLUT IV

81. Conversion of glucose to glucose-6-phosphate, the first irreversible reaction of glycolysis, is catalyzed by:
(1) Aldolase
(2) Hexokinase
(3) Enolase
(4) Phosphofructokinase

82. Variations caused by mutation, as proposed by Hugo de Vries, are:
(1) random and directional
(2) random and directionless
(3) small and directional
(4) small and directionless
Which of the following statements regarding mitochondria is incorrect?

1. Outer membrane is permeable to monomers of carbohydrates, fats, and proteins.
2. Enzymes of electron transport are embedded in outer membrane.
3. Inner membrane is convoluted with infoldings.
4. Mitochondrial matrix contains single circular DNA molecule and ribosomes.

Select the correct sequence of organs in the alimentary canal of cockroach starting from mouth:

1. Pharynx → Oesophagus → Crop → Gizzard → Ileum → Colon → Rectum
2. Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → Crop → Ileum → Colon → Rectum
3. Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → Ileum → Crop → Colon → Rectum
4. Pharynx → Oesophagus → Ileum → Crop → Gizzard → Colon → Rectum

Select the hormone-releasing Intra-Uterine Devices.

1. Vaults, LNG-20
2. Multiload 375, Progestasert
3. Progestasert, LNG-20
4. Lippes Loop, Multiload 375

Concanavalin A is:

1. an alkaloid
2. an essential oil
3. a lectin
4. a pigment

DNA precipitation out of a mixture of biomolecules can be achieved by treatment with:

1. Isopropanol
2. Chilled ethanol
3. Methanol at room temperature
4. Chilled chloroform

Which of the following factors is responsible for the formation of concentrated urine?

1. Low levels of antidiuretic hormone.
2. Maintaining hyperosmolality towards inner medullary interstitium in the kidneys.
4. Hydrostatic pressure during glomerular filtration.

What would be the heart rate of a person if the cardiac output is 5 L, blood volume in the ventricles at the end of diastole is 100 mL and at the end of ventricular systole is 50 mL?

1. 50 beats per minute
2. 75 beats per minute
3. 100 beats per minute
4. 125 beats per minute

Select the incorrect statement.

1. Inbreeding increases homozygosity.
2. Inbreeding is essential to evolve pure lines in any animal.
3. Inbreeding selects harmful recessive genes that reduce fertility and productivity.
4. Inbreeding helps in accumulation of superior genes and elimination of undesirable genes.

Match the following genes of the Lac operon with their respective products:

(a) i gene (i) β-galactosidase
(b) z gene (ii) Permease
(c) a gene (iii) Repressor
(d) y gene (iv) Transacetylase

Select the correct option.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
2. (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
3. (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
4. (ii) (iv) (i) (ii)

Which of the following features of genetic code does allow bacteria to produce human insulin by recombinant DNA technology?

1. Genetic code is not ambiguous
2. Genetic code is redundant
3. Genetic code is nearly universal
4. Genetic code is specific

Match the following hormones with the respective disease:

(a) Insulin (i) Addison's disease
(b) Thyroxin (ii) Diabetes insipidus
(c) Corticoids (iii) Acromegaly
(d) Growth Hormone (iv) Goitre
(e) Diabetes mellitus

Select the correct option.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (v) (i) (ii) (iii)
2. (ii) (i) (iv) (ii)
3. (v) (ii) (ii) (iv)
4. (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
Colostrum, the yellowish fluid secreted by mother during the initial days of lactation is very essential to impart immunity to the newborn infant because it contains:

1. Natural killer cells
2. Monocytes
3. Macrophages
4. Immunoglobulin A

Placenta, in which ovules develop on the inner wall of the ovary or in peripheral part, is:

1. Basal
2. Axile
3. Parietal
4. Free central

Cells in G0 phase:
1. exit the cell cycle
2. enter the cell cycle
3. suspend the cell cycle
4. terminate the cell cycle

Respiratory Quotient (RQ) value of tripalmitin is:

1. 0.9
2. 0.7
3. 0.07
4. 0.09

Select the correct group of biocontrol agents.
1. Bacillus thuringiensis, Tobacco mosaic virus, Aphids
2. Trichoderma, Bacillus, Bacillus thuringiensis
3. Oscillatoria, Rhizobium, Trichoderma
4. Nostoc, Azospirillum, Nucelcopolyhedrovirus

Match the Column - I with Column - II:

Column - I
(a) P-wave
(b) QRS complex
(c) T-wave
(d) Reduction in the size of T-wave

Column - II
(i) Depolarisation of ventricles
(ii) Repolarisation of ventricles
(iii) Coronary ischemia
(iv) Depolarisation of atria
(v) Repolarisation of atria

Select the correct option.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
2. (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
3. (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
4. (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

Match the following structures with their respective location in organs:
(a) Crypts of Lieberkühn
(b) Glisson's Capsule
(c) Islets of Langerhans
(d) Brunner's Glands

Select the correct option from the following:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
2. (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
3. (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
4. (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

Which of the following contraceptive methods do involve a role of hormone?

1. Lactational amenorrhea. Pills, Emergency contraceptives
2. Barrier method. Lactational amenorrhea. Pills
3. CuT, Pills, Emergency contraceptives
4. Pills, Emergency contraceptives, Barrier methods

Due to increasing air-borne allergens and pollutants, many people in urban areas are suffering from respiratory disorder causing wheezing due to:

1. benign growth on mucous lining of nasal cavity.
2. inflammation of bronchi and bronchioles.
3. proliferation of fibrous tissues and damage of the alveolar walls.
4. reduction in the secretion of surfactants by pneumocytes.

A gene locus has two alleles A, a. If the frequency of dominant allele A is 0.4, then what will be the frequency of homozygous dominant, heterozygous and homozygous recessive individuals in the population?

1. 0.36 (AA); 0.48 (Aa); 0.16 (aa)
2. 0.16 (AA); 0.24 (Aa); 0.60 (aa)
3. 0.16 (AA); 0.48 (Aa); 0.36 (aa)
4. 0.16 (AA); 0.36 (Aa); 0.48 (aa)
How does steroid hormone influence the cellular activities?

1. Changing the permeability of the cell membrane.
2. Binding to DNA and forming a gene-hormone complex.
3. Activating cyclic AMP located on the cell membrane.
4. Using aquaporin channels as second messenger.

In some plants, the female gamete develops into an embryo without fertilization. This phenomenon is known as:

1. Autogamy
2. Parthenocarpy
3. Syngamy
4. Parthenogenesis

Which one of the following statements regarding post-fertilization development in flowering plants is incorrect?

1. Ovary develops into fruit
2. Zygote develops into embryo
3. Central cell develops into endosperm
4. Ovules develop into embryo sac

Match the following organisms with the products they produce:

(a) *Lactobacillus*  
(b) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*  
(c) *Aspergillus niger*  
(d) *Acetobacter aceti*  
(i) Cheese  
(ii) Curd  
(iii) Citric Acid  
(iv) Bread  
(v) Acetic Acid

Select the correct option.

- (1) (ii) (iv) (iii) (v)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (v)

Tidal Volume and Expiratory Reserve Volume of an athlete is 500 mL and 1000 mL respectively. What will be his Expiratory Capacity if the Residual Volume is 1200 mL?

1. 1500 mL
2. 1700 mL
3. 2200 mL
4. 2700 mL

Purines found both in DNA and RNA are:

1. Adenine and thymine
2. Adenine and guanine
3. Guanine and cytosine
4. Cytosine and thymine

The frequency of recombination between gene pairs on the same chromosome as a measure of the distance between genes was explained by:

1. T.H. Morgan
2. Gregor J. Mendel
3. Alfred Sturtevant
4. Sutton Boveri

The concept of "Omnis cellula e cellula" regarding cell division was first proposed by:

1. Rudolf Virchow
2. Theodore Schwann
3. Schleiden
4. Aristotle

Philem in gymnosperms lacks:

1. Albuminous cells and sieve cells
2. Sieve tubes only
3. Companion cells only
4. Both sieve tubes and companion cells

Match the following organisms with their respective characteristics:

(a) *Pila*  
(b) *Bombbyx*  
(c) *Pleurobrachia*  
(d) *Taenia*  
(i) Flame cells  
(ii) Comb plates  
(iii) Radula  
(iv) Malpighian tubules

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

It takes very long time for pineapple plants to produce flowers. Which combination of hormones can be applied to artificially induce flowering in pineapple plants throughout the year to increase yield?

1. Auxin and Ethylene
2. Gibberellin and Cytokinin
3. Gibberellin and Abscisic acid
4. Cytokinin and Abscisic acid
116. Which of the following pairs of gases is mainly responsible for green house effect?
(1) Ozone and Ammonia
(2) Oxygen and Nitrogen
(3) Nitrogen and Sulphur dioxide
(4) Carbon dioxide and Methane

117. Which of the following immune responses is responsible for rejection of kidney graft?
(1) Auto-immune response
(2) Humoral immune response
(3) Inflammatory immune response
(4) Cell-mediated immune response

118. Which of the following is true for Golden rice?
(1) It is Vitamin A enriched, with a gene from daffodil.
(2) It is pest resistant, with a gene from Bacillus thuringiensis.
(3) It is drought tolerant, developed using Agrobacterium vector.
(4) It has yellow grains, because of a gene introduced from a primitive variety of rice.

119. Which of the following can be used as a biocatalyst in the treatment of plant disease?
(1) Trichoderma
(2) Chlorella
(3) Anaeroba
(4) Lactobacillus

120. Pinus seed cannot germinate and establish without fungal association. This is because:
(1) its embryo is immature.
(2) it has obligate association with mycorrhizae.
(3) it has very hard seed coat.
(4) its seeds contain inhibitors that prevent germination.

121. What is the direction of movement of sugars in phloem?
(1) Non-multidirectional
(2) Upward
(3) Downward
(4) Bidirectional

122. Polyblend, a fine powder of recycled modified plastic, has proved to be a good material for:
(1) making plastic sacks
(2) use as a fertilizer
(3) construction of roads
(4) making tubes and pipes

123. What map unit (Centimorgan) is adopted in the construction of genetic maps?
(1) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing 10% cross over.
(2) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing 100% cross over.
(3) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing 1% cross over.
(4) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing 50% cross over.

124. Consider the following statements:
(A) Coenzyme or metal ion that is tightly bound to enzyme protein is called prosthetic group.
(B) A complete catalytic active enzyme with a bound prosthetic group is called apoenzyme.

Select the correct option.
(1) Both (A) and (B) are true.
(2) (A) is true but (B) is false.
(3) Both (A) and (B) are false.
(4) (A) is false but (B) is true.
127. Match Column - I with Column - II.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Saprophyte</td>
<td>(i) Symbiotic association of fungi with plant roots</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Parasite</td>
<td>(ii) Decomposition of dead organic materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Lichens</td>
<td>(iii) Living on living plants or animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Mycorrhiza</td>
<td>(iv) Symbiotic association of algae and fungi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

1 (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
2 (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
3 (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
4 (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)

128. In a species, the weight of newborn ranges from 2 to 8 kg. 97% of the newborn with an average weight between 3 to 3.3 kg survive whereas 99% of the infants born with weights from 2 to 2.9 kg or 4.5 to 5 kg die. Which type of selection process is taking place?

(a) Directional Selection
(b) Stabilizing Selection
(c) Disruptive Selection
(d) Cyclic Selection

129. Following statements describe the characteristics of the enzyme Restriction Endonuclease. Identify the incorrect statement.

(1) The enzyme cuts DNA molecule at identified position within the DNA.
(2) The enzyme binds DNA at specific sites and cuts only one of the two strands.
(3) The enzyme cuts the sugar-phosphate backbone at specific sites on each strand.
(4) The enzyme recognizes a specific palindromic nucleotide sequence in the DNA.

Select the incorrect statement.

(1) Male fruit fly is heterogametic.
(2) In male grasshoppers, 50% of sperms have no sex-chromosome.
(3) In domesticated fowls, sex of progeny depends on the type of sperm rather than egg.
(4) Human males have one of their sex-chromosome much shorter than the other.

130. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

(1) Viroids lack a protein coat.
(2) Viruses are obligate parasites.
(3) Infective constituent in viruses is the protein coat.
(4) Prions consist of abnormally folded proteins.

131. Identify the cells whose secretion protects the lining of gastro-intestinal tract from various enzymes.

(1) Chief Cells
(2) Goblet Cells
(3) Oxytic Cells
(4) Duodenal Cells

132. The Earth Summit held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992 was called:

(1) to reduce CO₂ emissions and global warming.
(2) for conservation of biodiversity and sustainable utilization of its benefits.
(3) to assess threat posed to native species by invasive weed species.
(4) for immediate steps to discontinue use of CFCs that were damaging the ozone layer.

133. What triggers activation of protoxin to active B toxin of Bacillus thuringiensis in boll worm?

(1) Body temperature
(2) Moist surface of midgut
(3) Alkaline pH of gut
(4) Acidic pH of stomach

134. Which part of the brain is responsible for thermoregulation?

(1) Cerebrum
(2) Hypothalamus
(3) Corpus callosum
(4) Medulla oblongata
146. Which of the following reactions is disproportionation reaction?
   (a) $2\text{Cu}^+ \rightarrow \text{Cu}^{2+} + \text{Cu}^0$
   (b) $\sqrt{3}\text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{MnO}_4^- + \text{MnO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2$  
   (c) $2\text{KMnO}_4 \rightarrow K_2\text{MnO}_4 + \text{MnO}_2 + O_2$
   (d) $2\text{MnO}_4^- + 3\text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 5\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+$

Select the correct option from the following:
   (1) (a) and (b) only
   (2) (a), (b) and (c)
   (3) (a), (c) and (d)
   (4) (a) and (d) only

141. The method used to remove temporary hardness of water is:
   (1) Calgon's method
   (2) Clarke's method
   (3) Ion-exchange method
   (4) Synthetic resins method

142. For the chemical reaction:
   $\text{N}_2(g) + 3\text{H}_2(g) = 2\text{NH}_3(g)$
the correct option is:
   (1) $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d[\text{NH}_3]}{dt}$
   (2) $\frac{d[\text{N}_2]}{dt} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{d[\text{NH}_3]}{dt}$
   (3) $-\frac{1}{2} \frac{d[N_2]}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[\text{NH}_3]}{dt}$
   (4) $\frac{3}{2} \frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{d[\text{NH}_3]}{dt}$

143. For the second period elements the correct increasing order of first ionisation enthalpy is:
   (1) Li < Be < B < C < N < O < F < Ne
   (2) Li < B < Be < C < O < N < F < Ne
   (3) Li < B < Be < C < N < O < F < Ne
   (4) Li < Be < B < C < O < N < F < Ne
144. For a cell involving one electron $E_{\text{cell}}^{0} = 0.59 \text{ V}$ at 298 K, the equilibrium constant for the cell reaction is:

Given that $\frac{2.303 \text{ RT}}{F} = 0.059 \text{ V}$ at $T = 298 \text{ K}$

1. $1.0 \times 10^{2}$
2. $1.0 \times 10^{3}$
3. $1.0 \times 10^{10}$
4. $1.0 \times 10^{30}$

145. The manganate and permanganate ions are tetrahedral, due to:

1. The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $p$-orbitals of oxygen with $d$-orbitals of manganese.
2. There is no $\pi$-bonding.
3. The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $p$-orbitals of oxygen with $p$-orbitals of manganese.
4. The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $d$-orbitals of oxygen with $d$-orbitals of manganese.

146. The number of moles of hydrogen molecules required to produce 20 moles of ammonia through Haber's process is:

1. 10
2. 20
3. 30
4. 40

147. A gas at 350 K and 15 bar has molar volume 20 percent smaller than that for an ideal gas under the same conditions. The correct option about the gas and its compressibility factor ($Z$) is:

1. $Z > 1$ and attractive forces are dominant.
2. $Z > 1$ and repulsive forces are dominant.
3. $Z < 1$ and attractive forces are dominant.
4. $Z < 1$ and repulsive forces are dominant.

148. If the rate constant for a first-order reaction is $k$, the time ($t$) required for the completion of 99% of the reaction is given by:

1. $t = 0.693/k$
2. $t = 5.909/k$
3. $t = 4.606/k$
4. $t = 2.303/k$

150. The major product of the following reaction is:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{COOH} & + \text{NH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{strong heating}} \text{CONH}_2 \\
\text{COOH} & \rightarrow \text{COOH} \\
\text{CONH}_2 & \rightarrow \text{CONH}_2 \\
\text{COOH} & \rightarrow \text{COOH} \\
\end{align*}
\]

1. (1)
2. (2)
3. (3)
4. (4)

151. Conjugate base for Bronsted acids $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and $\text{HF}$ are:

1. $\text{OH}^{-}$ and $\text{H}_3\text{F}^{+}$, respectively.
2. $\text{H}_3\text{O}^{+}$ and $\text{F}^{-}$, respectively.
3. $\text{OH}^{-}$ and $\text{F}^{-}$, respectively.
4. $\text{H}_3\text{O}^{+}$ and $\text{H}_2\text{F}^{+}$, respectively.
Under isothermal condition, a gas at 300 K expands from 0.1 L to 0.25 L against a constant external pressure of 2 bar. The work done by the gas is:

\[ \text{[Given that 1 L bar} = 100 \text{ J]} \]

(1) \(-30 \text{ J}\)
(2) \(5 \text{ kJ}\)
(3) \(25 \text{ J}\)
(4) \(30 \text{ J}\)

163. Which of the following species is not stable?

(1) \([\text{SiF}_4]^2-\)
(2) \([\text{GeCl}_4]^2-\)
(3) \([\text{Sn(OH)}_4]^2-\)
(4) \([\text{SiCl}_4]^2-\)

164. Which mixture of the solutions will lead to the formation of negatively charged colloidal \([\text{AgI}]^-\)-sol.?

(1) 50 mL of 1 M \(\text{AgNO}_3\) + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
(2) 50 mL of 1 M \(\text{AgNO}_3\) + 50 mL of 2 M KI
(3) 50 mL of 2 M \(\text{AgNO}_3\) + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
(4) 50 mL of 0.1 M \(\text{AgNO}_3\) + 50 mL of 0.1 M KI

165. Which one is malachite from the following?

(1) \(\text{CuFeS}_2\)
(2) \(\text{Cu(OH)}_2\)
(3) \(\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4\)
(4) \(\text{CuCO}_3\cdot\text{Cu(OH)}_2\)

166. Which of the following is incorrect statement?

(1) \(\text{PhF}_4\) is covalent in nature
(2) \(\text{SiCl}_4\) is easily hydrolysed
(3) \(\text{GeX}_4\) (\(X = \text{F, Cl, Br, I}\)) is more stable than \(\text{GeX}_2\)
(4) \(\text{SnF}_4\) is ionic in nature

167. The non-essential amino acid among the following is:

1. valine
2. leucine
3. alanine
4. lysine

168. Match the following:

(a) \(\text{Pure nitrogen}\)
(b) \(\text{Haber process}\)
(c) \(\text{Contact process}\)
(d) \(\text{Deacon's process}\)

(i) \(\text{Chlorine}\)
(ii) \(\text{Sulphuric acid}\)
(iii) \(\text{Ammonia}\)
(iv) \(\text{Sodium azide or Barium azide}\)

Which of the following is the correct option?

(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
(4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

169. Among the following, the narrow spectrum antibiotic is:

1. penicillin G
2. ampicillin
3. amoxycillin
4. chloramphenicol

170. Which of the following is an amphoteric hydroxide?

1. \(\text{Sr(OH)}_2\)
2. \(\text{Ca(OH)}_2\)
3. \(\text{Mg(OH)}_2\)
4. \(\text{Be(OH)}_2\)
161. Which of the following diatomic molecular species has only \( \pi \) bonds according to Molecular Orbital Theory?

1. \( \text{O}_2 \)
2. \( \text{N}_2 \)
3. \( \text{C}_2 \)
4. \( \text{Be}_2 \)

162. An alkene "A" on reaction with \( \text{O}_3 \) and \( \text{Zn - H}_2\text{O} \) gives propanone and ethanal in equimolar ratio. Addition of \( \text{HCl} \) to alkene "A" gives "B" as the major product. The structure of product "B" is:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{CH}_3 \\
\text{Cl - CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{align*}
\]

1. \( \text{Cl - CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} \)
2. \( \text{H}_2\text{C - CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3 \)
3. \( \text{H}_3\text{C - CH}_2 - \text{C - CH}_3 \)
4. \( \text{H}_3\text{C - CH} - \text{CH} \)

163. The number of sigma (\( \sigma \)) and pi (\( \pi \)) bonds in pent-2-en-4-yne is:

1. 10 \( \sigma \) bonds and 3 \( \pi \) bonds
2. 8 \( \sigma \) bonds and 5 \( \pi \) bonds
3. 11 \( \sigma \) bonds and 2 \( \pi \) bonds
4. 13 \( \sigma \) bonds and no \( \pi \) bond

165. The correct order of the basic strength of methyl substituted amines in aqueous solution is:

1. \((\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH} > \text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2 > (\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}\)
2. \((\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N} > \text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2 > (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH}\)
3. \((\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N} > (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH} > \text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2\)
4. \(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2 > (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH} > (\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}\)

166. What is the correct electronic configuration of the central atom in \( \text{K}_4[\text{Fe(CN)}_6] \) based on crystal field theory?

1. \( t_{2g}^4 e_{g}^2 \)
2. \( t_{2g}^6 e_{g}^0 \)
3. \( e_{g}^3 t_{2g}^3 \)
4. \( e_{g}^4 t_{2g}^2 \)

167. Among the following, the one that is not a greenhouse gas is:

1. nitrous oxide
2. methane
3. ozone
4. sulphur dioxide

168. A compound is formed by cation \( \text{C} \) and anion \( \text{A} \). The anions form hexagonal close packed (hcp) lattice and the cations occupy 75% of octahedral voids. The formula of the compound is:

1. \( \text{C}_2\text{A}_3 \)
2. \( \text{C}_3\text{A}_2 \)
3. \( \text{C}_3\text{A}_4 \)
4. \( \text{C}_4\text{A}_4 \)
172. In which case change in entropy is negative?
(1) Evaporation of water
(2) Expansion of a gas at constant temperature
(3) Sublimation of solid to gas
(4) $2\text{H}(g) \rightarrow \text{H}_2(g)$

173. For an ideal solution, the correct option is:
(1) $\Delta_{\text{mix}} S = 0$ at constant $T$ and $P$
(2) $\Delta_{\text{mix}} V = 0$ at constant $T$ and $P$
(3) $\Delta_{\text{mix}} H = 0$ at constant $T$ and $P$
(4) $\Delta_{\text{mix}} C = 0$ at constant $T$ and $P$

174. The compound that is most difficult to protonate is:
(1) $\text{H} - \text{O} - \text{H}^+$
(2) $\text{H}_3\text{C} - \text{O} - \text{H}^+$
(3) $\text{H}_2\text{C} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_3$
(4) $\text{Ph} - \text{O} - \text{H}^+$

175. Which of the following series of transitions in the spectrum of hydrogen atom falls in visible region?
(1) Lyman series
(2) Balmer series
(3) Paschen series
(4) Brackett series

176. Identify the incorrect statement related to $\text{PCl}_5$ from the following:
(1) Three equatorial $\text{P} - \text{Cl}$ bonds make an angle of 120° with each other
(2) Two axial $\text{P} - \text{Cl}$ bonds make an angle of 180° with each other
(3) Axial $\text{P} - \text{Cl}$ bonds are longer than equatorial $\text{P} - \text{Cl}$ bonds
(4) $\text{PCl}_5$ molecule is non-reactive

177. The most suitable reagent for the following conversion is:
$\text{H}_3\text{C} - \text{C} = \text{C} - \text{CH}_3 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{C} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_3$

(1) $\text{Na} / \text{liquid NH}_3$
(2) $\text{H}_2, \text{Pd} / \text{C}$, quincline
(3) $\text{Zn} / \text{HCl}$
(4) $\text{Hg}^{2+} / \text{H}^+ \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

178. pH of a saturated solution of $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ is 9. The solubility product ($K_{sp}$) of $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ is:
(1) $0.5 \times 10^{-15}$
(2) $0.25 \times 10^{-10}$
(3) $0.125 \times 10^{-15}$
(4) $0.5 \times 10^{-10}$

179. 4d, 5p, 5f and 6p orbitals are arranged in the order of decreasing energy. The correct option is:
(1) 5f > 6p > 5p > 4d
(2) 6p > 5f > 5p > 4d
(3) 6p > 5f > 4d > 5p
(4) 5f > 6p > 4d > 5p

180. The mixture that forms maximum boiling azeotrope is:
(1) Water + Nitric acid
(2) Ethanol + Water
(3) Acetone + Carbon disulphide
(4) Heptane + Octane
179. For the cell reaction

$$2\text{Fe}^{3+} (\text{aq}) + 2\text{I}^- (\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}^{2+} (\text{aq}) + \text{I}_2 (\text{aq})$$

$$E^\circ_{\text{cell}} = 0.24 \text{ V at 298 K.}$$ The standard Gibbs energy ($\Delta G^\circ$) of the cell reaction is:

- Given that Faraday constant $F = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$
- (1) $-46.32 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (2) $-23.16 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (3) $46.32 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (4) $23.16 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

180. The correct structure of tribromooctaoxide is:

- (1) $O = \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}}$
- (2) $O = \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}}$
- (3) $O = \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}}$
- (4) $O = \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}} - \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}}}$

- $O_0 O_0$