

## CAT 2018

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Registration No:	8001501				
Participant Name:	RAVNEET GANDHI				
Test Center Name:	iON Digital Zone iDZ Turbhe SK Wheels				
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#### Section : VARC

### Comprehension:

Economists have spent most of the 20th century ignoring psychology, positive or otherwise. But today there is a great deal of emphasis on how happiness can shape global economies, or – on a smaller scale – successful business practice. This is driven, in part, by a trend in "measuring" positive emotions, mostly so they can be optimized. Neuroscientists, for example, claim to be able to locate specific emotions, such as happiness or disappointment, in particular areas of the brain. Wearable technologies, such as Spire, offer data-driven advice on how to reduce stress.

We are no longer just dealing with "happiness" in a philosophical or romantic sense - it has become something that can be monitored and measured, including by our behavior, use of social media and bodily indicators such as pulse rate and facial expressions.

There is nothing automatically sinister about this trend. But it is disquieting that the businesses and experts driving the quantification of happiness claim to have our best interests at heart, often concealing their own agendas in the process. In the workplace, happy workers are viewed as a "win-win." Work becomes more pleasant, and employees, more productive. But this is now being pursued through the use of performance-evaluating wearable technology, such as Humanyze or Virgin Pulse, both of which monitor physical signs of stress and activity toward the goal of increasing productivity.

Cities such as Dubai, which has pledged to become the "happiest city in the world," dream up ever-more elaborate and intrusive ways of collecting data on well-being — to the point where there is now talk of using CCTV cameras to monitor facial expressions in public spaces. New ways of detecting emotions are hitting the market all the time: One company, Beyond Verbal, aims to calculate moods conveyed in a phone conversation, potentially without the knowledge of at least one of the participants. And Facebook [has] demonstrated . . . that it could influence our emotions through tweaking our news feeds — opening the door to evermore targeted manipulation in advertising and influence.

As the science grows more sophisticated and technologies become more intimate with our thoughts and bodies, a clear trend is emerging. Where happiness indicators were once used as a basis to reform society, challenging the obsession with money that G.D.P. measurement entrenches, they are increasingly used as a basis to transform or discipline individuals.

Happiness becomes a personal project, that each of us must now work on, like going to the gym. Since the 1970s, depression has come to be viewed as a cognitive or neurological defect in the individual, and never a consequence of circumstances. All of this simply escalates the sense of responsibility each of us feels for our own feelings, and with it, the sense of failure when things go badly. A society that deliberately removed certain sources of misery, such as precarious and exploitative employment, may well be a happier one. But we won't get there by making this single, often fleeting emotion, the over-arching goal.

### SubQuestion No : 1

#### Q.1 The author's view would be undermined by which of the following research findings?

**Options** 1. Stakeholders globally are moving away from collecting data on the well-being of individuals.

2. There is a definitive move towards the adoption of wearable technology that taps into emotions.

3. A proliferation of gyms that are collecting data on customer well-being.

4. Individuals worldwide are utilising technologies to monitor and increase their well-being.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686854 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

Economists have spent most of the 20th century ignoring psychology, positive or otherwise. But today there is a great deal of emphasis on how happiness can shape global economies, or – on a smaller scale – successful business practice. This is driven, in part, by a trend in "measuring" positive emotions, mostly so they can be optimized. Neuroscientists, for example, claim to be able to locate specific emotions, such as happiness or disappointment, in particular areas of the brain. Wearable technologies, such as Spire, offer data-driven advice on how to reduce stress.

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#### SubQuestion No : 2

### Q.2 From the passage we can infer that the author would like economists to:

- Options 1. measure the effectiveness of Facebook and social media advertising.
  - 2. work closely with neuroscientists to understand human behaviour.
  - 3. incorporate psychological findings into their research cautiously.
  - 4. correlate measurements of happiness with economic indicators.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686856 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

Economists have spent most of the 20th century ignoring psychology, positive or otherwise. But today there is a great deal of emphasis on how happiness can shape global economies, or – on a smaller scale – successful business practice. This is driven, in part, by a trend in "measuring" positive emotions, mostly so they can be optimized. Neuroscientists, for example, claim to be able to locate specific emotions, such as happiness or disappointment, in particular areas of the brain. Wearable technologies, such as Spire, offer data-driven advice on how to reduce stress.

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### SubQuestion No: 4

#### Q.4 According to the author, Dubai:

Options 1. is on its way to becoming one of the world's happiest cities.

2. develops sophisticated technologies to monitor its inhabitants' states of mind.



4. collaborates with Facebook to selectively influence its inhabitants' moods.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686857 Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

## Comprehension:

Economists have spent most of the 20th century ignoring psychology, positive or otherwise. But today there is a great deal of emphasis on how happiness can shape global economies, or – on a smaller scale – successful business practice. This is driven, in part, by a trend in "measuring" positive emotions, mostly so they can be optimized. Neuroscientists, for example, claim to be able to locate specific emotions, such as happiness or disappointment, in particular areas of the brain. Wearable technologies, such as Spire, offer data-driven advice on how to reduce stress.

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## SubQuestion No : 5

## Q.5 In the author's opinion, the shift in thinking in the 1970s:

**Options** 1. introduced greater stress into people's lives as they were expected to be responsible for their own happiness.

- 2. reflected the emergence of neuroscience as the authority on human emotions.
- 3. put people in touch with their own feelings rather than depending on psychologists.

4. was a welcome change from the earlier view that depression could be cured by changing circumstances.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686855 Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

## Comprehension:

[The] Indian government [has] announced an international competition to design a National War Memorial in New Delhi, to honour all of the Indian soldiers who served in the various wars and counter-insurgency campaigns from 1947 onwards. The terms of the competition also specified that the new structure would be built adjacent to the India Gate – a memorial to the Indian soldiers who died in the First World War. Between the old imperialist memorial and the proposed nationalist one, India's contribution to the Second World War is airbrushed out of existence.

The Indian government's conception of the war memorial was not merely absent-minded. Rather, it accurately reflected the fact that both academic history and popular memory have yet to come to terms with India's Second World War, which continues to be seen as little more than mood music in the drama of India's advance towards independence and partition in 1947. Further, the political trajectory of the postwar subcontinent has militated against popular remembrance of the war. With partition and the onset of the India-Pakistan rivalry, both of the new nations needed fresh stories for self-legitimisation rather than focusing on shared wartime experiences.

However, the Second World War played a crucial role in both the independence and partition of India.... The Indian army recruited, trained and deployed some 2.5 million men, almost 90,000 of which were killed and many more injured. Even at the time, it was recognised as the largest volunteer force in the war....

India's material and financial contribution to the war was equally significant. India emerged as a major military-industrial and logistical base for Allied operations in south-east Asia and the Middle East. This led the United States to take considerable interest in the country's future, and ensured that this was no longer the preserve of the British government.

Other wartime developments pointed in the direction of India's independence. In a stunning reversal of its long-standing financial relationship with Britain, India finished the war as one of the largest creditors to the imperial power.

Such extraordinary mobilization for war was achieved at great human cost, with the Bengal famine the most extreme manifestation of widespread wartime deprivation. The costs on India's home front must be counted in millions of lives.

Indians signed up to serve on the war and home fronts for a variety of reasons....[M]any were convinced that their contribution would open the doors to India's freedom.... The political and social churn triggered by the war was evident in the massive waves of popular protest and unrest that washed over rural and urban India in the aftermath of the conflict. This turmoil was crucial in persuading the Attlee government to rid itself of the incubus of ruling India....

Seventy years on, it is time that India engaged with the complex legacies of the Second World War. Bringing the war into the ambit of the new national memorial would be a fitting – if not overdue – recognition that this was India's War.

#### SubQuestion No: 6

## Q.6 The author claims that omitting mention of Indians who served in the Second World War from the new National War Memorial is:

Options 1. appropriate as their names can always be included in the India Gate memorial.

- 2. is something which can be rectified in future by constructing a separate memorial.
- 3. a reflection of the academic and popular view of India's role in the War.
- 4. a reflection of misplaced priorities of the post-independence Indian governments.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686770 Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

#### Comprehension:

[The] Indian government [has] announced an international competition to design a National War Memorial in New Delhi, to honour all of the Indian soldiers who served in the various wars and counter-insurgency campaigns from 1947 onwards. The terms of the competition also specified that the new structure would be built adjacent to the India Gate – a memorial to the Indian soldiers who died in the First World War. Between the old imperialist memorial and the proposed nationalist one, India's contribution to the Second World War is airbrushed out of existence.

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Seventy years on, it is time that India engaged with the complex legacies of the Second World War. Bringing the war into the ambit of the new national memorial would be a fitting – if not overdue – recognition that this was India's War.

### SubQuestion No: 7

Q.7 The author suggests that a major reason why India has not so far acknowledged its role in the Second World War is that it:

Options 1. wants to forget the human and financial toll of the War on the country.

- 2. has been focused on building an independent, non-colonial political identity.
- 3. blames the War for leading to the momentous partition of the country.

4. views the War as a predominantly Allied effort, with India playing only a supporting role.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686769 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

#### Comprehension:

[The] Indian government [has] announced an international competition to design a National War Memorial in New Delhi, to honour all of the Indian soldiers who served in the various wars and counter-insurgency campaigns from 1947 onwards. The terms of the competition also specified that the new structure would be built adjacent to the India Gate – a memorial to the Indian soldiers who died in the First World War. Between the old imperialist memorial and the proposed nationalist one, India's contribution to the Second World War is airbrushed out of existence.

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Other wartime developments pointed in the direction of India's independence. In a stunning reversal of its long-standing financial relationship with Britain, India finished the war as one of the largest creditors to the imperial power.

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Seventy years on, it is time that India engaged with the complex legacies of the Second World War. Bringing the war into the ambit of the new national memorial would be a fitting –



## SubQuestion No : 8

## Q.8 In the first paragraph, the author laments the fact that:

- Options 1. India lost thousands of human lives during the Second World War.
  - 2. funds will be wasted on another war memorial when we already have the India Gate memorial.
  - 3. the new war memorial will be built right next to India Gate.
  - 4. there is no recognition of the Indian soldiers who served in the Second World War.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686766 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

## Comprehension:

[The] Indian government [has] announced an international competition to design a National War Memorial in New Delhi, to honour all of the Indian soldiers who served in the various wars and counter-insurgency campaigns from 1947 onwards. The terms of the competition also specified that the new structure would be built adjacent to the India Gate – a memorial to the Indian soldiers who died in the First World War. Between the old imperialist memorial and the proposed nationalist one, India's contribution to the Second World War is airbrushed out of existence.

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## SubQuestion No: 9

## Q.9 The phrase "mood music" is used in the second paragraph to indicate that the Second World War is viewed as:

Options 1. a tragic period in terms of loss of lives and national wealth.

- 2. setting the stage for the emergence of the India-Pakistan rivalry in the subcontinent.
- 3. a backdrop to the subsequent independence and partition of the region.
- 4. a part of the narrative on the ill-effects of colonial rule on India.

Question ID : 4891686768 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

[The] Indian government [has] announced an international competition to design a National War Memorial in New Delhi, to honour all of the Indian soldiers who served in the various wars and counter-insurgency campaigns from 1947 onwards. The terms of the competition also specified that the new structure would be built adjacent to the India Gate – a memorial to the Indian soldiers who died in the First World War. Between the old imperialist memorial and the proposed nationalist one, India's contribution to the Second World War is airbrushed out of existence.

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#### SubQuestion No: 10

#### Q.10 The author lists all of the following as outcomes of the Second World War EXCEPT:

Options 1. the large financial debt India owed to Britain after the War.

- 2. large-scale deaths in Bengal as a result of deprivation and famine.
- 3. independence of the subcontinent and its partition into two countries.
- 4. US recognition of India's strategic location and role in the War.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686767 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

## Comprehension:

... "Everybody pretty much agrees that the relationship between elephants and people has dramatically changed," [says psychologist Gay] Bradshaw.... "Where for centuries humans and elephants lived in relatively peaceful coexistence, there is now hostility and violence. Now, I use the term 'violence' because of the intentionality associated with it, both in the aggression of humans and, at times, the recently observed behavior of elephants."...

Typically, elephant researchers have cited, as a cause of aggression, the high levels of testosterone in newly matured male elephants or the competition for land and resources between elephants and humans. But. . . Bradshaw and several colleagues argue. . . that today's elephant populations are suffering from a form of chronic stress, a kind of species-wide trauma. Decades of poaching and culling and habitat loss, they claim, have so

disrupted the intricate web of familial and societal relations by which young elephants have traditionally been raised in the wild, and by which established elephant herds are governed, that what we are now witnessing is nothing less than a precipitous collapse of elephant culture...

Elephants, when left to their own devices, are profoundly social creatures.... Young elephants are raised within an extended, multitiered network of doting female caregivers that includes the birth mother, grandmothers, aunts and friends. These relations are maintained over a life span as long as 70 years. Studies of established herds have shown that young elephants stay within 15 feet of their mothers for nearly all of their first eight years of life, after which young females are socialized into the matriarchal network, while young males go off for a time into an all-male social group before coming back into the fold as mature adults....

This fabric of elephant society, Bradshaw and her colleagues [demonstrate], ha[s] effectively been frayed by years of habitat loss and poaching, along with systematic culling by government agencies to control elephant numbers and translocations of herds to different habitats.... As a result of such social upheaval, calves are now being born to and raised by ever younger and inexperienced mothers. Young orphaned elephants, meanwhile, that have witnessed the death of a parent at the hands of poachers are coming of age in the absence of the support system that defines traditional elephant life. "The loss of elephant elders," [says] Bradshaw ... "and the traumatic experience of witnessing the massacres of their family, impairs normal brain and behavior development in young elephants."

What Bradshaw and her colleagues describe would seem to be an extreme form of anthropocentric conjecture if the evidence that they've compiled from various elephant researchers. . . weren't so compelling. The elephants of decimated herds, especially orphans who've watched the death of their parents and elders from poaching and culling, exhibit behavior typically associated with post-traumatic stress disorder and other trauma-related disorders in humans: abnormal startle response, unpredictable asocial behavior, inattentive mothering and hyperaggression. . . .

[According to Bradshaw], "Elephants are suffering and behaving in the same ways that we recognize in ourselves as a result of violence.... Except perhaps for a few specific features, brain organization and early development of elephants and humans are extremely similar."

#### SubQuestion No: 11

#### Q.11 Which of the following statements best expresses the overall argument of this passage?

**Options** 1. The brain organisation and early development of elephants and humans are extremely similar.

2. The relationship between elephants and humans has changed from one of coexistence to one of hostility.

3. Elephants, like the humans they are in conflict with, are profoundly social creatures.

4. Recent elephant behaviour could be understood as a form of species-wide trauma-related response.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686685 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

#### Comprehension:

... "Everybody pretty much agrees that the relationship between elephants and people has dramatically changed," [says psychologist Gay] Bradshaw. ... "Where for centuries humans and elephants lived in relatively peaceful coexistence, there is now hostility and violence. Now, I use the term 'violence' because of the intentionality associated with it, both in the aggression of humans and, at times, the recently observed behavior of elephants."...

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This fabric of elephant society, Bradshaw and her colleagues [demonstrate], ha[s] effectively been frayed by years of habitat loss and poaching, along with systematic culling by government agencies to control elephant numbers and translocations of herds to different

habitats.... As a result of such social upheaval, calves are now being born to and raised by ever younger and inexperienced mothers. Young orphaned elephants, meanwhile, that have witnessed the death of a parent at the hands of poachers are coming of age in the absence of the support system that defines traditional elephant life. "The loss of elephant elders," [says] Bradshaw ... "and the traumatic experience of witnessing the massacres of their family, impairs normal brain and behavior development in young elephants."

What Bradshaw and her colleagues describe would seem to be an extreme form of anthropocentric conjecture if the evidence that they've compiled from various elephant researchers. . . weren't so compelling. The elephants of decimated herds, especially orphans who've watched the death of their parents and elders from poaching and culling, exhibit behavior typically associated with post-traumatic stress disorder and other trauma-related disorders in humans: abnormal startle response, unpredictable asocial behavior, inattentive mothering and hyperaggression. . .

[According to Bradshaw], "Elephants are suffering and behaving in the same ways that we recognize in ourselves as a result of violence.... Except perhaps for a few specific features, brain organization and early development of elephants and humans are extremely similar."

#### SubQuestion No: 12

## Q.12 Which of the following measures is Bradshaw most likely to support to address the problem of elephant aggression?

**Options** 1. Increased funding for research into the similarity of humans and other animals drawing on insights gained from human-elephant similarities.

2. Studying the impact of isolating elephant calves on their early brain development, behaviour and aggression.

3. The development of treatment programmes for elephants drawing on insights gained from treating post-traumatic stress disorder in humans.

4. Funding of more studies to better understand the impact of testosterone on male elephant aggression.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686688 Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

#### Comprehension:

... "Everybody pretty much agrees that the relationship between elephants and people has dramatically changed," [says psychologist Gay] Bradshaw. ... "Where for centuries humans and elephants lived in relatively peaceful coexistence, there is now hostility and violence. Now, I use the term 'violence' because of the intentionality associated with it, both in the aggression of humans and, at times, the recently observed behavior of elephants."...

Typically, elephant researchers have cited, as a cause of aggression, the high levels of testosterone in newly matured male elephants or the competition for land and resources between elephants and humans. But. . . Bradshaw and several colleagues argue. . . that today's elephant populations are suffering from a form of chronic stress, a kind of species-wide trauma. Decades of poaching and culling and habitat loss, they claim, have so disrupted the intricate web of familial and societal relations by which young elephants have traditionally been raised in the wild, and by which established elephant herds are governed, that what we are now witnessing is nothing less than a precipitous collapse of elephant culture. . . .

Elephants, when left to their own devices, are profoundly social creatures. . . . Young elephants are raised within an extended, multitiered network of doting female caregivers that includes the birth mother, grandmothers, aunts and friends. These relations are maintained over a life span as long as 70 years. Studies of established herds have shown that young elephants stay within 15 feet of their mothers for nearly all of their first eight years of life, after which young females are socialized into the matriarchal network, while young males go off for a time into an all-male social group before coming back into the fold as mature adults. . . .

This fabric of elephant society, Bradshaw and her colleagues [demonstrate], ha[s] effectively been frayed by years of habitat loss and poaching, along with systematic culling by government agencies to control elephant numbers and translocations of herds to different habitats.... As a result of such social upheaval, calves are now being born to and raised by ever younger and inexperienced mothers. Young orphaned elephants, meanwhile, that have witnessed the death of a parent at the hands of poachers are coming of age in the absence of the support system that defines traditional elephant life. "The loss of elephant elders," [says] Bradshaw ... "and the traumatic experience of witnessing the massacres of their family, impairs normal brain and behavior development in young elephants."

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[According to Bradshaw], "Elephants are suffering and behaving in the same ways that we recognize in ourselves as a result of violence.... Except perhaps for a few specific features, brain organization and early development of elephants and humans are extremely similar."

#### SubQuestion No: 13

## Q.13 In the first paragraph, Bradshaw uses the term "violence" to describe the recent change in the human-elephant relationship because, according to him:

## Options 1. human-elephant interactions have changed their character over time.

- 2. both humans and elephants have killed members of each other's species.
- 3. elephant herds and their habitat have been systematically destroyed by humans.
- 4. there is a purposefulness in human and elephant aggression towards each other.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686686 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

... "Everybody pretty much agrees that the relationship between elephants and people has dramatically changed," [says psychologist Gay] Bradshaw.... "Where for centuries humans and elephants lived in relatively peaceful coexistence, there is now hostility and violence. Now, I use the term 'violence' because of the intentionality associated with it, both in the aggression of humans and, at times, the recently observed behavior of elephants."...

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[According to Bradshaw], "Elephants are suffering and behaving in the same ways that we recognize in ourselves as a result of violence. . . . Except perhaps for a few specific features, brain organization and early development of elephants and humans are extremely similar."

#### SubQuestion No: 14

## Q.14 In paragraph 4, the phrase, "The fabric of elephant society . . . has[s] effectively been frayed by . . ." is:

Options 1. an exaggeration aimed at bolstering Bradshaw's claims.

- 2. an ode to the fragility of elephant society today.
- 3. a metaphor for the effect of human activity on elephant communities.
- 4. an accurate description of the condition of elephant herds today.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686689 Status : Answered ... "Everybody pretty much agrees that the relationship between elephants and people has dramatically changed," [says psychologist Gay] Bradshaw.... "Where for centuries humans and elephants lived in relatively peaceful coexistence, there is now hostility and violence. Now, I use the term 'violence' because of the intentionality associated with it, both in the aggression of humans and, at times, the recently observed behavior of elephants."...

Typically, elephant researchers have cited, as a cause of aggression, the high levels of testosterone in newly matured male elephants or the competition for land and resources between elephants and humans. But. . . Bradshaw and several colleagues argue. . . that today's elephant populations are suffering from a form of chronic stress, a kind of species-wide trauma. Decades of poaching and culling and habitat loss, they claim, have so disrupted the intricate web of familial and societal relations by which young elephants have traditionally been raised in the wild, and by which established elephant herds are governed, that what we are now witnessing is nothing less than a precipitous collapse of elephant culture. . . .

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#### SubQuestion No: 15

#### Q.15 The passage makes all of the following claims EXCEPT:

Options 1. elephants establish extended and enduring familial relationships as do humans.

2. the elephant response to deeply disturbing experiences is similar to that of humans.

3. human actions such as poaching and culling have created stressful conditions for elephant communities.

elephant mothers are evolving newer ways of rearing their calves to adapt to emerging threats.

> Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686687 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

#### Comprehension:

The only thing worse than being lied to is not knowing you're being lied to. It's true that plastic pollution is a huge problem, of planetary proportions. And it's true we could all do more to reduce our plastic footprint. The lie is that blame for the plastic problem is wasteful consumers and that changing our individual habits will fix it.

Recycling plastic is to saving the Earth what hammering a nail is to halting a falling skyscraper. You struggle to find a place to do it and feel pleased when you succeed. But your effort is wholly inadequate and distracts from the real problem of why the building is collapsing in the first place. The real problem is that single-use plastic—the very idea of producing plastic items like grocery bags, which we use for an average of 12 minutes but can persist in the environment for half a millennium—is an incredibly reckless abuse of technology. Encouraging individuals to recycle more will never solve the problem of a massive production of single-use plastic that should have been avoided in the first place.

As an ecologist and evolutionary biologist, I have had a disturbing window into the accumulating literature on the hazards of plastic pollution. Scientists have long recognized that plastics biodegrade slowly, if at all, and pose multiple threats to wildlife through entanglement and consumption. More recent reports highlight dangers posed by absorption of toxic chemicals in the water and by plastic odors that mimic some species' natural food. Plastics also accumulate up the food chain, and studies now show that we are likely ingesting it ourselves in seafood. ...

Beginning in the 1950s, big beverage companies like Coca-Cola and Anheuser-Busch, along with Phillip Morris and others, formed a non-profit called Keep America Beautiful. Its mission is/was to educate and encourage environmental stewardship in the public. . . . At face value, these efforts seem benevolent, but they obscure the real problem, which is the role that corporate polluters play in the plastic problem. This clever misdirection has led journalist and author Heather Rogers to describe Keep America Beautiful as the first corporate greenwashing front, as it has helped shift the public focus to consumer recycling behavior and actively thwarted legislation that would increase extended producer responsibility for waste management. . . . [T]he greatest success of Keep America Beautiful has been to shift the onus of environmental responsibility onto the public while simultaneously becoming a trusted name in the environmental movement. . . .

So what can we do to make responsible use of plastic a reality? First: reject the lie. Litterbugs are not responsible for the global ecological disaster of plastic. Humans can only function to the best of their abilities, given time, mental bandwidth and systemic constraints. Our huge problem with plastic is the result of a permissive legal framework that has allowed the uncontrolled rise of plastic pollution, despite clear evidence of the harm it causes to local communities and the world's oceans. Recycling is also too hard in most parts of the U.S. and lacks the proper incentives to make it work well.

#### SubQuestion No : 16

#### Q.16 Which of the following interventions would the author most strongly support:

- **Options** 1. completely banning all single-use plastic bags.
  - 2. passing regulations targeted at producers that generate plastic products.
  - 3. recycling all plastic debris in the seabed.
  - 4. having all consumers change their plastic consumption habits.

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : **4891686847** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **2** 

#### Comprehension:

The only thing worse than being lied to is not knowing you're being lied to. It's true that plastic pollution is a huge problem, of planetary proportions. And it's true we could all do more to reduce our plastic footprint. The lie is that blame for the plastic problem is wasteful consumers and that changing our individual habits will fix it.

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the uncontrolled rise of plastic pollution, despite clear evidence of the harm it causes to local communities and the world's oceans. Recycling is also too hard in most parts of the U.S. and lacks the proper incentives to make it work well.

#### SubQuestion No : 17

### Q.17 The author lists all of the following as negative effects of the use of plastics EXCEPT the:

Options 1. slow pace of degradation or non-degradation of plastics in the environment.

- 2. adverse impacts on the digestive systems of animals exposed to plastic.
  - 3. air pollution caused during the process of recycling plastics.
  - 4. poisonous chemicals released into the water and food we consume.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686848 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

The only thing worse than being lied to is not knowing you're being lied to. It's true that plastic pollution is a huge problem, of planetary proportions. And it's true we could all do more to reduce our plastic footprint. The lie is that blame for the plastic problem is wasteful consumers and that changing our individual habits will fix it.

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#### SubQuestion No: 18

#### Q.18 In the first paragraph, the author uses "lie" to refer to the:

Options 1. fact that people do not know they have been lied to.

- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{2}}.$  understatement of the enormity of the plastics pollution problem.
- 3. blame assigned to consumers for indiscriminate use of plastics.
- 4. understatement of the effects of recycling plastics.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686849 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

The only thing worse than being lied to is not knowing you're being lied to. It's true that plastic pollution is a huge problem, of planetary proportions. And it's true we could all do more to reduce our plastic footprint. The lie is that blame for the plastic problem is wasteful

consumers and that changing our individual habits will fix it.

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#### SubQuestion No: 19

Q.19 It can be inferred that the author considers the Keep America Beautiful organisation:

Options 1. a "greenwash" because it was a benevolent attempt to improve public recycling habits.

- 2. a sham as it diverted attention away from the role of corporates in plastics pollution.
- 3. an innovative example of a collaborative corporate social responsibility initiative.
- 4. an important step in sensitising producers to the need to tackle plastics pollution.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686851 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2

#### Comprehension:

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#### SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 In the second paragraph, the phrase "what hammering a nail is to halting a falling skyscraper" means:

**Options** 1. relying on emerging technologies to mitigate the ill-effects of plastic pollution.

- 2. encouraging the responsible production of plastics by firms.
- 3. focusing on consumer behaviour to tackle the problem of plastics pollution.
- 4. focusing on single-use plastic bags to reduce the plastics footprint.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686850 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

When researchers at Emory University in Atlanta trained mice to fear the smell of almonds (by pairing it with electric shocks), they found, to their consternation, that both the children and grandchildren of these mice were spontaneously afraid of the same smell. That is not supposed to happen. Generations of schoolchildren have been taught that the inheritance of acquired characteristics is impossible. A mouse should not be born with something its parents have learned during their lifetimes, any more than a mouse that loses its tail in an accident should give birth to tailless mice. . . .

Modern evolutionary biology dates back to a synthesis that emerged around the 1940s-60s, which married Charles Darwin's mechanism of natural selection with Gregor Mendel's discoveries of how genes are inherited. The traditional, and still dominant, view is that adaptations – from the human brain to the peacock's tail – are fully and satisfactorily explained by natural selection (and subsequent inheritance). Yet [new evidence] from genomics, epigenetics and developmental biology [indicates] that evolution is more complex than we once assumed....

In his book *On Human Nature* (1978), the evolutionary biologist Edward O Wilson claimed that human culture is held on a genetic leash. The metaphor [needs revision].... Imagine a dog-walker (the genes) struggling to retain control of a brawny mastiff (human culture). The pair's trajectory (the pathway of evolution) reflects the outcome of the struggle. Now imagine the same dog-walker struggling with multiple dogs, on leashes of varied lengths, with each dog tugging in different directions. All these tugs represent the influence of developmental factors, including epigenetics, antibodies and hormones passed on by parents, as well as the ecological legacies and culture they bequeath....

The received wisdom is that parental experiences can't affect the characters of their offspring. Except they do. The way that genes are expressed to produce an organism's phenotype – the actual characteristics it ends up with – is affected by chemicals that attach to them. Everything from diet to air pollution to parental behaviour can influence the addition or removal of these chemical marks, which switches genes on or off. Usually these so-called 'epigenetic' attachments are removed during the production of sperm and eggs cells, but it turns out that some escape the resetting process and are passed on to the next generation, along with the genes. This is known as 'epigenetic inheritance', and more and more studies are confirming that it really happens. Let's return to the almond-fearing mice. The inheritance of an epigenetic mark transmitted in the sperm is what led the mice's offspring to acquire an inherited fear. . . .

Epigenetics is only part of the story. Through culture and society, [humans and other animals] inherit knowledge and skills acquired by [their] parents.... All this complexity ... points to an evolutionary process in which genomes (over hundreds to thousands of generations), epigenetic modifications and inherited cultural factors (over several, perhaps tens or hundreds of generations), and parental effects (over single-generation timespans) collectively inform how organisms adapt. These extra-genetic kinds of inheritance give organisms the flexibility to make rapid adjustments to environmental challenges, dragging genetic change in their wake – much like a rowdy pack of dogs.

SubQuestion No : 21

Q.21 Which of the following options best describes the author's argument?

Options 1. Darwin's theory of natural selection cannot fully explain evolution.



- 2. Mendel's theory of inheritance is unfairly underestimated in explaining evolution.
- 3. Darwin's and Mendel's theories together best explain evolution.
- 4. Wilson's theory of evolution is scientifically superior to either Darwin's or Mendel's.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686953 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### **Comprehension:**

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The received wisdom is that parental experiences can't affect the characters of their offspring. Except they do. The way that genes are expressed to produce an organism's phenotype – the actual characteristics it ends up with – is affected by chemicals that attach to them. Everything from diet to air pollution to parental behaviour can influence the addition or removal of these chemical marks, which switches genes on or off. Usually these so-called 'epigenetic' attachments are removed during the production of sperm and eggs cells, but it turns out that some escape the resetting process and are passed on to the next generation, along with the genes. This is known as 'epigenetic inheritance', and more and more studies are confirming that it really happens. Let's return to the almond-fearing mice. The inheritance of an epigenetic mark transmitted in the sperm is what led the mice's offspring to acquire an inherited fear....

Epigenetics is only part of the story. Through culture and society, [humans and other animals] inherit knowledge and skills acquired by [their] parents. . . . All this complexity . . . points to an evolutionary process in which genomes (over hundreds to thousands of generations), epigenetic modifications and inherited cultural factors (over several, perhaps tens or hundreds of generations), and parental effects (over single-generation timespans) collectively inform how organisms adapt. These extra-genetic kinds of inheritance give organisms the flexibility to make rapid adjustments to environmental challenges, dragging genetic change in their wake – much like a rowdy pack of dogs.

## SubQuestion No : 22

Q.22 The passage uses the metaphor of a dog walker to argue that evolutionary adaptation is most comprehensively understood as being determined by:

- Options 1. socio-cultural, genetic, epigenetic, and genomic legacies
  - 2. ecological, hormonal, extra genetic and genetic legacies.
  - 3. genetic, epigenetic, developmental factors, and ecological legacies.
  - 4. extra genetic, genetic, epigenetic and genomic legacies.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686952 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

When researchers at Emory University in Atlanta trained mice to fear the smell of almonds (by pairing it with electric shocks), they found, to their consternation, that both the children and grandchildren of these mice were spontaneously afraid of the same smell. That is not supposed to happen. Generations of schoolchildren have been taught that the inheritance of

acquired characteristics is impossible. A mouse should not be born with something its parents have learned during their lifetimes, any more than a mouse that loses its tail in an accident should give birth to tailless mice....

Modern evolutionary biology dates back to a synthesis that emerged around the 1940s-60s, which married Charles Darwin's mechanism of natural selection with Gregor Mendel's discoveries of how genes are inherited. The traditional, and still dominant, view is that adaptations – from the human brain to the peacock's tail – are fully and satisfactorily explained by natural selection (and subsequent inheritance). Yet [new evidence] from genomics, epigenetics and developmental biology [indicates] that evolution is more complex than we once assumed. . . .

In his book *On Human Nature* (1978), the evolutionary biologist Edward O Wilson claimed that human culture is held on a genetic leash. The metaphor [needs revision]... Imagine a dog-walker (the genes) struggling to retain control of a brawny mastiff (human culture). The pair's trajectory (the pathway of evolution) reflects the outcome of the struggle. Now imagine the same dog-walker struggling with multiple dogs, on leashes of varied lengths, with each dog tugging in different directions. All these tugs represent the influence of developmental factors, including epigenetics, antibodies and hormones passed on by parents, as well as the ecological legacies and culture they bequeath...

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Epigenetics is only part of the story. Through culture and society, [humans and other animals] inherit knowledge and skills acquired by [their] parents. . . All this complexity . . . points to an evolutionary process in which genomes (over hundreds to thousands of generations), epigenetic modifications and inherited cultural factors (over several, perhaps tens or hundreds of generations), and parental effects (over single-generation timespans) collectively inform how organisms adapt. These extra-genetic kinds of inheritance give organisms the flexibility to make rapid adjustments to environmental challenges, dragging genetic change in their wake – much like a rowdy pack of dogs.

#### SubQuestion No: 23

Q.23 The Emory University experiment with mice points to the inheritance of:

**Options** 1. psychological markers

- 2. personality traits
- 3. acquired parental fears
- 4. acquired characteristics

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686954 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4

#### Comprehension:

When researchers at Emory University in Atlanta trained mice to fear the smell of almonds (by pairing it with electric shocks), they found, to their consternation, that both the children and grandchildren of these mice were spontaneously afraid of the same smell. That is not supposed to happen. Generations of schoolchildren have been taught that the inheritance of acquired characteristics is impossible. A mouse should not be born with something its parents have learned during their lifetimes, any more than a mouse that loses its tail in an accident should give birth to tailless mice. . . .

Modern evolutionary biology dates back to a synthesis that emerged around the 1940s-60s, which married Charles Darwin's mechanism of natural selection with Gregor Mendel's discoveries of how genes are inherited. The traditional, and still dominant, view is that adaptations – from the human brain to the peacock's tail – are fully and satisfactorily explained by natural selection (and subsequent inheritance). Yet [new evidence] from genomics, epigenetics and developmental biology [indicates] that evolution is more complex than we once assumed. . . .

In his book *On Human Nature* (1978), the evolutionary biologist Edward O Wilson claimed that human culture is held on a genetic leash. The metaphor [needs revision]... Imagine a dog-walker (the genes) struggling to retain control of a brawny mastiff (human culture). The pair's trajectory (the pathway of evolution) reflects the outcome of the struggle. Now imagine the same dog-walker struggling with multiple dogs, on leashes of varied lengths, with each dog tugging in different directions. All these tugs represent the influence of developmental factors, including epigenetics, antibodies and hormones passed on by

	parents, as well as the ecological legacies and culture they bequeath.	
	The received wisdom is that parental experiences can't affect the char offspring. Except they do. The way that genes are expressed to produc phenotype – the actual characteristics it ends up with – is affected by to them. Everything from diet to air pollution to parental behaviour can	ce an organism's chemicals that attach
	or removal of these chemical marks, which switches genes on or off. I 'epigenetic' attachments are removed during the production of sperm turns out that some escape the resetting process and are passed on t	Usually these so-called and eggs cells, but it o the next generation,
	along with the genes. This is known as 'epigenetic inheritance', and me are confirming that it really happens. Let's return to the almond-fearing inheritance of an epigenetic mark transmitted in the sperm is what lec to acquire an inherited fear	g mice. The
	Epigenetics is only part of the story. Through culture and society, [hum animals] inherit knowledge and skills acquired by [their] parents A points to an evolutionary process in which genomes (over hundreds to generations), epigenetic modifications and inherited cultural factors (or	II this complexity o thousands of
	tens or hundreds of generations), and parental effects (over single-generations), and parental effects (over single-generation	f inheritance give
	SubQuestion No : 24	
Q.24	Which of the following, if found to be true, would negate the main me passage?	ssage of the
ption	<ul><li>s 1. A study affirming the influence of socio-cultural markers on evolution</li><li>2. A study indicating the primacy of ecological impact on human adaption</li></ul>	
	3. A study highlighting the criticality of epigenetic inheritance to evolution	
	4. A study affirming the sole influence of natural selection and inherita	Ince on evolution.
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : <b>4891686955</b>
		Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
5 m 1. Di 2. A	ve sentences related to a topic are given below. Four of them can be pre- eaningful and coherent short paragraph. Identify the odd one out. splacement in Bengal is thus not very significant in view of its magnitu factor of displacement in Bengal is the shifting course of the Ganges I	ude.
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5 m 1. Di 2. A riv 3. Th 4. Sin inv	eaningful and coherent short paragraph. Identify the odd one out. splacement in Bengal is thus not very significant in view of its magnitu factor of displacement in Bengal is the shifting course of the Ganges I ver banks. ne nature of displacement in Bengal makes it an interesting case study nce displacement due to erosion is well spread over a long period of ti visible.	ude. eading to erosion of me, it remains
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5 m 1. Dia 2. A f 7 riv 3. Th 4. Sin 5. Ra 2. 2 Th 6 co of 1. Bu 2. De St 3. Be 4. Ve (2. 2 Th 6 co of 1. Bu 2. 2 Th 6 co 7 m 4. Sin 5. Ra 2. 2 Th 7 m 4. Sin 5. Ra 7 m 4. Sin 7 m 5. Ra 7 m 7 m 7 m 7 m 7 m 7 m 7 m 7 m	eaningful and coherent short paragraph. Identify the odd one out. splacement in Bengal is thus not very significant in view of its magnitu factor of displacement in Bengal is the shifting course of the Ganges I ver banks. he nature of displacement in Bengal makes it an interesting case study nce displacement due to erosion is well spread over a long period of ti visible. apid displacement would have helped sensitize the public to its human the four sentences (labelled 1,2,3,4) given in this question, when proper order of the sentences and key in this sequence of four numbers as yo ut now we have another group: the unwitting enablers. emocracy and high levels of inequality of the kind that have come to chates are simply incompatible. elieving these people are working for a better world, they are, actually, way at the margins, making slight course corrections, ensuring the sys interrupted. ery rich people will always use money to maintain their political and ec	rde. eading to erosion of me, it remains costs.
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<ul> <li>itself would be sufficient to make people permanently postpone the decision if they were fully cognizant of its benefits.</li> <li>4. In most cases, even a small cost of immunization was large enough to discourage most people.</li> <li>5. Not only do they have to think that they prefer to spend time going to the camp next month</li> </ul>				
rather than today, they also have to believe that they will indeed go next month.				
	Question Type : SA			
	Question ID : 4891686592			
	Status : Answered			
	Given Answer : 1			
<ul> <li>2. The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, and 4) given in this question, when p</li> <li>8 form a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper order for the sentences sequence of four numbers as your answer.</li> <li>1. The eventual diagnosis was skin cancer and after treatment all seemed w</li> <li>2. The viola player didn't know what it was; nor did her GP.</li> <li>3. Then a routine scan showed it had come back and spread to her lungs.</li> <li>4. It started with a lump on Cathy Perkins' index finger.</li> </ul>	and key in this			
	Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686574			
	Status : Answered			
	Given Answer : 4213			
since Leonardo Bruni's De interpretatione recta, published in 1424.	ed practitioners			
<ul> <li>since Leonardo Bruni's <i>De interpretatione recta</i>, published in 1424.</li> <li>Bees, unaware of these deliberations, have continued to flit from flower to translators continue to translate.</li> <li>In 1934, the French entomologist August Magnan pronounced the flight of be aerodynamically impossible</li> </ul>	o flower, and			
<ol> <li>Bees, unaware of these deliberations, have continued to flit from flower to translators continue to translate.</li> <li>In 1934, the French entomologist August Magnan pronounced the flight of</li> </ol>	o flower, and of the bumblebee to			
<ol> <li>Bees, unaware of these deliberations, have continued to flit from flower to translators continue to translate.</li> <li>In 1934, the French entomologist August Magnan pronounced the flight of</li> </ol>	o flower, and			
<ol> <li>Bees, unaware of these deliberations, have continued to flit from flower to translators continue to translate.</li> <li>In 1934, the French entomologist August Magnan pronounced the flight of</li> </ol>	o flower, and of the bumblebee to Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686816 Status : Answered			
<ol> <li>Bees, unaware of these deliberations, have continued to flit from flower to translators continue to translate.</li> <li>In 1934, the French entomologist August Magnan pronounced the flight of</li> </ol>	o flower, and of the bumblebee to Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686816			

Artificial embryo twinning is a relatively low-tech way to make clones. As the name suggests, this technique mimics the natural process that creates identical twins. In nature, twins form very early in development when the embryo splits in two. Twinning happens in the first days after egg and sperm join, while the embryo is made of just a small number of unspecialized cells. Each half of the embryo continues dividing on its own, ultimately developing into separate, complete individuals. Since they developed from the same fertilized egg, the resulting individuals are genetically identical.				
ptions 1. Artificial embryo twinning is low-tech unlike the natural development of identical twins from the embryo after fertilization.				
<ol><li>Artificial embryo twinning is low-tech and is close to the natural deve where the embryo splits into two identical twins.</li></ol>	lopment of twins			
<ol> <li>Artificial embryo twinning is just like the natural development of twins, where during fertilization twins are formed.</li> </ol>				
<ol> <li>Artificial embryo twinning is low-tech and mimetic of the natural development of genetically identical twins from the embryo after fertilization.</li> </ol>				
	Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686600 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4			
<ul> <li>Q.3 The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, and 4) given in this question, when properly sequenced,</li> <li>form a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper order for the sentences and key in this sequence of four numbers as your answer.</li> <li>The woodland's canopy receives most of the sunlight that falls on the trees.</li> <li>Swifts do not confine themselves to woodlands, but hunt wherever there are insects in the air.</li> <li>With their streamlined bodies, swifts are agile flyers, ideally adapted to twisting and turning through the air as they chase flying insects – the creatures that form their staple diet.</li> <li>Hundreds of thousands of insects fly in the sunshine up above the canopy, some falling prey to swifts and swallows</li> </ul>				
	Question Type : SA			
	Question ID : <b>4891686578</b>			
	Status : Answered Given Answer : 1423			
<ol> <li>3 coherent paragraph. Each sentence is labelled with a number. Decide on t of order of the sentences and key in this sequence of four numbers as you</li> <li>1. Impartiality and objectivity are fiendishly difficult concepts that can cause injustices even if transparently implemented.</li> <li>2. It encourages us into bubbles of people we know and like, while blinding u perspectives, but the deeper problem of 'transparency' lies in the words ".</li> <li>3. Twitter's website says that "tweets you are likely to care about most will s timelinebased on accounts you interact with most, tweets you engage w</li> <li>4. We are only told some of the basic principles, and we can't see the algorit hard for citizens to analyse the system sensibly or fairly or be convinced or and objectivity.</li> </ol>	ur answer: a all sorts of us to different and much more". how up first in your ith, and much more." hm itself, making it			
	Question Type : SA			
	Question ID : 4891687265			
	Status : <b>Answered</b> Given Answer : <b>1234</b>			
0.34 The passage given below is followed by four summaries. Choose the				
Q.34 The passage given below is followed by four summaries. Choose the option that best captures the author's position.				
The conceptualization of landscape as a geometric object first occurred in Europe and is historically related to the European conceptualization of the organism, particularly the human body, as a geometric object with parts having a rational, three-dimensional organization and integration. The European idea of landscape appeared before the science of landscape emerged, and it is no coincidence that Renaissance artists such as Leonardo da Vinci, who studied the structure of the human body, also facilitated an understanding of the structure of landscape. Landscape which had been a subordinate background to religious or historical narratives, became an independent genre or subject of art by the end of sixteenth century or the beginning of the seventeenth century.				
<ul> <li>Options 1. The study of landscape as an independent genre was aided by the Re</li> <li>2. The three-dimensional understanding of the organism in Europe led t towards the understanding of landscape.</li> </ul>				
<ol> <li>Landscape became a major subject of art at the turn of the sixteenth</li> <li>The Renaissance artists were responsible for the study of landscape</li> </ol>				

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4891686613 Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

#### Section : DILR

#### Comprehension:

Adriana, Bandita, Chitra, and Daisy are four female students, and Amit, Barun, Chetan, and Deb are four male students. Each of them studies in one of three institutes - X, Y, and Z. Each student majors in one subject among Marketing, Operations, and Finance, and minors in a different one among these three subjects. The following facts are known about the eight students:

- 1. Three students are from X, three are from Y, and the remaining two students, both female, are from Z.
- 2. Both the male students from Y minor in Finance, while the female student from Y majors in Operations.
- 3. Only one male student majors in Operations, while three female students minor in Marketing.
- 4. One female and two male students major in Finance.
- 5. Adriana and Deb are from the same institute. Daisy and Amit are from the same institute.
- 6. Barun is from Y and majors in Operations. Chetan is from X and majors in Finance.
- 7. Daisy minors in Operations.

## SubQuestion No : 1

### Q.1 Who are the students from the institute Z?

- Options 1. Adriana and Bandita
  - 2. Adriana and Daisy
  - 3. Bandita and Chitra
  - 4. Chitra and Daisy

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686971 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

#### Comprehension:

Adriana, Bandita, Chitra, and Daisy are four female students, and Amit, Barun, Chetan, and Deb are four male students. Each of them studies in one of three institutes - X, Y, and Z. Each student majors in one subject among Marketing, Operations, and Finance, and minors in a different one among these three subjects. The following facts are known about the eight students:

- 1. Three students are from X, three are from Y, and the remaining two students, both female, are from Z.
- 2. Both the male students from Y minor in Finance, while the female student from Y majors in Operations.
- 3. Only one male student majors in Operations, while three female students minor in Marketing.
- 4. One female and two male students major in Finance.
- 5. Adriana and Deb are from the same institute. Daisy and Amit are from the same institute.
- 6. Barun is from Y and majors in Operations. Chetan is from X and majors in Finance.
- 7. Daisy minors in Operations.

#### SubQuestion No: 2

#### Q.2 Which subject does Deb minor in?

## Options 1. Marketing

- 2. Cannot be determined uniquely from the given information
- 3. Finance
- 4. Operations

.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686972 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3

## Comprehension:

Adriana, Bandita, Chitra, and Daisy are four female students, and Amit, Barun, Chetan, and Deb are four male students. Each of them studies in one of three institutes - X, Y, and Z. Each student majors in one subject among Marketing, Operations, and Finance, and minors

in a different one among these three subjects. The following facts are known about the eight students:

- Three students are from X, three are from Y, and the remaining two students, both female, are from Z.
- 2. Both the male students from Y minor in Finance, while the female student from Y majors in Operations.
- 3. Only one male student majors in Operations, while three female students minor in Marketing.
- 4. One female and two male students major in Finance.
- 5. Adriana and Deb are from the same institute. Daisy and Amit are from the same institute.
- 6. Barun is from Y and majors in Operations. Chetan is from X and majors in Finance.
- 7. Daisy minors in Operations.

## SubQuestion No : 3

### Q.3 Which subject does Amit major in?

Options 1. Operations

- 2. Cannot be determined uniquely from the given information
- 3. Marketing
- 4. Finance

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686973 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

Adriana, Bandita, Chitra, and Daisy are four female students, and Amit, Barun, Chetan, and Deb are four male students. Each of them studies in one of three institutes - X, Y, and Z. Each student majors in one subject among Marketing, Operations, and Finance, and minors in a different one among these three subjects. The following facts are known about the eight students:

- 1. Three students are from X, three are from Y, and the remaining two students, both female, are from Z.
- 2. Both the male students from Y minor in Finance, while the female student from Y majors in Operations.
- 3. Only one male student majors in Operations, while three female students minor in Marketing.
- 4. One female and two male students major in Finance.
- 5. Adriana and Deb are from the same institute. Daisy and Amit are from the same institute.
- 6. Barun is from Y and majors in Operations. Chetan is from X and majors in Finance.
- 7. Daisy minors in Operations.

#### SubQuestion No: 4

## Q.4 If Chitra majors in Finance, which subject does Bandita major in?

## Options 1. Cannot be determined uniquely from the given information

- 2. Operations
- 3. Finance
- 4. Marketing

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686974 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

1600 satellites were sent up by a country for several purposes. The purposes are classified as broadcasting (B), communication (C), surveillance (S), and others (O). A satellite can serve multiple purposes; however a satellite serving either B, or C, or S does not serve O. The following facts are known about the satellites:

- 1. The numbers of satellites serving B, C, and S (though may be not exclusively) are in the ratio 2:1:1.
- 2. The number of satellites serving all three of B, C, and S is 100.
- 3. The number of satellites exclusively serving C is the same as the number of satellites
- exclusively serving S. This number is 30% of the number of satellites exclusively serving B. 4. The number of satellites serving O is the same as the number of satellites serving both C and S but not B.

## SubQuestion No : 5

## Q.5 What best can be said about the number of satellites serving C?

#### **Options** 1. Must be at least 100

- 2. Cannot be more than 800
- 3. Must be between 400 and 800
- 4. Must be between 450 and 725

	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891686545</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>Comprehension:         <ul> <li>1600 satellites were sent up by a country for several purposes. The purp as broadcasting (B), communication (C), surveillance (S), and others (O) serve multiple purposes; however a satellite serving either B, or C, or S of The following facts are known about the satellites:</li> <li>The numbers of satellites serving B, C, and S (though may be not exclus 2:1:1.</li> <li>The number of satellites exclusively serving C is the same as the number exclusively serving S. This number is 30% of the number of satellites exclusively serving O is the same as the number of satellites serving 0 is the same as the number of satellite and S but not B.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SubQuestion No : 6</li> <li>Q.6 What is the minimum possible number of satellites serving B exclusive Options 1. 500         <ul> <li>100</li> <li>200</li> <li>250</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	). A satellite can does not serve O. sively) are in the ratio er of satellites clusively serving B. tes serving both C
	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891686546</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>1600 satellites were sent up by a country for several purposes. The purp as broadcasting (B), communication (C), surveillance (S), and others (O) serve multiple purposes; however a satellite serving either B, or C, or S of The following facts are known about the satellites:</li> <li>1. The numbers of satellites serving B, C, and S (though may be not excluse 2:1:1.</li> <li>2. The number of satellites serving all three of B, C, and S is 100.</li> <li>3. The number of satellites exclusively serving C is the same as the number exclusively serving S. This number is 30% of the number of satellites exclusively and S but not B.</li> <li>SubQuestion No : 7</li> <li>Q.7 If at least 100 of the 1600 satellites were serving O, what can be said a satellites serving S?</li> <li>Options 1. No conclusion is possible based on the given information 2. At most 475</li> <li>3. At least 475</li> </ul>	). A satellite can does not serve O. sively) are in the ratio er of satellites clusively serving B. tes serving both C
4. Exactly 475	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891686547</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>Comprehension:         <ul> <li>1600 satellites were sent up by a country for several purposes. The purp as broadcasting (B), communication (C), surveillance (S), and others (O), serve multiple purposes; however a satellite serving either B, or C, or S of The following facts are known about the satellites:             <ol></ol></li></ul></li></ul>	). A satellite can does not serve O. sively) are in the ratio er of satellites clusively serving B. tes serving both C



### following MUST be FALSE?

Options 1. The number of satellites serving C cannot be uniquely determined

- 2. The number of satellites serving B exclusively is exactly 250
- 3. The number of satellites serving B is more than 1000
- 4. All 1600 satellites serve B or C or S

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686548 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

## Comprehension:

A company administers a written test comprising of three sections of 20 marks each – Data Interpretation (DI), Written English (WE) and General Awareness (GA), for recruitment. A composite score for a candidate (out of 80) is calculated by doubling her marks in DI and adding it to the sum of her marks in the other two sections. Candidates who score less than 70% marks in two or more sections are disqualified. From among the rest, the four with the highest composite scores are recruited. If four or less candidates qualify, all who qualify are recruited.

Ten candidates appeared for the written test. Their marks in the test are given in the table below. Some marks in the table are missing, but the following facts are known:

- 1. No two candidates had the same composite score.
- 2. Ajay was the unique highest scorer in WE.
- 3. Among the four recruited, Geeta had the lowest composite score.
- 4. Indu was recruited.
- 5. Danish, Harini, and Indu had scored the same marks the in GA.
- Indu and Jatin both scored 100% in exactly one section and Jatin's composite score was 10 more than Indu's.

Constitutes	marks out of 20			
Candidate	DI	WE	GA	
Ajay	8		16	
Bala		9	11	
Chetna	19	4	12	
Danish	8	15		
Ester	12	18	16	
Falak	15	7	10	
Geeta	14		6	
Harini	5			
Indu		8		
Jatin		16	14	

SubQuestion No : 9

- Q.9 Which of the following statements MUST be true?
- 1. Jatin's composite score was more than that of Danish.
- 2. Indu scored less than Chetna in DI.
- 3. Jatin scored more than Indu in GA.

Options 1. Both 2 and 3

2. Only 1

- 3. Only 2
- 4. Both 1 and 2

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686993 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

## Comprehension:

A company administers a written test comprising of three sections of 20 marks each – Data Interpretation (DI), Written English (WE) and General Awareness (GA), for recruitment. A composite score for a candidate (out of 80) is calculated by doubling her marks in DI and adding it to the sum of her marks in the other two sections. Candidates who score less than 70% marks in two or more sections are disqualified. From among the rest, the four with the highest composite scores are recruited. If four or less candidates qualify, all who qualify are



#### recruited.

Ten candidates appeared for the written test. Their marks in the test are given in the table below. Some marks in the table are missing, but the following facts are known:

- 1. No two candidates had the same composite score.
- 2. Ajay was the unique highest scorer in WE.
- 3. Among the four recruited, Geeta had the lowest composite score.
- 4. Indu was recruited.
- 5. Danish, Harini, and Indu had scored the same marks the in GA.
- 6. Indu and Jatin both scored 100% in exactly one section and Jatin's composite score was 10 more than Indu's.

Constitutes	marks out of 20			
Candidate	DI	WE	GA	
Ajay	8		16	
Bala		9	11	
Chetna	19	4	12	
Danish	8	15		
Ester	12	18	16	
Falak	15	7	10	
Geeta	14		6	
Harini	5			
Indu		8		
Jatin		16	14	

## SubQuestion No: 10

## Q.10 Which of the following statements MUST be FALSE?

## Options 1. Chetna scored more than Bala in DI

- 2. Harini's composite score was less than that of Falak
- 3. Bala's composite score was less than that of Ester
- 4. Bala scored same as Jatin in DI

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686994 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

A company administers a written test comprising of three sections of 20 marks each – Data Interpretation (DI), Written English (WE) and General Awareness (GA), for recruitment. A composite score for a candidate (out of 80) is calculated by doubling her marks in DI and adding it to the sum of her marks in the other two sections. Candidates who score less than 70% marks in two or more sections are disqualified. From among the rest, the four with the highest composite scores are recruited. If four or less candidates qualify, all who qualify are recruited.

Ten candidates appeared for the written test. Their marks in the test are given in the table below. Some marks in the table are missing, but the following facts are known:

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- 2. Ajay was the unique highest scorer in WE.
- 3. Among the four recruited, Geeta had the lowest composite score.
- 4. Indu was recruited.
- 5. Danish, Harini, and Indu had scored the same marks the in GA.
- 6. Indu and Jatin both scored 100% in exactly one section and Jatin's composite score was 10 more than Indu's.



Candidate	marks out of 20			
Candidate	DI	WE	GA	
Ajay	8		16	
Bala		9	11	
Chetna	19	4	12	
Danish	8	15		
Ester	12	18	16	
Falak	15	7	10	
Geeta	14		6	
Harini	5			
Indu		8	e-	
Jatin		16	14	

## SubQuestion No : 11

Q.1 If all the candidates except Ajay and Danish had different marks in DI,
 and Bala's composite score was less than Chetna's composite score,
 then what is the maximum marks that Bala could have scored in DI?

Question Type : **SA** Question ID : **4891687403** Status : **Not Answered** Given Answer : --

## Comprehension:

A company administers a written test comprising of three sections of 20 marks each – Data Interpretation (DI), Written English (WE) and General Awareness (GA), for recruitment. A composite score for a candidate (out of 80) is calculated by doubling her marks in DI and adding it to the sum of her marks in the other two sections. Candidates who score less than 70% marks in two or more sections are disqualified. From among the rest, the four with the highest composite scores are recruited. If four or less candidates qualify, all who qualify are recruited.

Ten candidates appeared for the written test. Their marks in the test are given in the table below. Some marks in the table are missing, but the following facts are known:

1. No two candidates had the same composite score.

2. Ajay was the unique highest scorer in WE.

3. Among the four recruited, Geeta had the lowest composite score.

4. Indu was recruited.

- 5. Danish, Harini, and Indu had scored the same marks the in GA.
- 6. Indu and Jatin both scored 100% in exactly one section and Jatin's composite score was 10

more than Indu's.

Candidate	marks out of 20			
Candidate	DI	WE	GA	
Ajay	8		16	
Bala		9	11	
Chetna	19	4	12	
Danish	8	15		
Ester	12	18	16	
Falak	15	7	10	
Geeta	14		6	
Harini	5			
Indu		8	67 -	
Jatin	-	16	14	

SubQuestion No : 12

# <sup>Q.1</sup> If all the candidates scored different marks in WE then what is the <sup>2</sup> maximum marks that Harini could have scored in WE?

Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891687404 Status : Not Answered

		Given Answer :			
		·			
An AT no	Imprehension: ATM dispenses exactly Rs. 5000 per withdrawal using 100, 200 and 50 M requires every customer to give her preference for one of the three de tes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the custor nomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denominations of	nominations of ner's preferred			
Su	SubQuestion No : 13 1 In how many different ways can the ATM serve a customer who gives 500 rupee notes as her				
3 pre	preference?				
		Question Type : SA			
		Question ID : <b>4891687415</b>			
		Status : Answered			
		Given Answer : 7			
Co	mprehension:				
AT no de	ATM dispenses exactly Rs. 5000 per withdrawal using 100, 200 and 50 M requires every customer to give her preference for one of the three de tes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the custom nomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denominations of	nominations of ner's preferred			
.1 lft 4 nu	bQuestion No : 14 the ATM could serve only 10 customers with a stock of fifty 500 rupee mber of notes of other denominations, what is the maximum number o ese 10 who could have given 500 rupee notes as their preferences?				
		Question Type : SA			
		Question ID : 4891687416			
		Status : Not Answered			
		Given Answer :			
	ATM requires every customer to give her preference for one of the thre notes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the cu denomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denominatio	stomer's preferred			
Q.15	SubQuestion No : 15 What is the maximum number of customers that the ATM can serve w 500 rupee notes and a sufficient number of notes of other denomination support and the served with at most 20 patter per with denue?	,			
	customers are to be served with at most 20 notes per withdrawal?				
ptions	s 1. 12				
ptions	-				
ptions	s1. 12 2. 16 3. 13				
ptions	s1. 12 2. 16				
ption₅	s1. 12 2. 16 3. 13	Question Type : MCQ			
ptions	s1. 12 2. 16 3. 13	Question ID : 4891686900			
ptions	s1. 12 2. 16 3. 13				
ptions	s1. 12 2. 16 3. 13 4. 10	Question ID : 4891686900 Status : Not Answered			
ptions	Comprehension: An ATM dispenses exactly Rs. 5000 per withdrawal using 100, 200 and ATM requires every customer to give her preference for one of the thre notes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the cu denomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denomination	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :			
	<ul> <li>Solution 1.12</li> <li>Solution 1.12</li> <li>SubQuestion No : 16</li> </ul>	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :			
	Comprehension: An ATM dispenses exactly Rs. 5000 per withdrawal using 100, 200 and ATM requires every customer to give her preference for one of the thre notes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the cu denomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denomination	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : 500 rupee notes. The e denominations of stomer's preferred ns dispensed to her. s with 500 rupee notes as their			
Q.16	<ul> <li>Solution 1.12</li> <li>Solution 1.12</li></ul>	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : 500 rupee notes. The e denominations of stomer's preferred ns dispensed to her. s with 500 rupee notes as their			
Q.16	<ul> <li>Solution 1.12</li> <li>Solution 1.12</li></ul>	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : 500 rupee notes. The e denominations of stomer's preferred ns dispensed to her. s with 500 rupee notes as their			
Q.16	<ul> <li>1. 12</li> <li>2. 16</li> <li>3. 13</li> <li>4. 10</li> </ul> Comprehension: An ATM dispenses exactly Rs. 5000 per withdrawal using 100, 200 and ATM requires every customer to give her preference for one of the thre notes. It then dispenses notes such that the number of notes of the cu denomination exceeds the total number of notes of other denominatio SubQuestion No : 16 What is the number of 500 rupee notes required to serve 50 customer notes as their preferences and another 50 customers with 100 rupee preferences, if the total number of notes to be dispensed is the smallers 1. 800 2. 750 3. 1400	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : 500 rupee notes. The e denominations of stomer's preferred ns dispensed to her. s with 500 rupee notes as their			
Q.16	<ul> <li>Solution 1.12</li> <li>Solution 1.12</li></ul>	Question ID : <b>4891686900</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : 500 rupee notes. The e denominations of stomer's preferred ns dispensed to her. s with 500 rupee notes as their			

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4891686901

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

#### Comprehension:

The multi-layered pie-chart below shows the sales of LED television sets for a big retail electronics outlet during 2016 and 2017. The outer layer shows the monthly sales during this period, with each label showing the month followed by sales figure of that month. For some months, the sales figures are not given in the chart. The middle-layer shows quarterwise aggregate sales figures (in some cases, aggregate quarter-wise sales numbers are not given next to the quarter). The innermost layer shows annual sales. It is known that the sales figures during the three months of the second quarter (April, May, June) of 2016 form an arithmetic progression, as do the three monthly sales figures in the fourth quarter (October, November, December) of that year.



#### SubQuestion No : 17



electronics outlet during 2016 and 2017. The outer layer shows the monthly sales during this period, with each label showing the month followed by sales figure of that month. For some months, the sales figures are not given in the chart. The middle-layer shows quarterwise aggregate sales figures (in some cases, aggregate quarter-wise sales numbers are not given next to the quarter). The innermost layer shows annual sales. It is known that the sales figures during the three months of the second quarter (April, May, June) of 2016 form an arithmetic progression, as do the three monthly sales figures in the fourth quarter (October, November, December) of that year.







	Comprehension:			
	You are given an n×n square matrix to be filled with numerals so that no two adjacent cells have the same numeral. Two cells are called adjacent if they touch each other horizontally,			
	vertically or diagonally. So a cell in one of the four corners has three cells adjacent to it, and			
	a cell in the first or last row or column which is not in the corner has five cells adjacent to it.			
	Any other cell has eight cells adjacent to it. SubQuestion No : 23 Suppose you are allowed to make one mistake, that is, one pair of adjacent cells can have			
0.23				
<b>4</b> . <b>2</b> 0	the same numeral. What is the minimum number of different numerals 5×5 matrix?			
Option	s 1. 9			
	2.16			
	3.4			
	4. 25			
	4. 20			
		Question Type : MCQ		
		Ouestion ID : <b>4891686894</b>		
		Status : Answered		
		Chosen Option : 1		
	Comprehension:			
	You are given an n×n square matrix to be filled with numerals so that no			
	have the same numeral. Two cells are called adjacent if they touch each vertically or diagonally. So a cell in one of the four corners has three cell			
	a cell in the first or last row or column which is not in the corner has five			
	Any other cell has eight cells adjacent to it.			
	SubQuestion No : 24			
0.24	Suppose that all the cells adjacent to any particular cell must have diff	arent numerals		
Q.24	What is the minimum number of different numerals needed to fill a 5×5			
		-1		
ption	<b>s</b> 1. 16			
-	2.9			
	3.4			
	4. 25			
	4. 20			
		Question Type : MCQ		
		Question ID : <b>4891686891</b>		
		Status : Answered		
		Chosen Option : 2		
	Comprehension:			
	Fuel contamination levels at each of 20 petrol pumps P1,	P2,, P20 were		
	recorded as either high, medium, or low.			
1.	Contamination levels at three pumps among P1 - P5 wer	e recorded as		
	high.			
2	P6 was the only pump among P1 – P10 where the contain	nination level		
	was recorded as low.			
3.	P7 and P8 were the only two consecutively numbered pur	nps where the		
	same levels of contamination were recorded.			
4	High contamination levels were not recorded at any of the	e pumps P16 –		
	P20.			
5	The number of pumps where high contamination levels w	ere recorded		
	was twice the number of pumps where low contamination			
	recorded.			
	SubQuestion No : 25			
Q.25	Which of the following MUST be true?			
ption	s 1. The contamination level at P10 was recorded as high.			
	2. The contamination level at P13 was recorded as low.			
	3. The contamination level at P20 was recorded as medium.			
	4. The contamination level at P12 was recorded as high.			
	4. The contamination level at P12 was recorded as high.			
	4. The contamination level at P12 was recorded as high.	Question Type : MCO		
	4. The contamination level at P12 was recorded as high.	Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891687389		

	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>Comprehension:</li> <li>Fuel contamination levels at each of 20 petrol pumps P1, recorded as either high, medium, or low.</li> <li>1. Contamination levels at three pumps among P1 – P5 wer high.</li> <li>2. P6 was the only pump among P1 – P10 where the contar was recorded as low.</li> <li>3. P7 and P8 were the only two consecutively numbered pursame levels of contamination were recorded.</li> <li>4. High contamination levels were not recorded at any of th P20.</li> <li>5. The number of pumps where high contamination levels was twice the number of pumps where low contamination recorded.</li> <li>SubQuestion No : 26</li> <li>Q.26 What best can be said about the number of pumps at which the contar recorded as medium?</li> <li>otions 1. At most 9 <ul> <li>At least 8</li> <li>More than 4</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	re recorded as mination level mps where the e pumps P16 – vere recorded n levels were
3. More than 4 4. Exactly 8	
	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891687390</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>Fuel contamination levels at each of 20 petrol pumps P1, recorded as either high, medium, or low.</li> <li>1. Contamination levels at three pumps among P1 – P5 welhigh.</li> <li>2. P6 was the only pump among P1 – P10 where the contart was recorded as low.</li> <li>3. P7 and P8 were the only two consecutively numbered pursame levels of contamination were recorded.</li> <li>4. High contamination levels were not recorded at any of th P20.</li> <li>5. The number of pumps where high contamination levels was twice the number of pumps where low contamination recorded.</li> <li>SubQuestion No : 27</li> </ul>	re recorded as mination level mps where the e pumps P16 – vere recorded n levels were
<ul> <li>Q.27 If the contamination level at P11 was recorded as low, then which of the true?</li> <li>ptions 1. The contamination level at P14 was recorded as medium.</li> <li>2. The contamination level at P15 was recorded as medium.</li> <li>3. The contamination level at P18 was recorded as low.</li> <li>4. The contamination level at P12 was recorded as high.</li> </ul>	ne following MUST
	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891687391</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Comprehension:	
<ul> <li>Fuel contamination levels at each of 20 petrol pumps P1, recorded as either high, medium, or low.</li> <li>1. Contamination levels at three pumps among P1 – P5 were high.</li> </ul>	

<ol> <li>P6 was the only pump among P1 - P10 where the contan was recorded as low.</li> <li>P7 and P8 were the only two consecutively numbered pur</li> </ol>	
same levels of contamination were recorded. 4. High contamination levels were not recorded at any of the	
<ul> <li>P20.</li> <li>5. The number of pumps where high contamination levels w was twice the number of pumps where low contamination recorded</li> </ul>	
recorded.	
SubQuestion No : 28 Q.28 If contamination level at P15 was recorded as medium, then which of t be FALSE?	he following MUST
<b>Options</b> 1. Contamination levels at P10 and P14 were recorded as the same.	
2. Contamination level at P14 was recorded to be higher than that at P1	5.
3. Contamination levels at P11 and P16 were recorded as the same.	
4. Contamination levels at P13 and P17 were recorded as the same.	
	Question Type : MCQ
	Question ID : <b>4891687392</b>
	Status : Not Answered
	Chosen Option :
Comprehension:	
Twenty four people are part of three committees which are to look at re-	
administration respectively. No two committees have any member in co committees are of the same size. Each committee has three types of pe	
educationalists, and politicians, with at least one from each of the three	
committee. The following facts are also known about the committees: 1. The numbers of bureaucrats in the research and teaching committees a	re equal, while the
number of bureaucrats in the research committee is 75% of the number	of bureaucrats in
the administration committee. 2. The number of educationalists in the teaching committee is less than th	e number of
educationalists in the research committee. The number of educationalist	ats in the research
committee is the average of the numbers of educationalists in the other 3. 60% of the politicians are in the administration committee, and 20% are	
committee.	
SubQuestion No : 29	
Q.29 Based on the given information, which of the following statements MU	ST be FALSE?
Options 1. In the teaching committee the number of educationalists is equal to t politicians	he number of
2. In the administration committee the number of bureaucrats is equal t educationalists	o the number of
3. The size of the research committee is less than the size of the teaching	ng committee
4. The size of the research committee is less than the size of the admin	istration committee
	Question Type : MCQ
	Question ID : 4891686550
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 3
Comprehension:	
Twenty four people are part of three committees which are to look at resear	
administration respectively. No two committees have any member in comm committees are of the same size. Each committee has three types of peopl	
educationalists, and politicians, with at least one from each of the three typ	
committee. The following facts are also known about the committees: 1. The numbers of bureaucrats in the research and teaching committees are e	gual, while the
number of bureaucrats in the research committee is 75% of the number of l	
administration committee. 2. The number of educationalists in the teaching committee is less than the n	umber of
educationalists in the research committee. The number of educationalists i committee is the average of the numbers of educationalists in the other two	
<ol> <li>Committee is the average of the numbers of educationalists in the other two</li> <li>60% of the politicians are in the administration committee, and 20% are in the committee.</li> </ol>	
committee. SubQuestion No : 30	
Q.3 What is the number of bureaucrats in the administration	committee?
0	

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 4891687409



	4. <sup>5</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 4891687481
		Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
	A trader sells 10 litres of a mixture of paints A and B, v does not exceed that of A. The cost of paint A per litre the trader sells the entire mixture for Rs. 264 and mak possible cost of paint B, in Rs. per litre, is	is Rs. 8 more than that of paint B. If
ptions		
	2. 20	
	3. 26	
	4. 22	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : <b>4891687102</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b>
		Chosen Option :
	cm, respectively. Let P be a point on CD such that AP i area, in sq cm, of triangle APD is	
ptions	s1. 24√3	
	2. 12√3	
	3. 18√3	
	4. 32√3	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 4891686942
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
Q.4	move towards B. Partha takes four hours more than Na reaches the mid-point of A and B two hours before Na	arayan to reach B. Moreover, Partha
	Partha, in km per hour, is	
ptions	Partha, in km per hour, is s 1. 3	
)ptions		
)ptions	s 1. 3 2. 4	
ptions	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	
)ptions	s 1. 3 2. 4	
)ptions	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b>
)ptions	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891687430
Options	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	
)ptions	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	Question ID : 4891687430
ptions	\$1.3 2.4 3.5	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b>
	s 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	s 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be \$1. 23	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be \$1. 23	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96	Question ID : <b>4891687430</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96 3. 26	Question ID : 4891687430 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ger, then the number of students
	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96 3. 26	Question ID : 4891687430 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ger, then the number of students
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96 3. 26	Question ID : 4891687430 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ger, then the number of students Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686690
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96 3. 26	Question ID : 4891687430 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ger, then the number of students Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686690 Status : Answered
Q.5	If among 200 students, 105 like pizza and 134 like bur who like only burger can possibly be 1. 23 2. 96 3. 26	Question ID : 4891687430 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ger, then the number of students Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686690

		Question Type : SA
		Question ID : 4891686881
		Status : Not Answered
		Given Answer :
Q.7	In an apartment complex, the number of people aged 51 years ar are at most 39 people whose ages are below 51 years. The avera the apartment complex is 38 years. What is the largest possible the people whose ages are below 51 years?	age age of all the people in
option	<b>s</b> 1. 25	
•	2. 26	
	3. 27	
	4. 28	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 4891686623
		Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
		<u>`</u>
Option	and B work together for four days, and finally B works alone to co of the job. In how many days can B alone finish the entire job? s 1. 20 2. 16 3. 18 4. 22	
	4. ZZ	
		Ouestion Type : MCO
		Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891687099
		Question ID : 4891687099
	Points E, F, G, H lie on the sides AB, BC, CD, and DA, respectively, EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : <b>4891687099</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and 0 the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s 1. 2 : 5 2. 4 : 9 3. 1 : 3 4. 3 : 8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take sixty days to finish it. H humans working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s 1. 32	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s1.2:5 2.4:9 3.1:3 4.3:8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take sixty days to finish it. H humans working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s1.32 2.36	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s1.2:5 2.4:9 3.1:3 4.3:8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s1.32 2.36 3.45	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s1.2:5 2.4:9 3.1:3 4.3:8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s1.32 2.36 3.45	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : ; of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Option: Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s1.2:5 2.4:9 3.1:3 4.3:8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s1.32 2.36 3.45	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : encies. Fifteen humans o, whereas five humans ow many days will fifteen
Q.10	EFGH is also a square whose area is 62.5% of that of ABCD and C the ratio of length of EB to that of CG is s1.2:5 2.4:9 3.1:3 4.3:8 Humans and robots can both perform a job but at different efficient and five robots working together take thirty days to finish the job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together take thirty days to finish it. Job and fifteen robots working together (without any robot) take to finish it? s1.32 2.36 3.45	Question ID : 4891687099 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : of a square ABCD. If CG is longer than EB, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686619 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : encies. Fifteen humans by whereas five humans low many days will fifteen

maximum possible value of f(x) is	
	Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>4891687471</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b>
	Given Answer :
<sup>11</sup> Each of 74 students in a class studies at least one of the th <sup>2</sup> E and P. Ten students study all three subjects, while twenty but not P. Every student who studies P also studies H or E o number of students studying H equals that studying E, ther students studying H is	r study H and E, or both. If the
	Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891687524 Status : Not Answered
	Given Answer :
<ul> <li>Q.13 If u<sup>2</sup> + (u-2v-1)<sup>2</sup> = -4v(u + v), then what is the value of u + 3v?</li> <li>ptions 1. 1/2</li> <li>21/4</li> <li>3. 0</li> <li>4. 1/4</li> </ul>	
	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891687462</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>Q.1 While multiplying three real numbers, Ashok took one of the numbers as 2</li> <li>4 a result, the product went up by 720. Then the minimum possible value of of the other two numbers is</li> </ul>	
	Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>4891687504</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Given Answer :
Q.15 If $\log_2(5 + \log_3 a) = 3$ and $\log_5(4a + 12 + \log_2 b) = 3$ , then a + b is equal	to
ptions 1. 40 2. 67 3. 59 4. 32	
	Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>4891686662</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>3</b>
<ul> <li>Q.16 Let ABCD be a rectangle inscribed in a circle of radius 13 cm. Which of pairs can represent, in cm, the possible length and breadth of ABCD?</li> <li>Pptions 1. 25, 9</li> <li>2. 24, 12</li> <li>3. 24, 10</li> <li>4. 25, 10</li> </ul>	ne of the following
	Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686957 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
2.1	L

		Outortion Type - CA
		Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891687169
		Status : Answered
		Given Answer : 6
8 from rea	int P lies between points A and B such that the length of B om A and moves towards B. Simultaneously, car 2 starts fro aches P one hour after car 1 reaches P. If the speed of car 2 ne, in minutes, taken by car 1 in reaching P from A is	om B and moves towards A. Car 2
		Question Type : SA
		Question ID : 4891687068
		Status : Not Answered
		Given Answer :
Q.19	If $\log_{12}81 = p$ , then $3\left(\frac{4-p}{4+p}\right)$ is equal to	
	s1. log <sub>2</sub> 8	
	2. log <sub>4</sub> 16	
	3. log <sub>6</sub> 16	
	4. log <sub>6</sub> 8	
		Question Type · MCO
		Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686659
		Question ID : 4891686659
	In an examination, the maximum possible score is N while candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass ma following is then correct?	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
)ptions	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass ma following is then correct? ■ 1. 243 ≤ N ≤ 252.	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass ma following is then correct? ≥ 1. 243 ≤ N ≤ 252. 2. N ≥ 253.	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass ma following is then correct? ≥ 1. 243 ≤ N ≤ 252. 2. N ≥ 253.	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered
Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626
Options Q.21	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s 1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ .	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ . 4. $201 \le N \le 242$ . Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 i midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T3.	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21 Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. $243 \le N \le 252$ . 2. $N \ge 253$ . 3. $N \le 200$ . 4. $201 \le N \le 242$ . Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triat the areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21 Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. 243 $\le$ N $\le$ 252. 2. N $\ge$ 253. 3. N $\le$ 200. 4. 201 $\le$ N $\le$ 242. Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triat the areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T s1. 192 $\sqrt{3}$ 2. 188 $\sqrt{3}$	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21 Q.21	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass mathematical following is then correct? s1. 243 $\leq N \leq 252$ . 2. $N \geq 253$ . 3. $N \leq 200$ . 4. 201 $\leq N \leq 242$ . Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming trithe areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T 1. $192\sqrt{3}$	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21 Q.21	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. 243 $\le$ N $\le$ 252. 2. N $\ge$ 253. 3. N $\le$ 200. 4. 201 $\le$ N $\le$ 242. Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triat the areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T s1. 192 $\sqrt{3}$ 2. 188 $\sqrt{3}$	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 I triangle T2 is formed by joining is formed by joining the angles is continued, the sum of '2, T3, will be
Q.21 Options	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. 243 $\le$ N $\le$ 252. 2. N $\ge$ 253. 3. N $\le$ 200. 4. 201 $\le$ N $\le$ 242. Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triat the areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T s1. 192 $\sqrt{3}$ 2. 188 $\sqrt{3}$	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.21 Q.21	candidate obtains 36 marks, but falls short of the pass matrix following is then correct? s1. 243 $\le$ N $\le$ 252. 2. N $\ge$ 253. 3. N $\le$ 200. 4. 201 $\le$ N $\le$ 242. Given an equilateral triangle T1 with side 24 cm, a second the midpoints of the sides of T1. Then a third triangle T3 is midpoints of the sides of T2. If this process of forming triat the areas, in sq cm, of infinitely many such triangles T1, T s1. 192 $\sqrt{3}$ 2. 188 $\sqrt{3}$	Question ID : 4891686659 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : e the pass mark is 45% of N. A ark by 68%. Which one of the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686626 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1 It riangle T2 is formed by joining is formed by joining the angles is continued, the sum of '2, T3, will be Question Type : MCQ

	Question Type : SA
	Question ID : 4891687158
	Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Given Answer :
	Given Answer
Q.23 Given that $x^{2018}y^{2017} = 1/2$ and $x^{2016}y^{2019} = 8$ , the value of $x^2 + y^3$ is	
otions 1. 33/4	
2. 37/4	
3. 31/4	
4. 35/4	
	Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686596
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 1
Q.24 In a circle, two parallel chords on the same side of a diameter have len	ngths 4 cm and 6 cm.
If the distance between these chords is 1 cm, then the radius of the circulations	cie, in cm, is
ptions 1. $\sqrt{11}$	
$^{2} \sqrt{13}$	
2 /12	
<sup>3.</sup> $\sqrt{12}$	
4. $\sqrt{14}$	
VII	
	Question Type : MCQ
	Question ID : 4891686701
	Status : Not Answered
	Status : Not Answered
Q.25 If x is a positive quantity such that $2^{x} = 3^{\log_{5} 2}$ , then x is equal to	Status : Not Answered
ptions	Status : Not Answered
$1. log_59$	Status : Not Answered
$1. log_59$	Status : Not Answered
$\begin{array}{l} \text{ptions}\\ 1. \ \log_5 9\\ 2. \ 1 + \log_5 \frac{3}{5} \end{array}$	Status : Not Answered
$\begin{array}{l} \text{ptions}\\ 1. \ \log_5 9\\ 2. \ 1 + \log_5 \frac{3}{5} \end{array}$	Status : Not Answered
$1. log_59$	Status : Not Answered
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : Not Answered
$\begin{array}{l} \text{ptions}\\ 1. \ \log_5 9\\ 2. \ 1 + \log_5 \frac{3}{5} \end{array}$	Status : Not Answered
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : Not Answered
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657 Status : Not Answered
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$ 4. $log_5 8$	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
ptions 1. $log_5 9$ 2. $1 + log_5 \frac{3}{5}$ 3. $1 + log_3 \frac{5}{3}$ 4. $log_5 8$ Q.26 Raju and Lalitha originally had marbles in the ratio 4:9. Then Lalitha gamarbles to Raju. As a result, the ratio of the number of marbles with R	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>ptions</li> <li>log<sub>5</sub>9</li> <li>1 + log<sub>5</sub> 3/5</li> <li>1 + log<sub>3</sub> 5/3</li> <li>log<sub>5</sub>8</li> </ul> Q.26 Raju and Lalitha originally had marbles in the ratio 4:9. Then Lalitha gamarbles to Raju. As a result, the ratio of the number of marbles with R Lalitha became 5:6. What fraction of her original number of marbles with R	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
<ul> <li>ptions</li> <li>1. log<sub>5</sub>9</li> <li>2. 1 + log<sub>5</sub> 3/5</li> <li>3. 1 + log<sub>3</sub> 5/3</li> <li>4. log<sub>5</sub>8</li> </ul> Q.26 Raju and Lalitha originally had marbles in the ratio 4:9. Then Lalitha gamarbles to Raju. As a result, the ratio of the number of marbles with R Lalitha became 5:6. What fraction of her original number of marbles w to Raju?	Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686657 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
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	5150m	
4	L 1/2	
	4	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : <b>4891687098</b>
		Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
0 27 4	A wholesaler bought walnuts and peanuts, the price of walnut per kg b	eing thrice that of
p p k	becanut per kg. He then sold 8 kg of peanuts at a profit of 10% and 16 k profit of 20% to a shopkeeper. However, the shopkeeper lost 5 kg of wa becanuts in transit. He then mixed the remaining nuts and sold the mixt kg, thus making an overall profit of 25%. At what price, in Rs. per kg, di buy the walnuts?	g of walnuts at a alnuts and 3 kg of ure at Rs. 166 per
Options 1	. 84	
2	2. 98	
3	3. 96	
4	I. 86	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 4891686646
		Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
8 cone	ght circular cone, of height 12 ft, stands on its base which has diamete e is cut off with a plane which is parallel to the base and 9 ft from the b volume, in cubic ft, of the remaining part of the cone is	
		Question Type : SA
		UUESTION D. 4091000/19
		Question ID : <b>4891686719</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b>
	n a circle with center O and radius 1 cm, an arc AB makes an angle 60	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R
b a tl Options 1 2	the the region bounded by the radii OA, OB and the arc AB. If C and D ar and OB, respectively, such that OC = OD and the area of triangle OCD is the length of OC, in cm, is $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R re two points on OA shalf that of R, then
b a tl Options 1 2	the the region bounded by the radii OA, OB and the arc AB. If C and D ar and OB, respectively, such that OC = OD and the area of triangle OCD is the length of OC, in cm, is $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left(\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ
b a tl Options 1 2	the the region bounded by the radii OA, OB and the arc AB. If C and D ar and OB, respectively, such that OC = OD and the area of triangle OCD is the length of OC, in cm, is $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left(\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686702
b a tl Options 1 2	the the region bounded by the radii OA, OB and the arc AB. If C and D ar and OB, respectively, such that OC = OD and the area of triangle OCD is the length of OC, in cm, is $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left(\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686702 Status : Not Answered
b a tl Options 1 2	the the region bounded by the radii OA, OB and the arc AB. If C and D ar and OB, respectively, such that OC = OD and the area of triangle OCD is the length of OC, in cm, is $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left(\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686702
Q.30 T a Dptions 1 2 3 4 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2	Two types of tea, A and B, are mixed and then sold at Rs. 40 per kg. The cost p and B are mixed in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686702 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :
Q.30 T a pptions 1 2 3 4 9 2 3 3 4 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 3	Two types of tea, A and B, are mixed and then sold at Rs. 40 per kg. The matrix of the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, and 5% if this ratio is 2 : 3. The cost p and B are in the ratio 3 : 2, a	Status : Not Answered Given Answer : degrees at 0. Let R e two points on OA shalf that of R, then Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 4891686702 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option :

	Question Type : MCQ
	Question ID : <b>4891687071</b>
	Status : Not Answered
	Chosen Option :
.3 A tank is fitted with pipes, some filling it and the rest draining it. All fillin 1 same rate, and all draining pipes drain at the same rate. The empty tank in 6 hours when 6 filling and 5 draining pipes are on, but this time becom filling and 6 draining pipes are on. In how many hours will the empty tank when one draining and two filling pipes are on?	gets completely filled es 60 hours when 5
	Question Type : SA
	Question ID : <b>4891687146</b>
	Status : Not Answered
	Given Answer :
<sup>2</sup> increases by 1 if the first 10 tests are not considered, and c the last 10 tests are not considered. If his average scores f the last 10 tests are 20 and 30, respectively, then the total r taken by him is	or the first 10 and
	Question Type : SA
	Question ID : 4891687175
	Status : Not Answered
	Given Answer :
.3 How many numbers with two or more digits can be formed with the digit	
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits ascending order?	
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits	
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits	appear in the
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits	Appear in the Question Type : SA
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits	Appear in the Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686921
3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits	appear in the Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686921 Status : Not Answered Given Answer : mnum, compounded e year and the second of the principal
<ul> <li>3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits ascending order?</li> <li>3 John borrowed Rs. 2,10,000 from a bank at an interest rate of 10% per at annually. The loan was repaid in two equal instalments, the first after on after another year. The first instalment was interest of one year plus part amount, while the second was the rest of the principal amount plus due is</li> </ul>	appear in the Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686921 Status : Not Answered Given Answer : mnum, compounded e year and the second of the principal
<ul> <li>3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits ascending order?</li> <li>3 John borrowed Rs. 2,10,000 from a bank at an interest rate of 10% per at annually. The loan was repaid in two equal instalments, the first after on after another year. The first instalment was interest of one year plus part amount, while the second was the rest of the principal amount plus due is</li> </ul>	Appear in the Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686921 Status : Not Answered Given Answer : Commun, compounded e year and the second of the principal interest thereon. Then
<ul> <li>3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits ascending order?</li> <li>3 John borrowed Rs. 2,10,000 from a bank at an interest rate of 10% per at annually. The loan was repaid in two equal instalments, the first after on after another year. The first instalment was interest of one year plus part amount, while the second was the rest of the principal amount plus due is</li> </ul>	Appear in the Question Type : SA Question ID : 4891686921 Status : Not Answered Given Answer : The Answer interest the second of the principal Interest thereon. Then Question Type : SA
<ul> <li>3 that in every such number, each digit is used at most once and the digits ascending order?</li> <li>3 John borrowed Rs. 2,10,000 from a bank at an interest rate of 10% per at annually. The loan was repaid in two equal instalments, the first after on after another year. The first instalment was interest of one year plus part amount, while the second was the rest of the principal amount plus due is</li> </ul>	appear in the         Question Type : SA         Question ID : 4891686921         Status : Not Answered         Given Answer :         mum, compounded         e year and the second         of the principal         nterest thereon. Then         Question Type : SA         Question ID : 4891687079