SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2021-22) <u>Class – XII</u> <u>TERM – 1</u> <u>ENGINEERING GRAPHICS (046)</u>

Maximum Marks: 35

General Instructions:

- 1. The Question Paper contains three sections A, B and C.
- 2. Section A has 25 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
- 3. Section B has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions. Attempt any 5 questions.
- 5. All questions carry equal marks.
- 6. There is no negative marking.

SECTION A

This Section A has 25 Multiple Choice Questions. Attempt any 20 questions.

- 1) Which is the included angle of a regular hexagon?
 - a) 30⁰
 - b) 60⁰
 - c) 90⁰
 - d) 120⁰
- 2) Name the projection with multiple views.
 - a) Perspective projection
 - b) Isometric projection
 - c) Orthographic projection
 - d) Oblique projection
- 3) Name the solid with apex.
 - a) Cone
 - b) Square prism
 - c) Triangular Prism
 - d) Sphere
- 4) Name the type of line which is used for dimensioning.
 - a) Small dash line
 - b) Chain line
 - c) Wavy line
 - d) Thin continuous line
- 5) Which is the correct sequence in case of first angle method of projection?
 - a) Observer, Plane of projection, Object
 - b) Observer, Object, Plane of projection
 - c) Object, Plane of projection, Observer
 - d) Object, Observer, Plane of projection
- 6) What is the thread angle of a metric thread?
 - a) 40⁰
 - b) 60⁰
 - c) 80⁰
 - d) 100⁰
- 7) The angle between the flanks of a BSW thread profile is?

Time Allowed: 90 Minutes

- a) 60⁰
- b) 90⁰
- c) 55⁰
- d) 45⁰
- 8) Usually the section lines are inclined with horizontal line at.
 - a) 45⁰
 - b) 35⁰
 - c) 25⁰
 - d) 15⁰
- 9) Which one of these is a temporary fastening?
 - a) Welding
 - b) Nut-Bolt
 - c) Riveting
 - d) Pasting
- 10) Which among these is used for power transmission?
 - a) Square thread
 - b) BSW thread
 - c) Metric thread internal
 - d) Metric thread external

FILL IN THE BLANKS

12)

- 11) ______ is the projection used in engineering practices.
 - a) Isometric projection
 - b) Oblique projection
 - c) Perspective projection
 - d) Inclined projection
 - ___projection gives the true size of the object.
 - a) Isometric
 - b) orthographic
 - c) Oblique
 - d) Perspective
- 13) The isometric length of 70 mm is ______.
 - a) Equal to true 70 mm
 - b) Less than true 70 mm
 - c) More than true 70 mm
 - d) Equal to true 100 mm.

14) The angle between the main scale and isometric scale is _____

- a) 15⁰
- b) 30⁰
- c) 45⁰
- d) 90⁰

15) The shape of circle in isometric projection is ______.

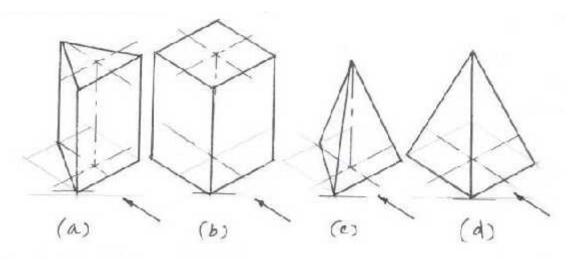
- a) Cycloid
- b) Circle
- c) Parabola
- d) Ellipse

16) The angle of chamfer is usually _____ with the base of a hexagonal nut.

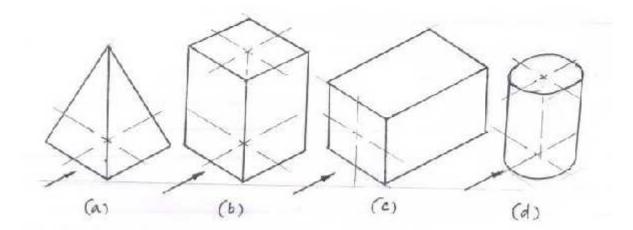
- a) 10⁰
- b) 20⁰
- c) 30⁰
- d) 40⁰
- 17) The full form of B. S. W. thread is ______.
 - a) Bureau of Standard Width
 - b) Bureau of Standard Whitworth
 - c) British Standard Width
 - d) British Standard Whitworth
- 18) Knuckle thread is a modified form of a ______ screw thread.
 - a) Square
 - b) BSW
 - c) Metric
 - d) V-thread

CHOOSE THE MOST APPROPRIATE FIGURE

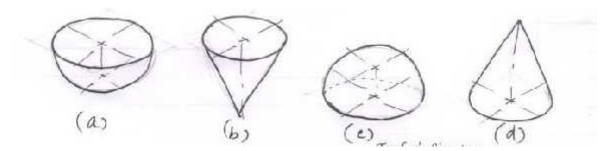
19) A vertical square prism with its axis perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP



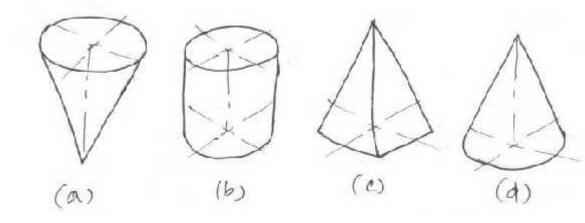
20) A horizontal solid



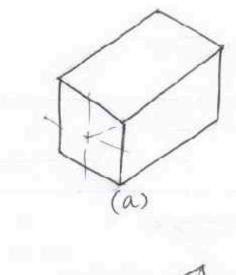
21) A hemisphere resting on HP with its circular face on it

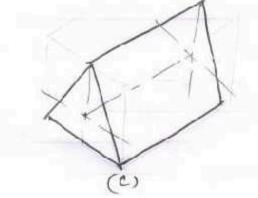


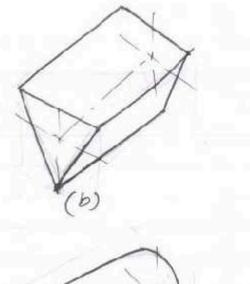
22) An inverted solid

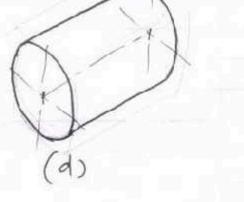


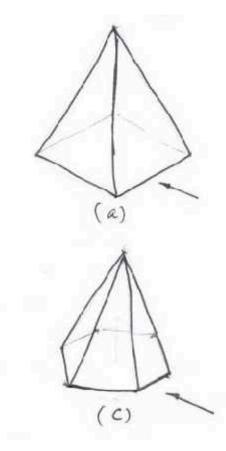
23) A solid resting on one of its long edges

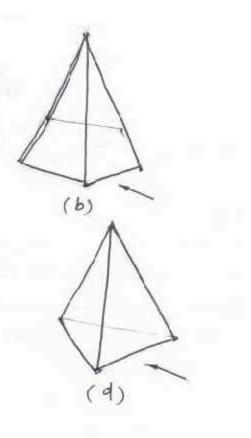




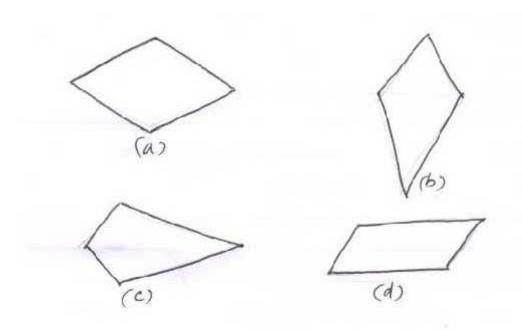






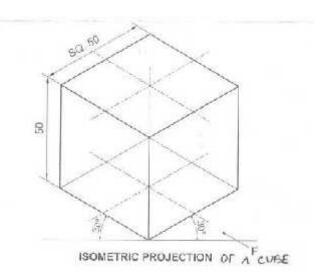


25) Isometric projection of a horizontal square

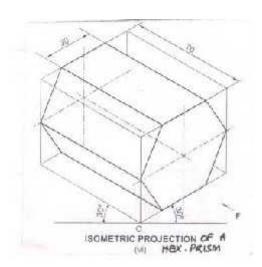


SECTION B

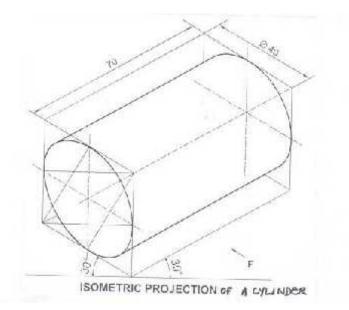
This Section B has 24 Multiple Choice Questions. Attempt any 20 questions.



- a) The base edge of a cube is not equal to its height.
- b) The base edge of a cube is equal to its height.
- c) A cube has eight faces.
- d) A cube has an apex.

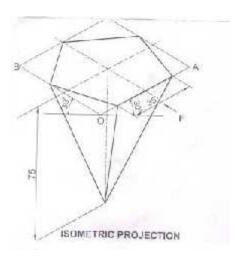


- a) Axis of the prism is perpendicular to H.P.
- b) Axis of the prism is parallel to V.P.
- c) Hexagonal ends of the prism are perpendicular to V.P.
- d) Hexagonal ends of the prism are parallel to V.P.

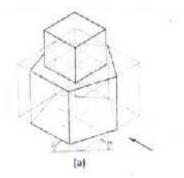


- a) The cylinder is resting on H.P. with one of its long edges on it.
- b) The cylinder is resting on H.P. with its base on it.
- c) The cylinder is resting on H.P. with one of its rectangular faces on it.
- d) The cylinder is resting on H.P. with its axis parallel to both H.P. and V.P.

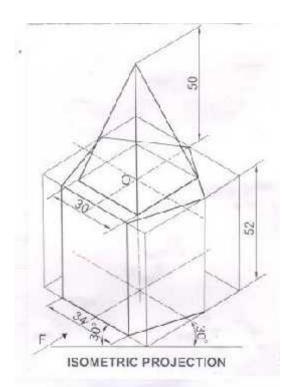




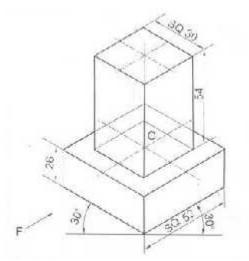
- a) The axis is inclined to H.P.
- b) The axis is inclined to V.P.
- c) The axis is perpendicular to H.P. and parallel to V.P.
- d) The axis is perpendicular to V.P. and parallel to H.P.



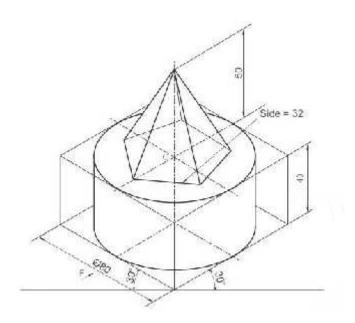
- a) One of the base sides of the pentagonal pyramid is perpendicular to V.P.
- b) One of the base sides of the pentagonal pyramid is parallel to V.P.
- c) One of the base sides of the pentagonal prism is perpendicular to V.P.
- d) One of the base sides of the pentagonal prism is parallel to V.P.



- a) The common axis is perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP
- b) The common axis is perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP
- c) The axis of the prism is parallel to HP and the axis of the pyramid is perpendicular to HP
- d) The axis of the prism is perpendicular to HP and the axis of the pyramid is parallel to HP

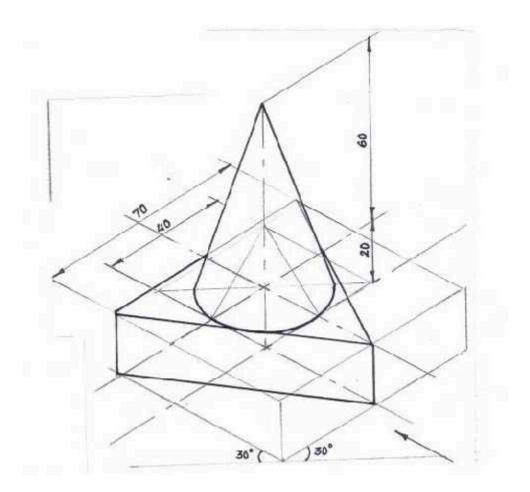


- a) The top solid is square prism and the bottom solid is triangular prism.
- b) The top solid is triangular prism and the bottom solid is square prism.
- c) Both the solids are square prisms.
- d) Both the solids are triangular prisms.

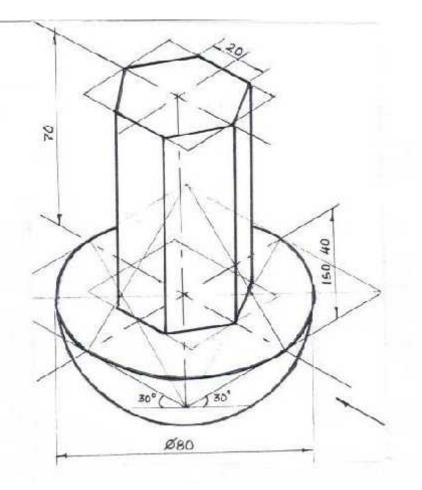


- a) The size of common axis is true 90mm.
- b) The size of common axis is less than true 90mm.
- c) The size of common axis is more than true 90mm.
- d) The size of common axis is true 100mm.

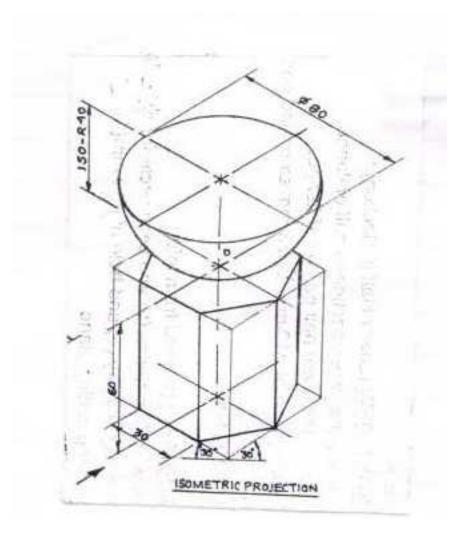
SELECT THE CORRECT OPTION CORRESPONDING TO THE ORIENTATION OF THE GIVEN ISOMETRIC PROJECTION OF COMBINATION OF SOLIDS.



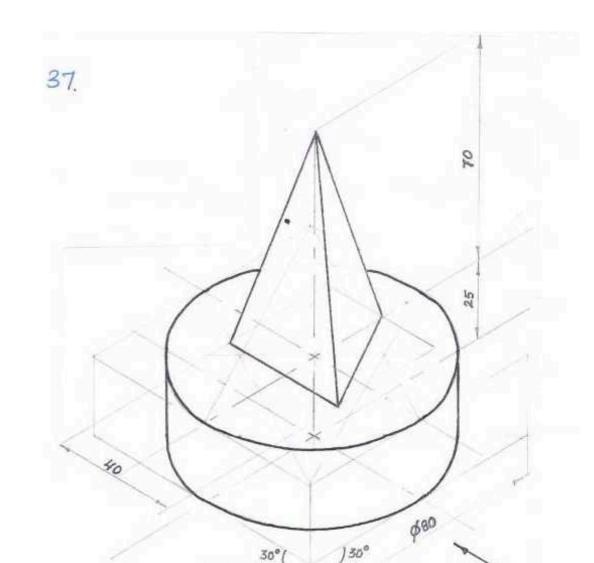
- a) Both the solids are vertical and one of the base edges of the prism is parallel to VP and nearer the observer.
- b) Both the solids are vertical and one of the base edges of the prism is perpendicular to VP.
- c) Both the solids are vertical and one of the base edges of the prism is parallel to VP and near it.
- d) Both the solids are vertical and two of the base edges of the prism are parallel to VP.



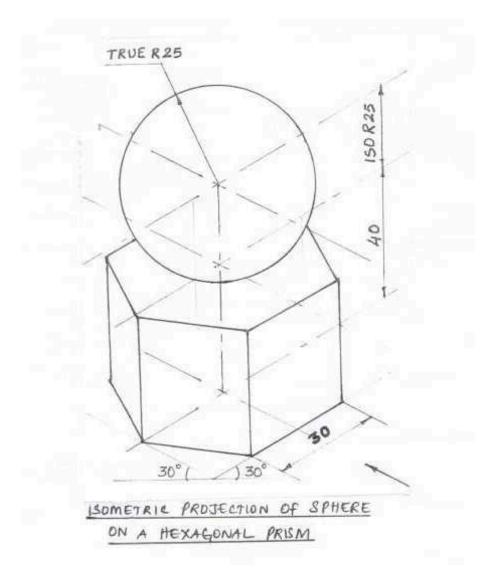
- a) The common axis is perpendicular to HP and two of the base edges of the prism are perpendicular to VP
- b) The common axis is perpendicular to VP and two of the base edges of the prism are perpendicular to VP
- c) The common axis is perpendicular to HP and two of the base edges of the prism are parallel to VP
- d) The common axis is perpendicular to VP and two of the base edges of the prism are parallel to VP



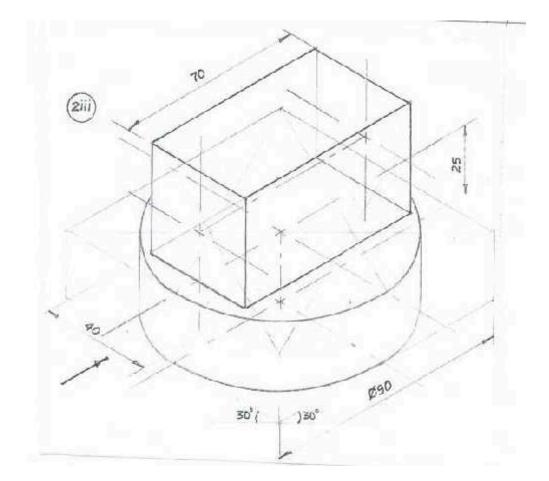
- a) A hemisphere is kept centrally on the top hexagonal surface of a hexagonal prism with its curved surface on it.
- b) A sphere is kept centrally on the top hexagonal surface of a hexagonal prism with its curved surface on it.
- c) A hemisphere is kept centrally on the top rectangular face of a hexagonal prism with its curved surface on it.
- d) A sphere is kept centrally on the top rectangular face of a hexagonal prism with its curved surface on it.



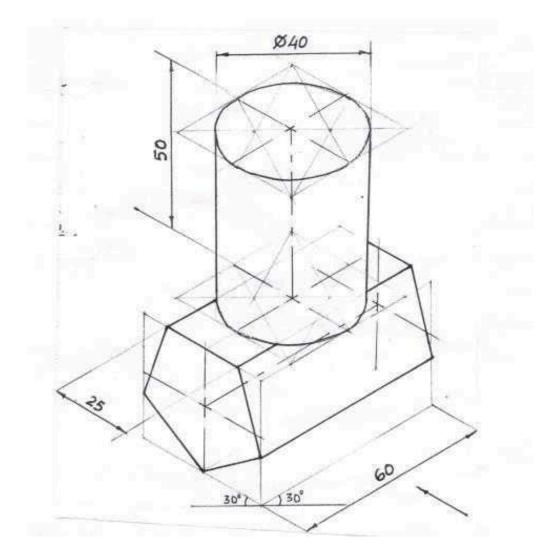
- a) A vertical square pyramid is kept on a vertical circular disc.
- b) A vertical triangular pyramid is kept on a vertical square slab.
- c) A vertical square pyramid is kept on a vertical square slab.
- d) A vertical triangular pyramid is kept on a vertical circular disc.



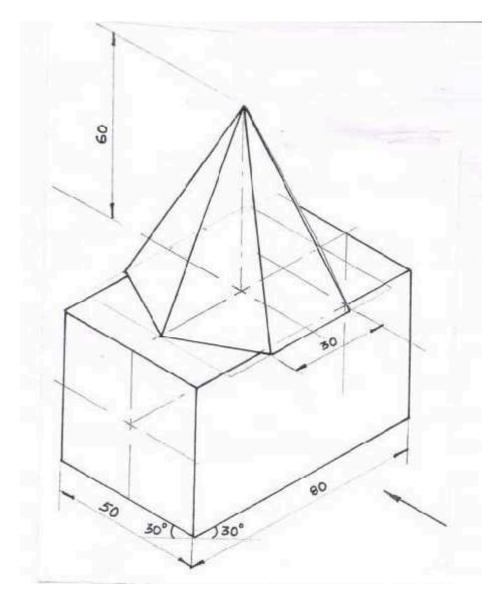
- a) The isometric projection of a sphere is a circle whose diameter is equal to the isometric diameter of the sphere.
- b) The isometric projection of a sphere is a circle whose diameter is equal to the true diameter of the sphere.
- c) The isometric projection of a sphere is a circle whose diameter is equal to half of the true diameter of the sphere.
- d) The isometric projection of a sphere is a circle whose diameter is equal to double of the true diameter of the sphere.



- a) Axis of both prism and cylinder are perpendicular to HP.
- b) Axis of both prism and cylinder are perpendicular to VP.
- c) Axis of prism is perpendicular to VP and axis of cylinder is perpendicular to HP.
- d) Axis of prism is perpendicular to HP and axis of cylinder is perpendicular to VP.



- a) A vertical cylinder of base diameter 40 mm is placed centrally on a hexagonal prism which is resting on HP with one of its long edges on it.
- b) A vertical cylinder of base diameter 40 mm is placed centrally on a pentagonal prism which is resting on HP with one of its long edges on it.
- c) A vertical cylinder of base diameter 40 mm is placed centrally on a pentagonal prism which is resting on HP with one of its rectangular faces on it.
- d) A vertical cylinder of base diameter 40 mm is placed centrally on a hexagonal prism which is resting on HP with one of its rectangular faces on it.



- a) A vertical pentagonal pyramid with one of its base edges parallel to VP is placed centrally on a horizontal square prism with its square ends parallel to VP.
- b) A vertical pentagonal pyramid with one of its base edges perpendicular to VP is placed centrally on a horizontal square prism with its square ends perpendicular to VP.
- c) A vertical hexagonal pyramid with two of its base edges perpendicular to VP is placed centrally on a horizontal square prism with its square ends parallel to VP.
- d) A vertical hexagonal pyramid with two of its base edges parallel to VP is placed centrally on a horizontal square prism with its square ends perpendicular to VP.

TWO STATEMENTS ARE GIVEN – ONE LABELLED ASSERTION (A) AND THE OTHER LABELLED REASON (R). SELECT THE CORRECT ANSWER TO THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS FROM THE CODES (a), (b), (c) AND (d) AS GIVEN BELOW:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false and R is also false.

- 42) A: Knuckle thread is a modification of a square thread.
 - R: Knuckle threads are used in electric bulbs.
- 43) A: The portion between the crest and root is called flank.
 - R: The angle between the flanks in a metric thread is 90⁰.
- A: The actual depth of square thread is given as 0.96P, where P represents the pitch of thread.R: The portion between crest and root is called as pitch.
- 45) A: Left hand thread is represented by LH thread.

R: Usually all the jewellery mating pieces have LH threads.

- 46) A: Chamfering on a nut is the process of removing sharp corners by rounding off the corners.R: Chamfering is done on a nut to ensure the safety of the user.
- 47) A: A plain washer is a circular plate having a hole in its centre.

R: If the nominal diameter of the bolt on which the washer is used is D, then the inner diameter of the washer is given as 2D+6.

48) A: The angle of chamfer is 60^0 with the base of a nut.

R: A hexagonal headed bolt cannot be used with a hexagonal nut.

49) A: Triple start threads are more useful when a quick advance is required in a screwed pair, than single start threads.

R: If L represents Lead and P the pitch of the screw threads,

- L = P in the case of single start thread.
- L = 3P in the case of triple start threads.

SECTION C

This Section C has 6 Multiple Choice Questions. Attempt any 5 questions.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS AFTER READING THE GIVEN PASSAGE:

Amit buys a football as a gift for his brother. The radius of the football is 15 cm. He packs it in a square box (cube) which is just fit enough. His brother is very happy. He is a footballer and he also loves to sketch. He sketches a 3-D model of this football placed on the apex of a triangular pyramid, making it look like a trophy. He might 3-D Print his model as an inspiration. He is aspiring to win the Inter-School Football Championship this year.



- 50) What will be the minimum dimension of side of the gift-box (cube)?
 - a) 15 cm
 - b) 30 cm
 - c) 45 cm
 - d) 60 cm
- 51) If he has used isometric projection method to obtain the 3 D model, then the size of the football drawn will be
 - a) double
 - b) foreshortened
 - c) same
 - d) halved
- 52) The isometric projection of the equilateral triangular base of his model will be
 - a) an equilateral triangle
 - b) an isosceles triangle
 - c) a scalene triangle
 - d) a right angled triangle
- 53) What is the orientation of the common axis of these two solids?
 - a) Axis parallel to HP and VP
 - b) Axis perpendicular to HP
 - c) Axis perpendicular to VP
 - d) None of the above

- 54) In case he uses a triangular prism instead of the pyramid, what will be the height of his trophy?
 - a) It remains same
 - b) It becomes double
 - c) It becomes half
 - d) It becomes triple
- 55) He used ______ in his isometric projection method.
 - a) True scale
 - b) Vernier scale
 - c) Diagonal scale
 - d) Isometric scale