

Max. Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

General Instructions:

1. Please read the instructions carefully.
2. This Question Paper consists of **24 questions** in two sections – Section A & Section B.
3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
4. **Out of the given (6 + 18 =) 24 questions, a candidate has to answer (6 + 11 =) 17 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.**
5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
6. **SECTION A - OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has 06 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
7. **SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
 - i. This section contains 18 questions.
 - ii. A candidate has to do 11 questions.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)				
i.	c. Re-incorporate it in new products	NCERT	V	119	1
ii.	b. =	NCERT	III	50	1
iii.	a. Professional	NCERT	IV	83	1
iv.	b. Personality	NCERT	II	33	1
v.	d. Non responding	NCERT	I	5	1
vi.	b. Avoidant	NCERT	II	36	1
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)				
i.	c. Wash melon seeds, Cover with water, Simmer till tender and cool, Grind to smooth paste.	CBSE Study Material	III	26	1
ii.	b. Raw papaya	CBSE Study Material	I	12	1
iii.	a. Maharashtra	CBSE Study Material	I	14	1
iv.	d. Canned	CBSE Study Material	VI	56	1
v.	b. Retard the yeast activity	CBSE Study Material	VII	65	1
vi.	b. A iii, B i, C iv, D ii	CBSE Study Material	IV	38	1
vii.	c. By arranging kitchen items properly	CBSE Study Material	VIII	84	1
Q. 3	Answer any 6 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 6 = 6 marks)				
i.	b. Bhakarwadi	CBSE Study Material	II	23	1
ii.	d. Dessert section should be listed with bread section	CBSE Study Material	VIII	80	1
iii.	b. Kachri	CBSE Study Material	I	12	1
iv.	b. Makhani gravy: Onion	CBSE Study Material	III	27-31	1
v.	d. Dhansak	CBSE Study Material	I	15	1
vi.	c. Consume variety of oils	CBSE Study Material	V	45	1
vii.	c. 75%	CBSE Study Material	IX	103	1

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)				
i.	a. Channa sundal	CBSE Study Material	II	24	1
ii.	b. Semi-variable cost	CBSE Study Material	IX	96	1
iii.	a. Always clean raw vegetables and meat in the same bowl.	CBSE Study Material	X	108	1
iv.	a. Sattu	CBSE Study Material	I	11	1
v.	b. Dodol	CBSE Study Material	IV	42	1
vi.	c. Cookies should be under baked	CBSE Study Material	VII	68	1
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)				
i.	c. A iv, B iii, C ii, D i	CBSE Study Material	II	23,24	1
ii.	d. Seafood	CBSE Study Material	X	112	1
iii.	a. Appam	CBSE Study Material	I	17	1
iv.	c. Patisapta	CBSE Study Material	IV	41	1
v.	b. Fresh Herbs	CBSE Study Material	V	48	1
vi.	d. Sidu	CBSE Study Material	I	5	1
Q. 6	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)				
i.	d. Deep frying	CBSE Study Material	II	23	1
ii.	d. Ensures quick delivery of the order	CBSE Study Material	VI	55	1
iii.	b. A iv, B iii, C ii, D i	CBSE Study Material	I	13	1
iv.	c. Tin	CBSE Study Material	X	118	1
v.	d. Almond	CBSE Study Material	IV	43	1
vi.	b. Jellies: Fruit juices	CBSE Study Material	V	45	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 3 = 6 marks)					
Q. 7	Four importance of listening- 1. To learn 2. To build and maintain relationships 3. To resolve conflicts 4. To obtain information Any other, Any four	NCERT	I	3	½X4=2
Q. 8	Four ways to manage stress- 1. Stay positive and analyse what is going wrong in a certain situation. 2. Maintain an accomplishment sheet and enter even small achievements. 3. Talk to friends and family for comfort. 4. Practice meditation and yoga. Any other, Any four	NCERT	II	26	½X4=2
Q. 9	Four presentation softwares- 1. OpenOffice Impress 2. Google Slides	NCERT	III	63	½X4=2

	3. Apple Keynote 4. Microsoft Office – PowerPoint Any other, Any four				
Q. 10	Four attitudes required to become an entrepreneur- 1. Decisiveness 2. Perseverance 3. Organisational skills 4. Interpersonal skills Any other, Any four	NCERT	IV	97	½X4=2
Q. 11	Four benefits of green jobs- 1. Limiting greenhouse gas emissions 2. Minimising waste and pollution 3. Protecting and restoring ecosystems 4. Preventing hazardous climate change Any other, Any four	NCERT	V	114	½X4=2
Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 3 = 6 marks)					
Q. 12	Fish kabiraji- Local fish fillet marinated, coated in beaten egg and bread crumbs and pan fried. Amritsari macchi- Local fish fillet, cut, marinated and deep fried after coating with gram flour batter and served as a crisp fritter. Any one difference	CBSE Study Material	II	22	1X2=2
Q. 13	Two precautions for preparing brown gravy- 1. Cumin seeds should not burn and turn black. 2. Onions are to be browned Two precautions for preparing kadhai gravy- 1. Add sautéed chunks of onion and capsicum near serving time. 2. Tomatoes used for preparation of gravy should be red and not too sour. Any other, Any two	CBSE Study Material	III	32,33	½X4=2
Q. 14	Four sweets prepared using Chenna- 1. Sandesh: A famous dessert made from chenna, palm jaggery and reduced milk. 2. Roshogulla / Rasgulla: It is made by shaping a dough of cheena and	CBSE Study Material	IV	40,41	½X4=2

	<p>flour in to balls and cooking them in sugar syrup.</p> <p>3. Chhena Murki: It is a Bengali dessert recipe that is prepared using chenna and sugar syrup shaped into small cubes.</p> <p>4. Chhena jilapi: Fresh chenna is kneaded and shaped and deep fried. They are then soaked in sugar syrup.</p> <p>Any other, Any four</p>				
Q. 15	<p>Four features of Ala carte menu-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It gives the full list of all the dishes that may be prepared by the establishment. 2. Each dish is priced individually. 3. A certain waiting time (preparation time) has to be allowed for each dish. 4. It is cooked to order. <p>Any other, Any four</p>	CBSE Study Material	VIII	78	½X4=2
Q. 16	<p>Four precautions to be adopted while handling raw meat-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Raw meat should be transported in refrigerated vehicles. 2. Always store cooked meat above raw meat in a refrigerator. 3. Preparation of raw meat should be done in separate areas. 4. Different chopping boards and utensils for the preparation of raw meat and high-risk foods should be followed. <p>Any other, Any four</p>	CBSE Study Material	X	107,108	½X4=2
Answer any 2 out of the given 3 questions in 30– 50 words each (3 x 2 = 6 marks)					
Q. 17	<p>Six objectives of cost accounting-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ascertainment of cost 2. Determination of selling price 3. Cost reduction 4. Cost control 5. Ascertaining the profit of each activity 6. Assisting management in decision making <p>Any other, Any six</p>	CBSE Study Material	IX	94	½X6=3
Q. 18	<p>a. Kootu A mixed vegetable preparation with coconut.</p> <p>b. Dalcha Meat is cooked with chana dal and whole spices with yoghurt.</p>	CBSE Study Material	I	5,16,17	1X3=3

	<p>c. Roganjosh Shoulder of lamb is simmered in a red gravy made with praan, curd and spices.</p> <p>Any one way of preparation for each</p>												
Q. 19	<p>Three differences between organic and inorganic waste-</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Organic Waste</th> <th>Inorganic Waste</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>It is biodegradable.</td> <td>It is non-biodegradable.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>It can be processed in the presence of oxygen by composting or in the absence of oxygen using anaerobic digestion</td> <td>It cannot be processed. Glass, plastic, aluminium etc. can be sent for recycling.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Example- Fruit peels, pulps, meat trimmings etc.</td> <td>Example-Empty cans & bottles, packing material, cling films etc.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Any other, Any three differences</p>	Organic Waste	Inorganic Waste	It is biodegradable.	It is non-biodegradable.	It can be processed in the presence of oxygen by composting or in the absence of oxygen using anaerobic digestion	It cannot be processed. Glass, plastic, aluminium etc. can be sent for recycling.	Example- Fruit peels, pulps, meat trimmings etc.	Example-Empty cans & bottles, packing material, cling films etc.	CBSE Study Material	X	119	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$
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Example- Fruit peels, pulps, meat trimmings etc.	Example-Empty cans & bottles, packing material, cling films etc.												
Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50– 80 words each (4 x 3 = 12 marks)													
Q. 20	<p>a. Two benefits of fast food-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduces meal preparation time. 2. Less wastage. <p>Two drawbacks of fast food-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lack of freshness in vegetables and fruits 2. Cost per serving may be higher than homemade <p>Any other, Any two each</p> <p>b. Four salient features of fast food-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It specializes in one particular product. 2. Variations in the menu are based on one product. Example – Aloo tikka burger, tuna burger, etc. 3. Products can be prepared quickly and be held for a short while without spoilage. 4. It relies heavily on the availability of convenience products. <p>Any other, Any four</p>	CBSE Study Material	VI	52,56	<p>2+2=4 $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 4$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 4$</p>								
Q. 21	<p>a. Difference between hard and soft wheat-</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Hard wheat</td> <td>Soft wheat</td> </tr> </table>	Hard wheat	Soft wheat	CBSE Study Material	VII	64,67	<p>2+2=4 $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$</p>						
Hard wheat	Soft wheat												

	<p>High proportion of gluten.</p> <p>Used for breads and bread products.</p>	<p>Less proportion of gluten.</p> <p>Used for making delicate baked goods like cakes, pastries and cookies</p>				
	<p>Any other, Any two difference</p>					
	<p>b. Four roles of fat in baking-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Increase the tenderness of the product. 2. Increase the quality of the product, both for keeping and eating. 3. Enhance the food value of the product. 4. Improve the grain and texture. 					½X4=2
	<p>Any other, Any four</p>					
Q. 22	<p>Four factors to be considered while planning meals-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nutritional Adequacy -The nutritional requirements of all the members attending the function should be fulfilled. 2. Age factor- Diet requirement of various members of different age groups differs in quantity as well as in nutrition. 3. Gender- Men need more of quantity for more calories whereas women need comparatively less calories than men. 4. Time, energy and skill considerations- While planning a menu, one should consider the resources like time, energy and skill available to the family. 		CBSE Study Material	VIII	85,86,87	1X4=4
	<p>Any other, Any four</p>					
Q. 23	<p>Differentiate between-</p> <p>a. Shammi kebab Meat is cooked with chana dal and then minced and spiced.</p> <p>Galavati kebab Made by keema from breast of lamb and cooked on mahi tawa.</p> <p>b. Macha Ghanta It is made up of fried head of the fish and is served with hot steamed rice and salad.</p> <p>Patrapada Macha</p>		CBSE Study Material	I	8,10	1X4=4

	<p>Fish is marinated in spices and a paste of mustard seeds, poppy seeds, cumin seeds etc. It is wrapped in banana leaf and steamed. This is served hot with rice.</p> <p>Any one difference</p>																		
Q. 24	<p>a. Calculate the following-</p> <p>i. Food cost Food cost=Food cost percentage x Sale</p> $\frac{\quad\quad\quad}{100} = 30 \times 4200$ $\frac{100}{\quad\quad\quad} = ₹ 1260$ <p>ii. Sale</p> <p>Sale = $\frac{\text{Food cost}}{\text{Food cost percentage}} \times 100$</p> $= \frac{7600}{40} \times 100$ $= ₹ 19000$ <p>b. Overhead cost-</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="233 1084 719 1368"> <thead> <tr> <th>RECEIPTS</th> <th>AMOUNT (in ₹)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Depreciation</td> <td>2000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Electricity</td> <td>3000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gas and Fuel</td> <td>1000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Miscellaneous expenses</td> <td>5000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Advertisement</td> <td>3000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>14000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Overhead cost= ₹ 14000 Overhead cost percentage = $\frac{\text{Overhead cost}}{\text{Sale}} \times 100$</p> $= \frac{14000}{70000} \times 100$ $= 20\%$	RECEIPTS	AMOUNT (in ₹)	Depreciation	2000	Electricity	3000	Gas and Fuel	1000	Miscellaneous expenses	5000	Advertisement	3000	Total	14000	CBSE Study Material	IX	103	<p>1+1+2=4 1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1+1=2</p>
RECEIPTS	AMOUNT (in ₹)																		
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