

166**III**

Total No. of Questions – 24

Regd.

Total No. of Printed Pages - 3

No.

Part – III
MATHEMATICS, Paper – I(A)
(English Version)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

Note : This question paper consists of **three** Sections – A, B and C.**SECTION – A**

– 10 × 2 = 20

I. Very Short Answer Type questions :(i) Answer **all** the questions.(ii) Each question carries **two** marks.

1. Find the domain of the real valued function $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 25}$.
2. If $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are defined by $f(x) = 3x - 1$, $g(x) = x^2 + 1$ then find $(f \circ g)(2)$.
3. Define a symmetric matrix. Give one example of order 3×3 .
4. Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$.
5. If the vectors $-3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + \lambda\vec{k}$ and $\mu\vec{i} + 8\vec{j} + 6\vec{k}$ are collinear then find λ and μ .
6. Find the vector equation of the plane passing through the points $(0, 0, 0)$, $(0, 5, 0)$ and $(2, 0, 1)$.

7. Find the angle between the vectors $\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 3\bar{k}$ and $3\bar{i} - \bar{j} + 2\bar{k}$.
8. Find the value of $\sin 330^\circ \cos 120^\circ + \cos 210^\circ \sin 300^\circ$.
9. Find the extreme values of $\cos 2x + \cos^2 x$.
10. For any $x \in \mathbb{R}$ show that $\cosh 2x = 2 \cosh^2 x - 1$.

SECTION - B

5 × 4 = 20

II. Short Answer Type questions :

- (i) Answer any **five** questions.
- (ii) Each question carries **four** marks.

11. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ then find AB' and BA' .

12. If $\bar{a}, \bar{b}, \bar{c}$ are non-coplanar vectors, prove that the following four points are co-planar $-\bar{a} + 4\bar{b} - 3\bar{c}$, $3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} - 5\bar{c}$, $-3\bar{a} + 8\bar{b} - 5\bar{c}$ and $-3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} + \bar{c}$.

13. Let \bar{a} and \bar{b} be vectors, satisfying $|\bar{a}| = |\bar{b}| = 5$ and $(\bar{a}, \bar{b}) = 45^\circ$. Find the area of the triangle having $\bar{a} - 2\bar{b}$ and $3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b}$ as two of its sides.

14. If A is not an integral multiple of $\frac{\pi}{2}$ then prove that

(i) $\tan A + \cot A = 2 \operatorname{cosec} 2A$ and

(ii) $\cot A - \tan A = 2 \cot 2A$

15. Solve the equation $\sqrt{3} \sin \theta - \cos \theta = \sqrt{2}$.

16. Prove that $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{13} \right) + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{16}{65} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$

17. If $a = (b - c) \sec \theta$, prove that $\tan \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{bc}}{b - c} \sin \frac{A}{2}$

III. Long Answer Type questions :

- (i) Answer any **five** questions.
 (ii) Each question carries **seven** marks.

18. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$, $g : B \rightarrow C$ be bijections then prove that $g \circ f : A \rightarrow C$ is a bijection.

19. Using mathematical induction, prove that :

$$\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \frac{1}{5.7} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} = \frac{n}{2n+1} \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

20. Show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a+b+2c & a & b \\ c & b+c+2a & b \\ c & a & c+a+2b \end{vmatrix} = 2(a+b+c)^3.$$

21. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Jordan Method :

$$2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6 \text{ and } x - y + z = 2.$$

22. For any four vectors \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} and \vec{d} , prove that

$$(i) \quad (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = [\vec{a} \vec{c} \vec{d}] \vec{b} - [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{d}] \vec{a} \text{ and}$$

$$(ii) \quad (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{d}] \vec{c} - [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] \vec{d}$$

23. If A, B, C are the angles in a triangle, then prove that

$$\cos A + \cos B + \cos C = 1 + 4 \sin \left(\frac{A}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{B}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{C}{2} \right)$$

24. Show that in any triangle ABC

$$r + r_3 + r_1 - r_2 = 4R \cos B.$$