SUBJECT : BIOLOGY	DAY-1
SESSION: MORNING	TIME: 10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOO	KLET DETAILS .
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
	A-1	148977

## DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the invigilator after the 2<sup>nd</sup> Bell i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- 4. The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

## DON'TS:

- 1. THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell rings at 10.40 a.m., till then;
  - Do not remove the paper seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters. (Four different options / choices.)
- 2. After the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the paper seal on the right hand side of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
  - Read each question carefully.
  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options / choices) given under each question / statement.
  - Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN
    against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

Correct Method of shading the circle on the OMR answer sheet is as shown below:



- 4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognised and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- 5. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- 6. After the last bell is rung at 11.50 a.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room invigilator as it is.
- 8. After separating the top sheet (Our Copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

[Turn Over

В



	(1)	Messenger RNA	(2)	Soluble RNA		
	(3)	Ribosomal RNA	(4)	Heterogeneous n	uclear RNA	
2.	Choose th	ne right one which denot	es genetic d	liversity.		· .
	(1)	Chromosomes – nucle	otides – ger	nes – individuals –	populations	•
	(2)	Populations – individu			- <del>-</del>	
	(3)	Genes – nucleotides –		•		
	(4)	Nucleotides – genes –				
						0
3.		on of an Eukaryotic gene	which is to	anscribed but not	ranslated is	
	(1)	Exon	(2)	Intron		
	(3)	Cistron	(4)	Codon		
				10 (10 m) 10		
4.	The appear	arance of chancre, rashes	all over th	e body are the sym	ptoms of	
•	(1)	Gonorrhoea	(2)	Aids		
	(3)	Syphilis	(4)	Fever		
5.	Read the	statements (A) and (B).	Thoose the	right one	•	
		nesis of mRNA takes pla				
		ing of mRNA is always		•		
	(1)	Both the statements are				
	(2)	Statement (A) is wrong		rect.		
	(3)	Statement (B) is wrong				•
	(4)	Both the statements (A		• .		
	· — —	Sp	ace For Ro	ıgh Work	,	

1.

The most unstable RNA is

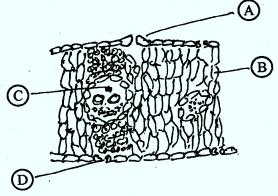
).	Assimilatory			1 CD	
	(1) NA	ADPH <sub>2</sub>	(2)	ATP	
	(3) A	ΓP and NADPH <sub>2</sub>	(4)	FADH <sub>2</sub>	
٠.	•				
7.	ECORI cleav	es the DNA strands to	produce		
	(1) B	lunt ends	(2)	Sticky ends	
	(3) S	atellite ends	(4)	Ori replication end	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(A) and (B) an	d identify	the correct choice from those give	n:
8.	Read the stat	ements (A) and (B) an	e neak of	conception on the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of ovul	ation.
	Statement (	B): Vasectomy is the females.	e method	d normally employed to avoid co	nception in
	(1)	Statement (A) is wrong	, (B) is ri	ght.	
	• •	Statement (A) is right,			
		30th the statements are			
	. ` ′	Both the statements are			
9.	The sequen	ce of nitrogenous base tary DNA strand shou	es in one ld have	strand of DNA are 3' TAC GCG	ACG 5'. The
		5' AUG CGC TGC 3'	(2	) 3' ATG CGC TGC 5'	
		5' UAC GCG ACG 3'	(4	) 5' ATG CGC TGC 3'	
		aut C 11in a stator	ment is co	orrect regarding spinal cord?	·
10		of the following states	er grev ma	atter and inner white matter.	
	(1)	It is composed of out	m white n	natter and inner grey matter.	
	(2)	It is composed of out	or orev m	atter and inner colourless matter.	
	(3)				
	(4)	It is composed of gre			
		S	Space For	Rough Work	· .

Assimilatory power is

6.

11.	Matc	latch the entries in Column I with the						of Column II and ch	oose the corre	ct answe	r
	Column – I							Column – II		, and a second	••
	(A)	(A) Restriction endonucleases					(P)	Kohler and Milstei	in		
	(B)	Po	lymeras	se cha	in reac	ction	(Q)	Alec Jeffreys			
	(C)	DN	IA fing	erprin	ting		(R)	Arber			
	(D)	Mo	noclon	al anti	ibodie	s	(S)	Karry Mullis			
			<b>(A)</b>	<b>(B)</b>	<b>(C)</b>	<b>(D)</b>					
		(1)	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)					
		(2)	(R)	(Q)	(S)	(P)				,	
	. (	(3)	(Q)	(R)	(S)	(P)		·			
		(4)	(Q)	(S)	(R)	(Q)	*				
	·		(4)	(5)	(14)	(Q)		•			
12.	Which	ı tay	conomi	c term	may	he cua	rosted for				
		(1)	Class		ı ınay	De sugg		or any rank in the cl	assification?		
		(3)					(2)				
		<i>3)</i>	Speci	es			(4)	Taxon			
13.	In one	<b>9</b> 0	f the	techni	ques	of rec	ombinaı	nt insulin producti	on the genes	for α	and
	β poly	pep	tides w	ere in	serted	into the	e plasmi	d by the side of			
	. (	1)	Antib	otic r	esistar	ice gen	е				
	(	2)	Lac z	promo	oter ge	ne					
	(:	3)	β gala	ctosid	ase ge	ne					
	(4	4)	Ori								
							•.				
4.	Which	one	does n	ot bel	ong to	moner	a?				
	(1		Slime				(2)	Mycoplasma	•		
	(3	3)	Eubact	eria			(4)	Archaebacteria			
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Space		ugh Work			
						~pac	- 1 01 1/0	agu WUK			
								* · ·			

15. The diagram given below represents the T.S. of dicot leaf. Identify the parts labelled as A, B, C and D, which denote their functions and choose the correct one given below:



- (1) A: Motor action
- B: Photosynthesis
- C: Conduction
- D: Transpiration
- (2) A: Motor action
- B: Conduction
- C: Photosynthesis
- D: Transpiration
- (3) A: Transpiration
- B: Photosynthesis
- C : Conduction
- D: Transpiration
- (4) A: Transpiration
- B: Conduction
- C: Photosynthesis
- D: Motor action
- 16. Which of the following tissue is not a component of a complex tissues?
  - (1) Parenchyma
- (2) Collenchyma
- (3) Sclerenchyma
- (4) Tracheids

- 17. Mosses and ferns are
  - (1) Thallophytes of plant kingdom
  - (2) Angiosperms of plant kingdom
  - (3) Gymnosperms of plant kingdom
  - (4) Amphibians of plant kingdom

18.	Plasmode	rmata is usuall	y observed betwe	een		. • •
	(1)	Sieve tubes a	nd Bast fibre			
	(2)	Trachea and	Phloem fibres			•
	(3)	Xylem paren	chyma and xylem	ı fib	bres	
	(4)		nd companion ce			
19.	The embr	yo sac of an an	giosperm is made	e up	oof	
	(1)	8 cells		2)	4	
	(3)	8 nuclei		4)	8 cells and 7 nuclei	
20.	Cork Cam	hium of dicot s	stem originates fro			
	(1)		ed parenchyma c			
	(2)		ed collenchyma c			
	(3)		ells of medullary			•
	(4)		ells of pericycle	гау	<b>y</b> 	
			ons of perfeyele			
21.	Match the below:	words of Colu	mn I with that of	Col	olumn II and choose the correct answe	r given
	Colun	ın — I	Column – I	I		
	(A) Alga	e (	P) Gymnosperr	ns		
	(B) Ricci	a (	Q) Pond scum			
	(C) Spiro	gyra (1	R) Autotrophic			
	(D) Gnet	ım (S	S) Liverwort			
		(A) (B) (C	<b>(D)</b>			
	(1)	(R) (S) (Q				
	(2)	(P) (S) (Q	, ,			
	(3)	(S) (P) (R	. ,			
	(4)	(R) $(Q)$ $(S)$				
		(4) (5)	—————		•	

22.	The openir	ng and closing of stom	ata are contro	olled by the activity of
. 4.	(1)	Guard cells	(2)	Epidermal cells
	(3)	Mesophyll cells	(4)	Lenticels
23.	In which shows bila	of these following phateral symmetry?		the adult shows radial symmetry, the larva
	(1)	Annelids	(2)	Arthropods
	(3)	Molluscs	(4)	Echinodermata
24.	A thin fil called	m of water covering	the soil parti	icles and held strongly by attractive forces is
	(1)	Run away	(2)	Hygroscopic
	(3)	Gravitational	(4)	Capillary
25.	(1) Ce (2) Co (3) Sc	istic morphological fer Animals  ntipede, Prawn, Sea un ckroach, Locust, Taen orpion, Spider, Cockro verfluke, Sea anemone	chin ia	Morphological features  Jointed appendages  Metameric segmentation  Ventral solid nerve cord  Bilateral symmetry
26.	Stateme	<ul><li>Both statements ar</li><li>Both statements ar</li></ul>	e correct and e correct.	n water potential.  zero in pure water.  (B) is not the reason for (A).  (B) is the reason for (A).
			Space For	Rough Work

		. (2)	Two	o chro	matid	s and	one ce	entrom	nere					
		(3)	Two	Two chromatids and two centromeres										
		(4)	Fou	r chro	matid	s and	four c	entron	neres		•			
28.	Elec	ctrons	from	excite	ed chlo	rophy	yll mo	lecule	s of photo	osvstem	II are ad	cented	first by	
		(1)		edoxi				(2)	Pheoph			гороси		
		(3)	Cyto	ochror	ne b			(4)	Cytoch	•				
29.	Mat sequ	ch the	e follo	wing 1	list of	anima	als wi	th thei	r level of	f organiz	zation ar	d choos	se the c	orrect
			Colun	nn — I			(	Colum	n – II					
	(A)	Org	an lev	el	-		(P)	Pher	ritima					
	(B)	Cell	lular a	ggreg	ate lev	el	(Q)	Fasc	iola		· ·			
	(C)	Tiss	ue lev	el			(R)	Spor	ngilla	*				
	(D)	Org	an sys	tem le	evel		(S)	Obel	lia					
			(A)	<b>(B)</b> ·	(C)	<b>(D)</b>								
		(1)	(S)	(R)	(P)	(Q)	•							
		(2)	(S)	(Q)	(R)	(P)			,	*				
		(3)	(Q)	(S)	(R)	(P)					•			
		(4)	(Q)	(R)	(S)	(P)								
30.	Oxid	ative	decarl	ooxyla	ition o	ccure	durin	n the f	ormation					
		(1)			and Si				Offication	1 01 .				
		(2)			and O					·				
		(3)			and S									
		(4)			c acid				o noid					
	<del></del>				acid									
						Sp	ace Fo	r Rou	gh Work					

27. A bivalent of meiosis I consists of

(1) Four chromatids and two centromeres

37	. Amrithm	ahal is a/an	* .		
	(1) (3)	Dual purpose breed Cross breed	(2) (4)	Exotic breed Drought breed	
38.	Gynecom	astica is the symptom of			
,	(1) (3)	Klinefelter's syndrome Turner's syndrome	(2) (4)	Down's syndrome Cri-du-chat syndrome	
39.	The branc	h of biology that deals with	study o	of fossil animals is known as	
	(1)	Para biology	(2)	Phylogeny	n,
	(3)	Paleontology	(4)	Para zoology	:
	(1) (2) (3)	All the children would colo All their sons are colourblin None of the daughters would	ourblind ad. ld be co	•	
41.	The plants v	which have antidiabetic prop	erties		
	(1)	Ocimum sanctum Adathoda vasica	(2)	Gymnema sylvestre Phyllantus emblica	
12.	Deforestatio	n means			
	(1) g (2) g (3) g	rowing plants and trees in a	n area v	where there is no forest. where the forest is removed.	
		Space Fo	r Rough	ı Work	

<b>43.</b>	Lysosomes are pro-	duced by				
	(1) Golgi co	omplex	(2)	Mitochondria		
	(3) Endople	asmic reticulum	(4)	Leucoplasts		
44.	Kokkarebellur Bire	d Sanctuary is notic	ced in			
77.	(1) Mandy		(2)	Mysore		•
		rajnagar	(4)	Hassan		
	(3)					
45	One of the follows	ng is also called S	ewall W	right effect.		
45.	(1) Isolation		(2)	Gene pool		
	. (-)		(4)	Gene flow		
	(3) Geneti	c dini				
					•	
46.		•	(2)	Sacred landscap	oe	
	` '	i groove				
	(3) Sacre	d animal	(4)	Elidaligered am	11141	
					haginning with	the sensory
47		g parts of a reflex	c arc in	the correct order	oegiming with	
	receptor:	•			÷	
	(A) Motor neur		•			
	(B) Interneuro	: <b>1</b>				
	(C) Effector (D) Sensory no	euron				
			•			
	• •	D) (B) (A) (C)			,	
	• •	D) (A) (B) (C)				
·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(B) (C) (D) (E)		Carlos Francisco		
		(E) (D) (B) (C)				
	(4) (A)					

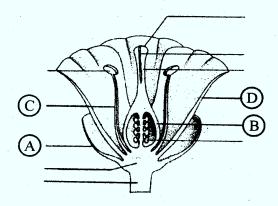
	1110	· ti doi	ica tei	iiiiiau	58 IIIIO	•						•							
		(1)	Bro	nchial	Tree	Espt.		(2	)	Atriu	ım								
	-	(3)	Bro	nchi				(4)	)	Alve	oli								
	•																		
49.	Mat	ch th	e entri	es in	Colun	nn – ]	[ with	thos	e d	f Co	lumi	n II :	and .	choo	se th		rrant		
	give	n bel	ow:					*.	_				*****	OIIOO.	sc u	ic co	ΠCC	ans	wer
		Co	lumn -	- I				C	olı	ımn -	– II								
	(A)	FSI	H				(P)	No	rma	al gro	wth								
	(B)	GH	I			*	(Q)			tion									
	(C)	Pro	lactin				(R)	Par	tur	ition									
	(D)	Ox	ytocin				(S)	Wa	ter	diure	sis								
							(T)	Mil	k s	ecreti	ion								
4			(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)		,											
		(1)	(Q)	(P)	(T)	(R)													
		(2)	(Q)	(P)	(T)	(S)						٠							
		(3)	(P)	(T)	(R)	(Q)													
		(4)	(Q)	(T)	(S)	(R)													
			(Q)	(-)	(3)	(14)													
50.	Form	.ati a			N.														
50.	POIII	(1)	of act		n cary ilizatio		he egg	g take	s p	lace									
		` '	•														•		
		(2)			zation														
		(3)			of Clo	_													
		(4)	At the	time	of An	nphin	iixis			•									
				•															•
51.	Whic	h of t	he foll		g part (	of Co	ckroa	ch leg	g is	attac	hed	to th	oraz	ven	trall	y ?			
		(1)	Troch	anter				(2)	C	law									
		(3)	Femu	r				(4)	C	oxa									

	Matc	h the e	ntries	in Co	lumn -	– I with	those of (	Colum	n – II and	l choose th	ie correct	answer.	•
			mn –				•		Column -				
	(A)	Cytok	inins				(P)	Stress	s hormon	e	3		
	(B)	Auxi	18				(Q)	Riper	ning of fr	uits			<i>5.</i>
	(C)	Absc	isic ac	id			(R)	Apic	al domina	ance			
	(D) Ethylene						(S)	Bolti					
	(- )	•					(T)	Rich	mond La	ng effect			
			(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	•						
		(1)	(T)	(R)	(P)	(Q)						•	
		(2)	(T)	(R)	(T)	(S)							
		(3)	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)					i		
		(4)	(Q)	(Q)	(T)	(R)				•			
53.	Lef	1 auric (1) (3)	Puln	eives p nonary erior v	y vein		om the	(2) (4)		onary arter			
= A	Th	a cami	_diges	ted fo	od tha	t move	s down the	e oesoj	phagus is	known as			
54.	. 111	(1)	Bol				(2)	Chy					
		(3)	Rug				(4)	Prot	tein				
55	. Di	uring tl	ne trar	sport	ation g	gases, to	o maintain	the io	nic balan	ce chlorid	e ions shi	fts from	
		(1)		C's to			(2)		sma to R				
		(3)	Lui	ngs to	blood		(4)		ood to lun	igs	•		
	-		-			$\mathbf{S}_{\parallel}$	pace For R	ough '	Work				

	•	
56.	Read the	statements (A) and (B). Choose the right one:
		t (A): Atherosclerosis is a disease characterised by the thickening of arterial walls.
	Statemen	(B): Deposition of cholesterol and triglycerides in the arterial walls causes atherosclerosis.
	(1)	Statement (A) is correct, (B) is wrong.
	(2)	Both the statements are correct but not related to each other.
	(3)	Both the statements are correct and (B) is the reason for (A).
	(4)	Both the statements are wrong.
<b>57.</b>	Juxtaglome	erular cells secrete $\xrightarrow{A}$ when there is a fall in $\xrightarrow{B}$ ion concentration.
	Choose the	correct pair labelled as A and B.
	(1)	A: Renin B: Chloride
	(2)	A : Carbonic unhydrase B : Sodium
	(3)	A: ATPase B: Potassium
	(4)	A: Renin B: Sodium

- (1) Colon and large intestine
- (2) Colon and small intestine
- (3) Stomach and small intestine
- (4) Cardiac stomach and fundus

59. The diagram given below denotes the various parts of a typical flower. Identify the labelled parts A, B, C and D and choose the correct option:



- (1) A = Petals, B = Sepals, C = Stamens, D = Pistil
- (2) A = Sepals, B = Pistil, C = Petals, D = Stamens
- (3) A = Sepals, B = Pistil, C = Stamens, D = Petals
- (4) A = Sepals, B = Petals, C = Pistil, D = Stamens
- 60. Read the statements A and B and identify the correct choice from those given below:

Statement (A): The egg of frog is moderately telolecithal.

Statement (B): Sooner (or) later the cleavage pattern becomes irregular.

- (1) Statement (A) is correct, (B) is wrong.
- (2) Statement (B) is correct, (A) is wrong.
- (3) Both the statements (A) and (B) are correct.
- (4) Statement (A) is the reason for statement (B).

