Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering 2017 CAREERINDIA

Question Paper Name:Instrumentation Engineering 12th Feb 2017Subject Name:Instrumentation Engineering

Duration: 180 **Total Marks:** 100



Organizing Institute: Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee















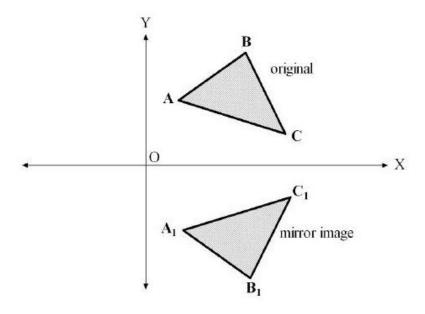


If v is a non-zero vector of dimension 3×1 , then the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{v}\mathbf{v}^{\mathsf{T}}$ has a rank =_____

Question Number: 2

Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

The figure shows a shape ABC and its mirror image $A_1B_1C_1$ across the horizontal axis (X-axis). The coordinate transformation matrix that maps ABC to $A_1B_1C_1$ is



$$(A) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(C)\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(B)\begin{bmatrix}0&1\\-1&0\end{bmatrix}$$

(D)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question Number: 3

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

Let z = x + jy where $j = \sqrt{-1}$. Then $\cos z =$

$$(A) \cos z$$

(B)
$$\cos z$$

(C)
$$\sin z$$

(D)
$$\sin \overline{z}$$

The eigenvalues of the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 5 & 6 \\ 0 & -6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ are

- (A) -1, 5, 6 (B) 1, $-5 \pm j6$ (C) 1, $5 \pm j6$ (D) 1, 5, 5

Question Number: 5

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

For a first order lowpass filter with unity d.c. gain and -3 dB corner frequency of 2000π rad/s, the transfer function $H(i\omega)$ is

(A)
$$\frac{1}{1000 + j\omega}$$

(B)
$$\frac{1}{1+j1000\omega}$$

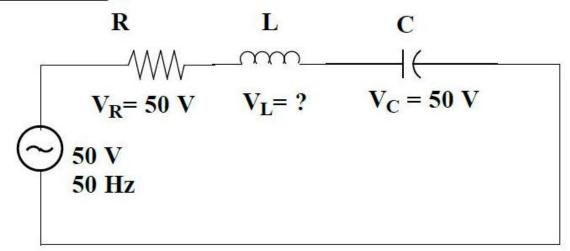
(A)
$$\frac{1}{1000 + j\omega}$$
 (B) $\frac{1}{1 + j1000\omega}$ (C) $\frac{2000\pi}{2000\pi + j\omega}$ (D) $\frac{1000\omega}{1 + j1000\omega}$

(D)
$$\frac{1000\omega}{1+j1000\omega}$$

Question Number: 6

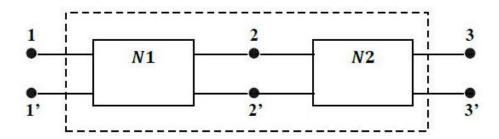
Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

A series R-L-C circuit is excited with a 50 V, 50 Hz sinusoidal source. The voltages across the resistance and the capacitance are shown in the figure. The voltage across the inductor $(\mathbf{V_L})$ is \mathbf{V} .



The connection of two 2-port networks is shown in the figure. The ABCD parameters of N1 and N2 networks are given as

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{N1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{N2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



The ABCD parameters of the combined 2-port network are

$$(A)\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 0.2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

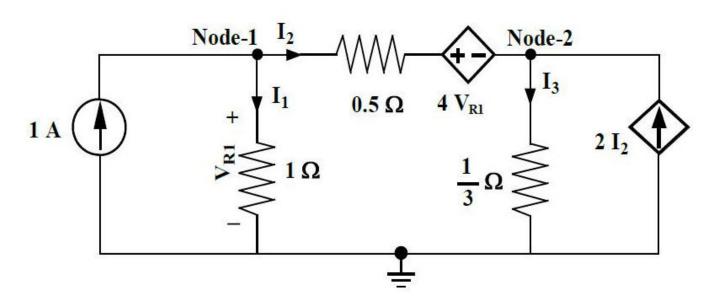
(B)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (C) $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(D)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0.5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

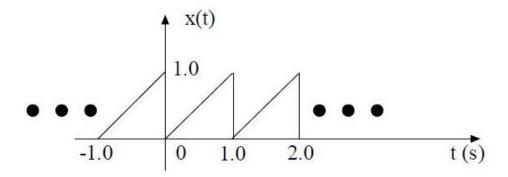
Question Number: 8

Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

A circuit consisting of dependent and independent sources is shown in the figure. If the voltage at Node-1 is -1 V, then the voltage at Node-2 is



A periodic signal x(t) is shown in the figure. The fundamental frequency of the signal x(t)in **Hz** is



Question Number: 10

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

A system is described by the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} + x(t), \ x(0) = y(0) = 0$$

where x(t) and y(t) are the input and output variables respectively. The transfer function of the inverse system is

(A)
$$\frac{s+1}{s-2}$$

(B)
$$\frac{s+2}{s+1}$$

(B)
$$\frac{s+2}{s+1}$$
 (C) $\frac{s+1}{s+2}$

(D)
$$\frac{s-1}{s-2}$$

Question Number: 11

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

If a continuous-time signal $x(t) = \cos(2\pi t)$ is sampled at 4 Hz, the value of the discretetime sequence x(n) at n = 5 is

(A) -0.707

(B) -1

(C) 0

(D) 1

Question Number: 12

Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

The Region of Convergence (ROC) of the Z-transform of a causal unit step discrete-time sequence is

(A) |z| < 1

(B) $|z| \leq 1$

(C) |z| > 1

(D) $|z| \ge 1$

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The term hysteresis is associated with

(A) ON-OFF control

(B) P-I control

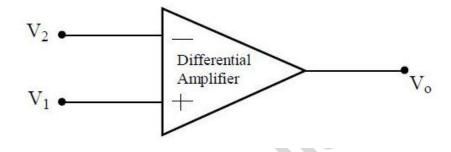
(C) Feed-forward control

(D) Ratio control

Question Number: 14

Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

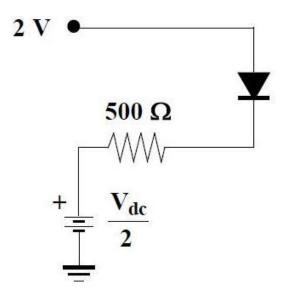
The differential amplifier, shown in the figure, has a differential gain of $A_d = 100$ and common mode gain of $A_c = 0.1$. If $V_1 = 5.01$ V and $V_2 = 5.00$ V, then Vo, in **volt** (up to one decimal place) is ______.



Question Number: 15

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The silicon diode, shown in the figure, has a barrier potential of 0.7 V. There will be no forward current flow through the diode, if V_{dc} , in **volt**, is greater than



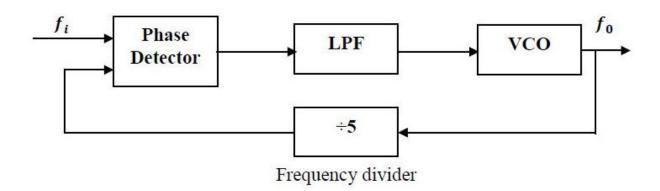
(A) 0.7

(B) 1.3

(C) 1.8

(D) 2.6

The figure shows a phase locked loop. The output frequency is locked at $f_0 = 5$ kHz. The value of f_i in kHz is ______.



Question Number: 17

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The condition for oscillation in a feedback oscillator circuit is that at the frequency of oscillation, initially the loop gain is greater than unity while the total phase shift around the loop in **degree** is

(A) 0

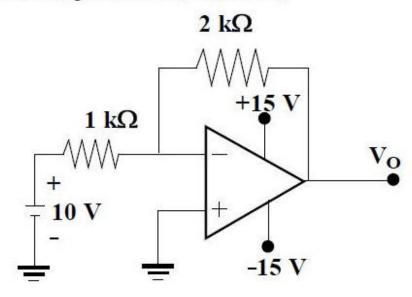
(B) 90

(C) 180

(D) 270

Question Number: 18 Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The output Vo shown in the figure, in volt, is close to



(A) - 20

(B) - 15

(C) - 5

(D) 0

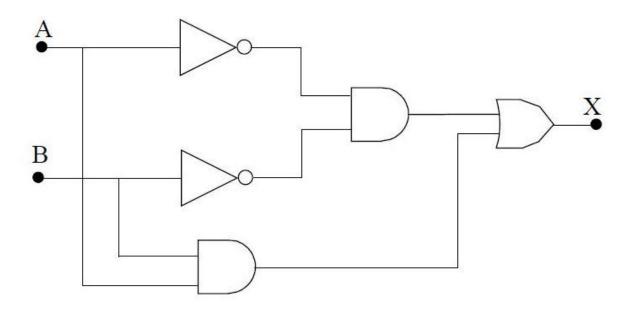
Question Number: 19

Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

An 8-bit microcontroller with 16 address lines has 3 fixed interrupts i.e., Int1, Int2 and Int3 with corresponding interrupt vector addresses as 0008H, 0010H and 0018H. To execute a 32-byte long Interrupt Service Subroutine for Int1 starting at the address ISS1, the location 0008H onwards should ideally contain

- (A) a CALL to ISS1
- (B) an unconditional JUMP to ISS1
- (C) a conditional JUMP to ISS1
- (D) only ISS1

A and B are the logical inputs and X is the logical output shown in the figure. The output X is related to A and B by



(A)
$$X = \overline{A}B + \overline{B}A$$

(B)
$$X = AB + \overline{B}A$$

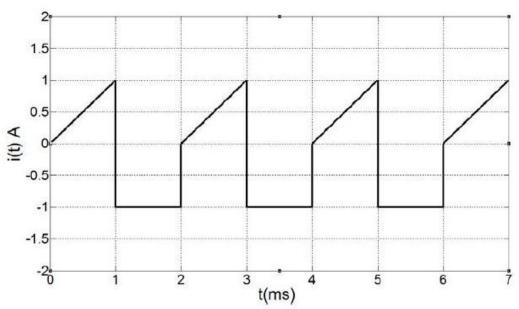
(C)
$$X = AB + \overline{A} \overline{B}$$
 (D) $X = \overline{A} \overline{B} + \overline{B} A$

(D)
$$X = \overline{A} \overline{B} + \overline{B} A$$

Question Number: 21

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

A current waveform, i(t), shown in the figure, is passed through a Permanent Magnet Moving Coil (PMMC) type ammeter. The reading of the ammeter up to two decimal places is



- (A) -0.25 A
- (B) -0.12 A
- (C) 0.37 A
- (D) 0.5 A

Identify the instrument that does not exist:

- (A) Dynamometer-type ammeter
- (B) Dynamometer-type wattmeter

(C) Moving-iron voltmeter

(D) Moving-iron wattmeter

Question Number: 23

The most suitable pressure gauge to measure pressure in the range of 10^{-4} to 10^{-3} torr is

- (A) Bellows
- (B) Barometer
- (C) Strain gauge
- (D) Pirani gauge

Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

Question Number: 24

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The standard for long distance analog signal transmission in process control industry is

- (A) 4 20 mV
- (B) 0 20 mA
- (C) 4 20 mA
- (D) 0-5 V

Question Number: 25

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The pressure drop across an orifice plate for a particular flow rate is 5 kg/m². If the flow rate is doubled (within the operating range of the orifice), the corresponding pressure drop in kg/m² is

- (A) 2.5
- (B) 5.0

- (C) 20.0
- (D) 25.0

Question Number: 26

Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

The probability that a communication system will have high fidelity is 0.81. The probability that the system will have both high fidelity and high selectivity is 0.18. The probability that a given system with high fidelity will have high selectivity is

- (A) 0.181
- (B) 0.191
- (C) 0.222
- (D) 0.826

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The angle between two vectors $\mathbf{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 14 \end{bmatrix}^T$ and $\mathbf{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -12 & 8 & 16 \end{bmatrix}^T$ in radian is

Question Number: 28

The following table lists an n^{th} order polynomial $f(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$ and the forward differences evaluated at equally spaced values of x. The order of the polynomial is

x	f(x)	Δf	$\Delta^2 f$	$\Delta^3 f$
-0.4	1.7648	-0.2965	0.089	-0.03
-0.3	1.4683	-0.2075	0.059	-0.0228
-0.2	1.2608	-0.1485	0.0362	-0.0156
-0.1	1.1123	-0.1123	0.0206	-0.0084
0	1	-0.0917	0.0122	-0.0012
0.1	0.9083	-0.0795	0.011	0.006
0.2	0.8288	-0.0685	0.017	0.0132

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

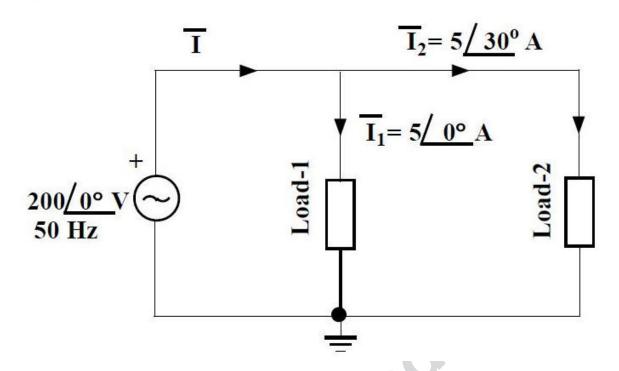
Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

Question Number: 29

The current response of a series R-L circuit to a unit step voltage is given in the table. The value of L is _____ H.

t in s	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.0	 00
i(t) in A	0	0.197	0.316	0.388	0.432	 0.5

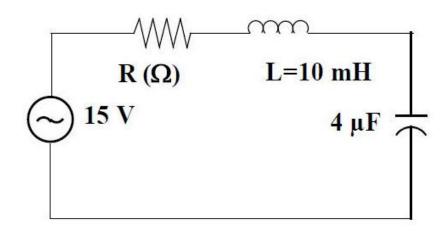
For the circuit, shown in the figure, the total real power delivered by the source to the loads is kW.



Question Number: 31

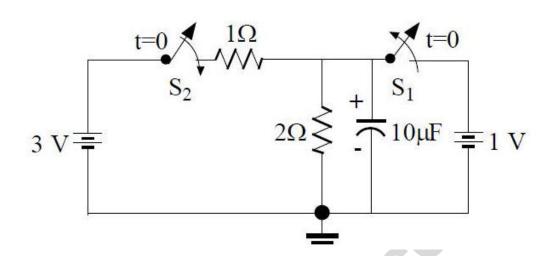
Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

A series R-L-C circuit is excited with an a.c. voltage source. The quality factor (Q) of the circuit is given as Q = 30. The amplitude of current in **ampere** at upper half-power frequency will be _____.



Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

In the circuit diagram, shown in the figure, S₁ was closed and S₂ was open for a very long time. At t = 0, S_1 is opened and S_2 is closed. The voltage across the capacitor, in volt, at $t = 5 \,\mu s \,\mathrm{is}$ _____.



Question Number: 33

Consider two discrete-time signals:

$$x_1(n) = \{1, 1\}$$
 and $x_2(n) = \{1, 2\}$, for $n = 0, 1$.

The Z-transform of the convoluted sequence $x(n) = x_1(n) * x_2(n)$ is

(A)
$$1+2z^{-1}+3z^{-2}$$

(B)
$$z^2 + 3z + 2$$

(C)
$$1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}$$

(A)
$$1+2z^{-1}+3z^{-2}$$
 (B) z^2+3z+2 (C) $1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}$ (D) $z^{-2}+3z^{-3}+2z^{-4}$

Question Number: 34

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

Three DFT coefficients, out of five DFT coefficients of a five-point real sequence are given as: X(0) = 4, X(1) = 1 - j1 and X(3) = 2 + j2. The zero-th value of the sequence x(n), x(0), is

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Question Number: 35

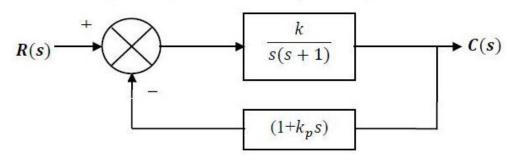
Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The Laplace transform of a causal signal y(t) is $Y(s) = \frac{s+2}{s+6}$. The value of the signal y(t)at t = 0.1 s is

orrect: 2 Wrong: 0

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The block diagram of a closed-loop control system is shown in the figure. The values of kand k_p are such that the system has a damping ratio of 0.8 and an undamped natural frequency ω_n of 4 rad/s respectively. The value of k_p will be

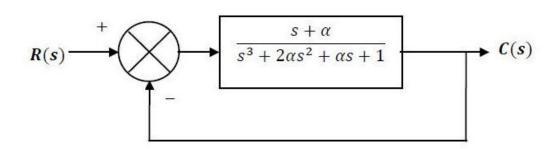


Question Number: 37

The loop transfer function of a closed-loop system is given by $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+6)}{s(s+2)}$. The breakaway point of the root-loci will be

Question Number: 38

A closed-loop system is shown in the figure. The system parameter α is not known. The condition for asymptotic stability of the closed loop system is



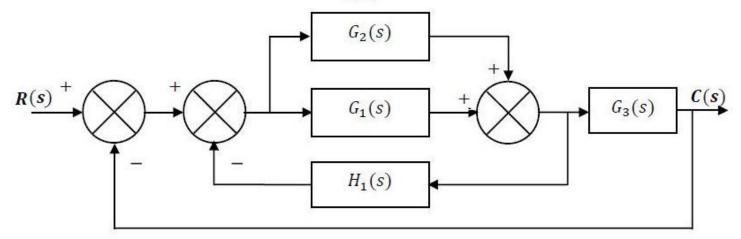
(A)
$$\alpha < -0.5$$

(B)
$$-0.5 \le \alpha \le 0.5$$
 (C) $0 \le \alpha \le 0.5$

(C)
$$0 < \alpha < 0.5$$

(D)
$$\alpha > 0.5$$

The overall closed loop transfer function $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$, represented in the figure, will be



(A)
$$\frac{\left(G_{1}(s)+G_{2}(s)\right)G_{3}(s)}{1+\left(G_{1}(s)+G_{2}(s)\right)\left(H_{1}(s)+G_{3}(s)\right)}$$

(B)
$$\frac{(G_1(s)+G_3(s))}{1+G_1(s)H_1(s)+G_2(s)G_3(s)}$$

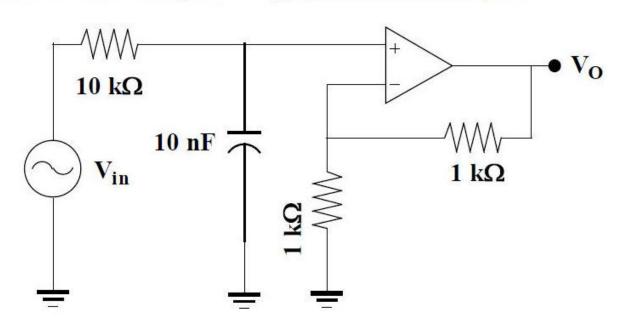
$$(C) \frac{\left(G_{1}(s) - G_{2}(s)\right) H_{1}(s)}{1 + \left(G_{1}(s) + G_{3}(s)\right) \left(H_{1}(s) + G_{1}(s)\right)}$$

(D)
$$\frac{G_1(s)G_2(s)H_1(s)}{1+G_1(s)H_1(s)+G_1(s)G_3(s)}$$

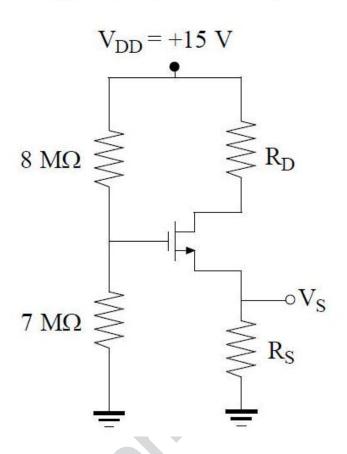
Question Number: 40

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

Assuming the opamp shown in the figure to be ideal, the frequency at which the magnitude of V_o will be 95% of the magnitude of V_{in} is ______ kHz.



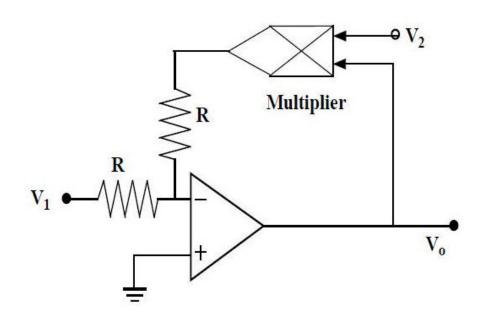
In the circuit, shown in the figure, the MOSFET is operating in the saturation zone. The characteristics of the MOSFET is given by $I_D = \frac{1}{2}(V_{GS} - 1)^2$ mA, where V_{GS} is in V. If $V_S = +5$ V, then the value of R_S in k Ω is ______.



Question Number: 42

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

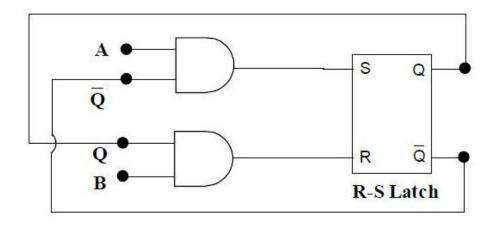
The two-input voltage multiplier, shown in the figure, has a scaling factor of 1 and produces voltage output. If $V_1 = +15$ V and $V_2 = +3$ V, the value of V_0 in volt is





Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The two inputs A and B are connected to an R-S latch via two AND gates as shown in the figure. If A = 1 and B = 0, the output $Q\overline{Q}$ is



(A) 00

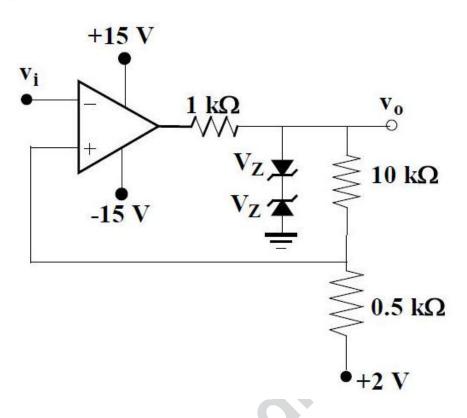
(B) 10

(C) 01

(D) 11

Consequence : 0

The circuit of a Schmitt trigger is shown in the figure. The zener-diode combination maintains the output between \pm 7 **V**. The width of the hysteresis band is **V**.



Question Number: 45

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

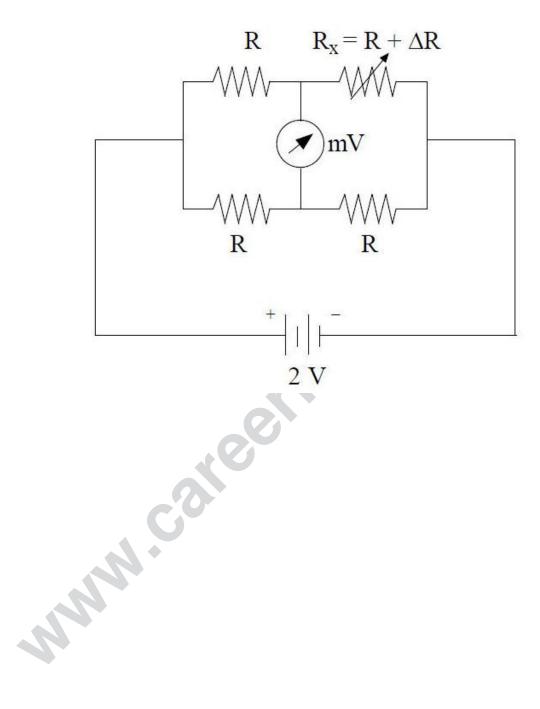
When the voltage across a battery is measured using a d.c. potentiometer, the reading shows 1.08 **V**. But when the same voltage is measured using a Permanent Magnet Moving Coil (PMMC) voltmeter, the voltmeter reading shows 0.99 **V**. If the resistance of the voltmeter is 1100 Ω , the internal resistance of the battery, in Ω , is _______.

Question Number: 46

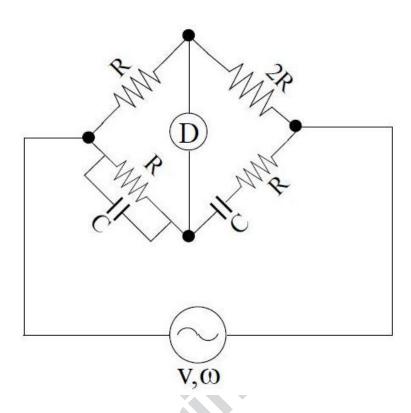
Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The power delivered to a single phase inductive load is measured with a dynamometer type wattmeter using a potential transformer (PT) of turns ratio 200:1 and the current transformer (CT) of turns ratio 1:5. Assume both the transformers to be ideal. The power factor of the load is 0.8. If the wattmeter reading is 200 W, then the apparent power of the load in kVA is ______.

The unbalanced voltage of the Wheatstone bridge, shown in the figure, is measured using a digital voltmeter having infinite input impedance and a resolution of 0.1 mV. If $R = 1000 \ \Omega$, then the minimum value of ΔR in Ω to create a detectable unbalanced voltage is ______.



In the a.c. bridge, shown in the figure, $R=10^3~\Omega$ and $C=10^{-7}~\mathrm{F}$. If the bridge is balanced at a frequency ω_0 , the value of ω_0 in $\mathrm{rad/s}$ is ______.



Question Number: 49

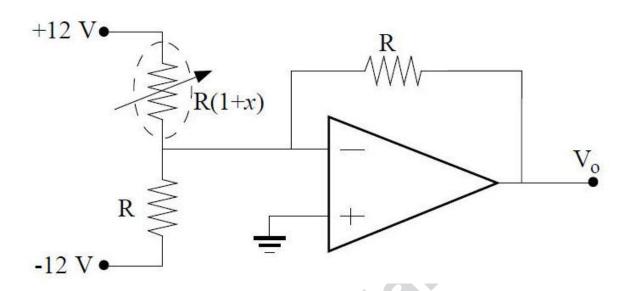
Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The hot junction of a bare thermocouple, initially at room temperature (30°C), is suddenly dipped in molten metal at t=0 s. The cold junction is kept at room temperature. The thermocouple can be modeled as a first-order instrument with a time constant of 1.0 s and a static sensitivity of 10 μ V/°C. If the voltage, measured across the thermocouple indicates 10.0 mV at t=1.0 s, then the temperature of the molten metal in °C is _____.



Question Number: 50 Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

A resistance temperature detector (RTD) is connected to a circuit, as shown in the figure. Assume the opamp to be ideal. If $V_0 = +2.0$ V, then the value of x is



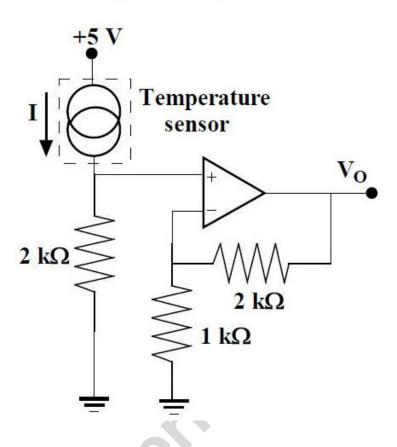
Question Number: 51 Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The magnetic flux density of an electromagnetic flowmeter is 100 mWb/m^2 . The electrodes are wall-mounted inside the pipe having a diameter of 0.25 m. A voltage of 1 V is generated when a conducting fluid is passed through the flowmeter. The volumetric flowrate of the fluid in m^3/s is



The junction semiconductor temperature sensor shown in the figure is used to measure the temperature of hot air. The output voltage V_O is 2.1 V. The current output of the sensor is given by $I = T \mu A$ where T is the temperature in K. Assuming the opamp to be ideal, the temperature of the hot air in ${}^{\circ}C$ is approximately ______.

distant



Question Number: 53

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

Quantum efficiency of a photodiode (ratio between the number of liberated electrons and the number of incident photons) is 0.75 at 830 nm. Given Planck's constant $h = 6.624 \times 10^{-34}$ J, the charge of an electron $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C and the velocity of light in the photodiode $C_m = 2 \times 10^8$ m/s. For an incident optical power of 100 μ W at 830 nm, the photocurrent in μ A is

Question Number: 54

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

In a sinusoidal amplitude modulation scheme (with carrier) the modulated signal is given by $A_m(t) = 100 \cos(\omega_c t) + 50 \cos(\omega_m t) \cos(\omega_c t)$, where ω_c is the carrier frequency and ω_m is the modulation frequency. The power carried by the sidebands in % of total power is

(A) 2, red

$\varphi_m(t) = \cos(\omega_c t)$	$t + 5\sin(1000\pi t) + 10\sin(300\pi t)$	$n(2000\pi t)$). The	$2\pi \times 10^6$ rad/s is given by e maximum deviation of the er is kHz.
Question Numbe	er : 56		Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33
The event would l	have been successful if you _	able	to come.
(A) are	(B) had been	(C) have been	(D) would have been
	bt that their work was thoro		Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33
Which of the wor	ds below is closest in meani	ng to the underlin	ed word above?
(A) pretty	(B) complete	(C) sloppy	(D) haphazard
Question Number	er: 58		Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33
	table. Each card has a number cards are 2, 3, red, and blue.	r printed on one sid	le and a colour on the other. The

Proposition: If a card has an even value on one side, then its opposite face is red.

(C) 2, blue

(D) 2, red, blue

The cards which MUST be turned over to verify the above proposition are

(B) 2, 3, red

What is the value of x when $81 \times \left(\frac{16}{25}\right)^{x+2} \div \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{2x+4} = 144$?

(A) 1

(B) -1

(C) -2

(D) Cannot be determined

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

Question Number: 60

Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability that the product of the numbers appearing on the top faces of the dice is a perfect square is

(A) 1/9

(B) 2/9

(C) 1/3

(D) 4/9

Question Number: 61

Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

Bhaichung was observing the pattern of people entering and leaving a car service centre. There was a single window where customers were being served. He saw that people inevitably came out of the centre in the order that they went in. However, the time they spent inside seemed to vary a lot: some people came out in a matter of minutes while for others it took much longer.

From this, what can one conclude?

- (A) The centre operates on a first-come-first-served basis, but with variable service times, depending on specific customer needs.
- (B) Customers were served in an arbitrary order, since they took varying amounts of time for service completion in the centre.
- (C) Since some people came out within a few minutes of entering the centre, the system is likely to operate on a last-come-first-served basis.
- (D) Entering the centre early ensured that one would have shorter service times and most people attempted to do this.



A map shows the elevations of Darjeeling, Gangtok, Kalimpong, Pelling, and Siliguri. Kalimpong is at a lower elevation than Gangtok. Pelling is at a lower elevation than Gangtok. Pelling is at a higher elevation than Siliguri. Darjeeling is at a higher elevation than Gangtok.

Which of the following statements can be inferred from the paragraph above?

- i. Pelling is at a higher elevation than Kalimpong
- ii. Kalimpong is at a lower elevation than Darjeeling
- iii. Kalimpong is at a higher elevation than Siliguri
- iv. Siliguri is at a lower elevation than Gangtok
- (A) Only ii
- (B) Only ii and iii
- (C) Only ii and iv
- (D) Only iii and iv

Question Number: 63

P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated around a circular table. R is seated two places to the right of Q. P is seated three places to the left of R. S is seated opposite U. If P and U now switch seats, which of the following must necessarily be true?

- (A) P is immediately to the right of R
- (B) T is immediately to the left of P
- (C) T is immediately to the left of P or P is immediately to the right of Q
- (D) U is immediately to the right of R or P is immediately to the left of T

Question Number: 64

Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

Budhan covers a distance of 19 km in 2 hours by cycling one fourth of the time and walking the rest. The next day he cycles (at the same speed as before) for half the time and walks the rest (at the same speed as before) and covers 26 km in 2 hours. The speed in km/h at which Budhan walks is

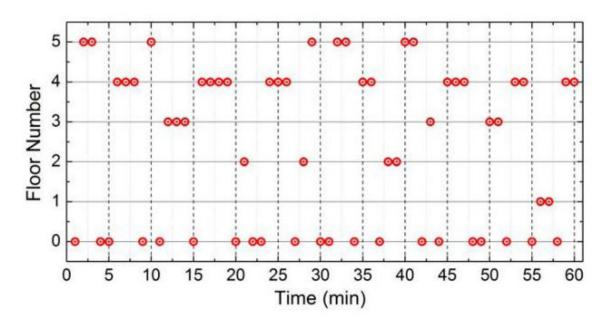
(A) 1

(B)4

(C) 5

(D) 6

The points in the graph below represent the halts of a lift for durations of 1 minute, over a period of 1 hour.



Which of the following statements are correct?

- i. The elevator never moves directly from any non-ground floor to another non-ground floor over the one hour period
- ii. The elevator stays on the fourth floor for the longest duration over the one hour period
- (A)) Only i
- nly i (B) Only ii
- (C) Both i and ii
- (D) Neither i nor ii