



Environmental Science and Engineering (ES)

General Aptitude (GA)

Q.1 – Q.5 Multiple Choice Question (MCQ), carry ONE mark each (for each wrong answer: -1/3).

Q.1	The current population of a city is 11,02,500. If it has been increasing at the rate of 5% per annum, what was its population 2 years ago?			
(A)	9,92,500			
(B)	9,95,006			
(C)	10,00,000			
(D)	12,51,506			

Q.2	p and q are positive integers and $\frac{p}{q} + \frac{q}{p} = 3$, then, $\frac{p^2}{q^2} + \frac{q^2}{p^2} =$
(A)	3
(B)	7
(C)	9
(D)	11





Q.3	The least number of squares that must be added so that the line P-Q becomes the line of symmetry is
(A)	4
(B)	3
(C)	6
(D)	7





Q.4	Nostalgia is to anticipation as is to Which one of the following options maintains a similar logical relation in the above sentence?			
(A)	Present, past			
(B)	Future, past			
(C)	Past, future			
(D)	Future, present			

Q.5	Consider the following sentences:
	 (i) I woke up from sleep. (ii) I woked up from sleep. (iii) I was woken up from sleep. (iv) I was wokened up from sleep. Which of the above sentences are grammatically CORRECT?
(A)	
(A)	(i) and (ii)
(B)	(i) and (iii)
(C)	(ii) and (iii)
(D)	(i) and (iv)





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Q. 6-Q. 10 Multiple Choice Question (MCQ), carry TWO marks each (for each wrong answer: -2/3).

Q.6	Given below are two statements and two conclusions. Statement 1: All purple are green. Statement 2: All black are green. Conclusion I: Some black are purple. Conclusion II: No black is purple. Based on the above statements and conclusions, which one of the following options is logically CORRECT?	
(A)	Only conclusion I is correct.	
(B)	Only conclusion II is correct.	
(C)	Either conclusion I or II is correct.	
(D)	Both conclusion I and II are correct.	



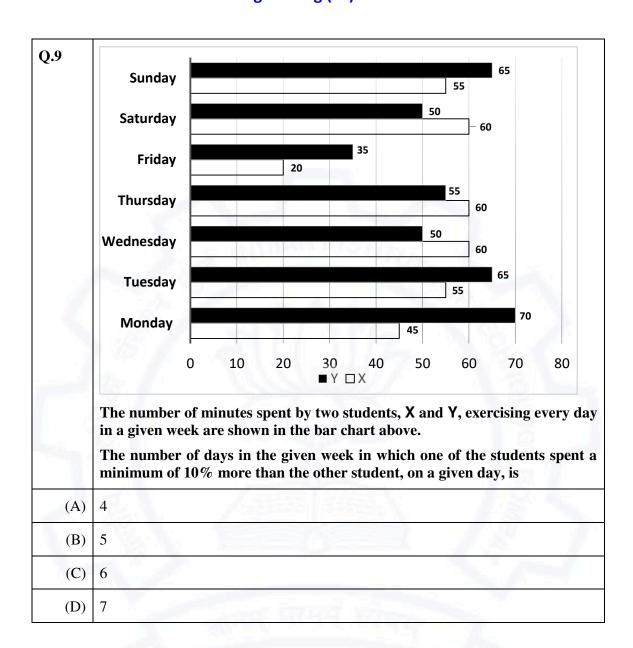


Q.7	Computers are ubiquitous. They are used to improve efficiency in almost all fields from agriculture to space exploration. Artificial intelligence (AI) is currently a hot topic. AI enables computers to learn, given enough training data. For humans, sitting in front of a computer for long hours can lead to health issues.			
	Which of the following can be deduced from the above passage?			
	 (i) Nowadays, computers are present in almost all places. (ii) Computers cannot be used for solving problems in engineering. (iii) For humans, there are both positive and negative effects of using computers. (iv) Artificial intelligence can be done without data. 			
(A)	(ii) and (iii)			
(B)	(ii) and (iv)			
(C)	(i), (iii) and (iv)			
(D)	(i) and (iii)			

Q.8	Consider a square sheet of side 1 unit. In the first step, it is cut along the main diagonal to get two triangles. In the next step, one of the cut triangles is revolved about its short edge to form a solid cone. The volume of the resulting cone, in cubic units, is	
(A)	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	
(B)	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	
(C)	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	
(D)	3π	











Q.10	Corners are cut from an equilateral triangle to produce a regular convex hexagon as shown in the figure above. The ratio of the area of the regular convex hexagon to the area of the original equilateral triangle is
(A)	2:3
(B)	3:4
(C)	4:5
(D)	5:6





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Q.1 – Q.18 Multiple Choice Question (MCQ), carry ONE mark each (for each wrong answer: -1/3).

Q.1	A tangent is drawn on the curve of the function $y = x^2$ at the point $(x, y) = (3, 9)$. The slope of the tangent is		
(A)	3		
(B)	6		
(C)	9		
(D)	12		

Q.2	$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{x^2}{\sin x} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
(A)	0
(B)	1
(C)	2
(D)	-1





Q.3	The table below shows the carbon content of four samples of powdered coal. If these four samples are mixed completely, what would be the resultant carbon percentage of the mixture by weight?		
	Sample number	Mass of sample (kg)	Carbon % by weight
	1	2	88
	2	1	90
	3	2	80
	4	1	90
	7/ 1//	NU11117	
(A)	58 %		N. E.
(B)	86 %		1 6
(C)	87 %	((
(D)	90 %		7 D. L.

Q.4	A sample of air is collected in the morning at an ambient temperature of 25 $^{\circ}$ C. The concentration of carbon monoxide (CO) in this sample is 30 ppmv (ppm by volume). The same sample is analysed later in the afternoon when the sample temperature is 35 $^{\circ}$ C. The analysis results will show the CO concentration as
(A)	< 29 ppmv
(B)	> 30 ppmv
(C)	= 30 ppmv
(D)	= 29 ppmv





Q.5	In fluid statics, the line of action of the buoyant force always acts through the
(A)	centre of gravity of any submerged body
(B)	centroid of the volume of any floating body
(C)	centroid of the displaced volume of fluid by the body
(D)	centroid of the volume of fluid vertically above the body

Q.6	What is the order of preference of the various elements in integrated waste management hierarchy (highest preference to lowest preference)?
(A)	Reduce > Reuse & recycle > Energy recovery > Landfilling
(B)	Reuse & recycle > Reduce > Energy recovery > Landfilling
(C)	Reduce > Energy recovery > Reuse & recycle > Landfilling
(D)	Reduce > Reuse & recycle > Landfilling > Energy recovery

Q.7	If d is the depth of an aquifer through which water is flowing, then the relationship between permeability K and transmissibility (also known as transmissivity) T is given by
(A)	T = Kd
(B)	T = K/d
(C)	$T = \sqrt{Kd}$
(D)	$K = \sqrt{Td}$





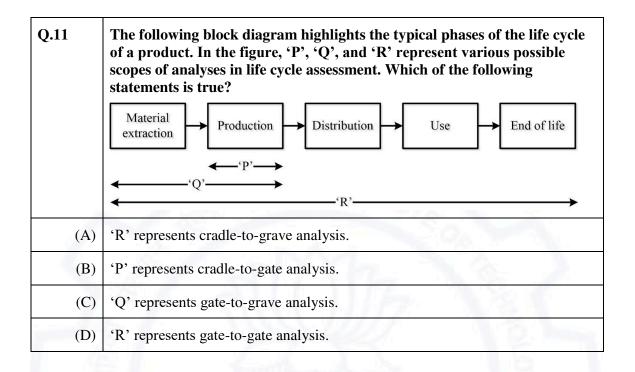
Q.8	Which of the following is the terminal electron acceptor in the electron transport chain of aerobic respiration?
(A)	Water
(B)	NADH
(C)	O_2
(D)	Cytochrome-c

Q.9	Which of the following causes 'Type-I' settling in a sedimentation tank?
(A)	Agglomeration
(B)	Compression
(C)	Force of gravity
(D)	Charge neutralization

Q.10	In the context of noise pollution, SPL is the sound pressure level in decibels (dB). The relationship between SPL, the root mean square (rms) sound pressure p , and the reference (hearing threshold) pressure p_0 is expressed as
(A)	$SPL = 20 \times \log_{10} \frac{p}{p_0}$
(B)	$SPL = 20 \times \log_{10} \frac{p_0}{p}$
(C)	$SPL = 20 - \log_{10} \frac{p}{p_0}$
(D)	$SPL = 20 + \log_{10} \frac{p}{p_0}$







Q.12	The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development was held in 1992 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. During this conference, several environmental management principles were adopted by many countries. Which one of the following principles allows the governments to take mitigation measures on the environmental issues having serious threats or irreversible damage, even if there is scientific uncertainty about such issues?
(A)	Polluters pay principle
(B)	Precautionary principle
(C)	Extended producer responsibility
(D)	Common but differentiated responsibilities





Q.13	Choose the correct order of biodegradability (highest to lowest) of the following municipal solid waste components.
(A)	Food waste > Newspaper > Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)
(B)	Newspaper > Food waste > Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)
(C)	Food waste > Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) > Newspaper
(D)	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) > Food waste > Newspaper

Q.14	In proximate analysis, when a 10 kg moisture-free solid sample is heated in a furnace at 950 °C in the <i>absence</i> of air, its mass is reduced by 6 kg. If the same 10 kg moisture-free solid sample is heated in the furnace at the same temperature in the <i>presence</i> of air, its mass is reduced by 7 kg. The percentage of fixed carbon in the sample is
(A)	20 %
(B)	60 %
(C)	10 %
(D)	30 %

Q.15	Chlorine is most effective as a water disinfectant at a pH of
(A)	6
(B)	8
(C)	10
(D)	12





Q.16	The oxidation states of 'N' in NH_4^+ , NO_2^- , and NO are, respectively.
(A)	+2, -3, and +3
(B)	-3, +3, and +2
(C)	−3, +3, and −4
(D)	+4, -2, and +2

Q.17	What is the pH of a water sample having H ⁺ concentration of 10 mg/L? The atomic weight of H is 1 g/mol.	
(A)	2	
(B)	4	
(C)	6	
(D)	8	

Q.18	Which of the following pairing of nucleotide bases is present in double helix DNA?	
(A)	Thymine - Cytosine	
(B)	Adenine - Thymine	
(C)	Cytosine - Adenine	
(D)	Uracil - Thymine	





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Q.19 – Q.22 Multiple Select Question (MSQ), carry ONE mark each (no negative marks).

Q.19	Which of the following is/are both greenhouse gas(es) and ozone depleting substance(s)?		
(A)	CFC-11		
(B)	CO_2		
(C)	HCFC-22		
(D)	N_2O		

Q.20	The ordinary differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y$ has y as the dependent variable and x as the independent variable. Which of the following classification(s) is/are applicable to the equation?	
(A)	Linear	
(B)	Non-linear	
(C)	First order	
(D)	Second order	

Q.21 Consider the following equation: $x^3 - 10x^2 + 31x - 30 = 0$ Which of the following is/are the root(s) of the above equation?	
(A)	1
(B)	2
(C)	3
(D)	4





Q.22	A wind rose is a representation of meteorological conditions. Which of the following is/are included in this representation?		
(A)	(A) Mixing height		
(B)	Wind speed		
(C)	Wind direction		
(D)	Percentage of time		

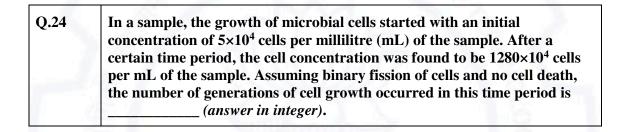


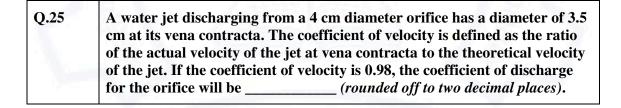


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Q.23 – Q.25 Numerical Answer Type (NAT), carry ONE mark each (no negative marks).

Q.23	A flocculation tank used for water treatment has a velocity gradient (G) of 800 s ⁻¹ . The volume of the tank is 40 m ³ . The dynamic viscosity of water is	
	9×10 ⁻⁴ N·s/m ² . The theoretical power required to maintain the given velocity gradient is kW (rounded off to the nearest integer).	









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Q.26 – Q.34 Multiple Choice Question (MCQ), carry TWO mark each (for each wrong answer: -2/3).

Q.26	The 2×2 matrices P and Q satisfy the following relations: $P+Q=\begin{bmatrix}3&1\\2&12\end{bmatrix} \text{ and }$ $P-Q=\begin{bmatrix}-1&-7\\8&2\end{bmatrix}$ The matrix Q is equal to
(A)	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
(B)	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$
(C)	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
(D)	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Q.27	A biased die has six faces numbered as $k = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$, and 6. On rolling the die, the probability of the number k appearing is proportional to k^2 . What is the probability that an even number will appear on rolling the die?
(A	$\frac{35}{91}$
(F	$) \frac{56}{91}$
(($\frac{12}{21}$
Π)	$\left \frac{9}{21}\right $





Q.28	Match the entries in Colum II.	n I with the correct entr	ries in Column
	Column I	Column II	
	P. Diffusion Q. Drag force R. Atmospheric stability	(i) Pasquill (ii) Fick (iii) Stokes	
	I MARIEUM -	Name /	
(A)	P-(iii), Q-(ii), R-(i)	- 10 / E	
(B)	P-(ii), Q-(i), R-(iii)	4	
(C)	P-(i), Q-(iii), R-(ii)	The N	
(D)	P-(ii), Q-(iii), R-(i)	<i>13377</i> 1	21

Q.29		Which of the following international multilateral agreen (conventions, protocols) from Column I match with the Column II?			
		Column I	Column II		
	¥.	P. Ramsar Convention Q. Kyoto Protocol R. Basel Convention S. Montreal Protocol	(i) Ozone depletion		
	V		(ii) Trans-boundary movement of hazardous wastes		
			(iii) Climate change (iv) Conservation of wetlands		
		Illinos			
	(A)	P-(iv), Q-(iii), R-(ii), S-(i)			
	(B)	P-(iv), Q-(ii), R-(iii), S-(i)			
	(C)	P-(iii), Q-(i), R-(ii), S-(iv)			
	(D)	P-(i), Q-(iii), R-(iv), S-(ii)			





Q.30	An ideal PFR or an ideal CFSTR may be used to degrade a pollutant with first order reaction kinetics. Both the reactors are fed with the same inlet concentration and the same volumetric flow rate, and are designed to achieve the same outlet concentration. Which of the following statements is true when comparing PFR with CFSTR?
	PFR is Plug Flow Reactor.
	CFSTR is Continuous Flow Stirred Tank Reactor (also referred to as CSTR).
(A)	PFR will always require less reactor volume than CFSTR.
(B)	PFR will require the same reactor volume as CFSTR.
(C)	CFSTR will always require less reactor volume than PFR.
(D)	CFSTR can sometimes require less reactor volume than PFR.

Q.31	A 200 mL sample of water has an initial pH = 9. In order to determine alkalinity, the sample was titrated using 0.02 N H ₂ SO ₄ acid to an end point of pH = 4.5. In the titration, 25 mL of 0.02 N H ₂ SO ₄ acid was required. What is the total alkalinity of the sample in 'mg/L as NaHCO ₃ '?	
	[Atomic weight (g/mol): Ca = 40, Na = 23, H = 1, C = 12, S = 32, and O = 16]	
(A)	20	
(B)	125	
(C)	210	
(D)	305	





Q.32	A sewage treatment plant (STP) receives sewage at a flow rate of 20000 m³ per day. The sewage has 200 mg/L of suspended solids. Assume 60 % suspended solids are removed in the primary clarifier. The underflow (i.e. sludge) removed from the clarifier contains 5 % solids (by weight).
	The daily volume of the sludge generated will be
	m ³ per day. Assume sludge density = 1000 kg/m ³ .
(A)	48
(B)	80
(C)	480
(D)	800

Q.33	In context of municipal solid waste treatment, match the equipment in List I with their function in List II.		
F. 1	List I	List II	
1	P. Trommel	(i) Size reduction	
	Q. Magnetic separator	(ii) Aluminium separation	
	R. Hammer mill	(iii) Screening	
	S. Eddy current separator	(iv) Ferrous metal recovery	
	Marie S.	1-19/1/	
(A	P-(iii), Q-(iv), R-(i), S-(ii)		
(B)	P-(iii), Q-(ii), R-(iv), S-(i)		
(C	P-(i), Q-(iv), R-(iii), S-(ii)		
(D)	P-(iv), Q-(ii), R-(i), S-(iii)		





Q.34	The characteristics of a water sample are as follows: $Na^+ = 92$ mg/L, $K^+ = 19.5$ mg/L, $Ca^{2+} = 40$ mg/L, and $Mg^{2+} = 24$ mg/L. What is the sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) of the water sample which may be considered for irrigation purposes? [Atomic weight (g/mol): $Na = 23$, $K = 39$, $Ca = 40$, and $Mg = 24$]
(A)	2.83
(B)	1.94
(C)	2.00
(D)	4.00





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Q.35 – Q.40 Multiple Select Question (MSQ), carry TWO mark each (no negative marks).

Q.35	Which of the following is true for the nitrifying bacteria belonging to genus <i>Nitrobacter</i> ?
(A)	They are autotrophs.
(B)	They are eukaryotes.
(C)	They convert chemical energy to cellular energy using mitochondria.
(D)	They convert NO_3^- to NO_2^- .

Q.36	Which of the following is/are the dominant mechanism(s) for the removal of spherical particles with diameter less than 10 μm from a gas stream using a fabric filter?
(A)	Impaction
(B)	Gravitation
(C)	Interception
(D)	Diffusion

Q.37	In air pollution, which of the following is/are classified as primary pollutants?
(A	Carbon monoxide (CO)
(E	Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂)
(0	Ozone (O ₃)
(D	Nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂)





Q.38	Which of the following is/are correct for the process of glycolysis?
(A)	There is net decrease in standard Gibbs free energy.
(B)	The end product is glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate.
(C)	First phase includes the phosphorylation of the glucose molecule.
(D)	It results in the net gain of NADH.

Q.39	In the context of water quality, which of the following is/are correct for the most probable number (MPN) of a water sample?
(A)	The estimated organisms are gram negative.
(B)	It is based on the assumption of Poisson distribution.
(C)	It measures the exact number of microorganisms present in the sample.
(D)	It includes the quantification of pathogenic virus.

Q.40	For any particular location, which of the following would influence the solar radiation incident on a rooftop solar water heater?
(<i>F</i>	Heater surface temperature
(H	Day of the year
((Hot water temperature
(I	Sky clearness





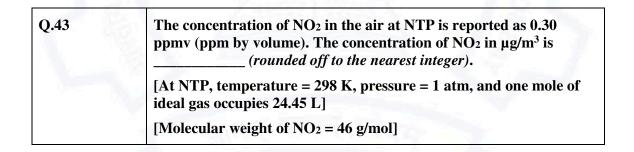
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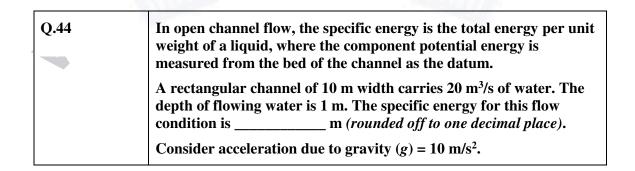
Q.41-Q.55 Numerical Answer Type (NAT), carry TWO mark each (no negative marks).

Q.41 If
$$f(x) + 3f(g(x)) = x - 2$$
, where $g(x) = \frac{3x+1}{x-3}$, then the value of the ratio $\frac{f(5)}{f(8)}$ is ______ (answer in integer).

Consider a function
$$y = f(x)$$
 which satisfies the following equation:
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$
As $x \to -\infty$, $y = 1$, and at $x = 0$, $y = 2$.

The value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 0$ is _______ (answer in integer).









Q.45	Two reservoirs are connected by a pipeline consisting of two pipes 'A' and 'B' in series. The two pipes are of same length and have the same Darcy friction factor. If the internal diameter of pipe 'B' is twice as large as the internal diameter of pipe 'A', the ratio of the head loss in pipe 'A' to that in pipe 'B' is (answer in integer). Neglect all minor losses.
Q.46	In a field test of a geological formation of permeable soil (porosity = 20 %), the hydraulic gradient was found to be 2 %. The actual seepage velocity of the flow was found to be 0.0025 m/s. Assume that the flow is in the laminar regime. The permeability (K) of the aquifer is m/s (rounded off to three decimal places).
Q.47	An underground hazardous waste storage tank is leaking. The contaminant concentration directly beneath the site is 0.5 mg/L. The contaminant is travelling at an effective rate of 0.4 m per day towards a water well which is 2 km away.
	Assume that the degradation of the contaminant follows a first order reaction, and the initial concentration of the contaminant becomes half in 10 years.
	In this case, the contaminant concentration expected at the well under steady state conditions is mg/L (rounded off to two decimal places).
Q.48	The net profit expected from a manufacturing unit is ₹ 6000 per year. The operational life of the unit is 15 years. Assuming a fixed discount rate of 8 % per annum, the net present worth of the profit earned over the operational life is ₹ (answer in integer).





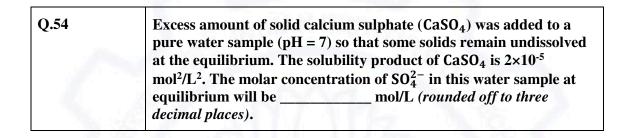
Q.49	A 900 mm internal diameter sewer is laid at a slope of 0.004 and has an actual flow of 0.15 m ³ /s. Assuming Manning's roughness coefficient to be 0.013, the ratio of the actual flow to the flow when the sewer is running full is (rounded off to two decimal places).
	Take $\pi = 3.14$.
Q.50	A 10 million litres per day (MLD) sewage treatment plant (STP) is based on the Activated Sludge Process (ASP). First, the sewage undergoes primary treatment and the resulting treated sewage has BOD ₅ of 140 mg/L concentration. This is further passed through a 1500 m ³ capacity aeration tank (in ASP), where the mixed liquor volatile suspended solids (MLVSS) concentration is maintained at 3000 mg/L. The concentration of BOD ₅ of the treated sewage is 5 mg/L.
	The Food to Microorganisms ratio (F/M) of the ASP is day-1 (rounded off to two decimal places).
Q.51	The municipal solid waste (MSW) generated in a community (population = 100000) is disposed on a 12×10 ⁴ m ² landfill site, which can be filled to a total depth of 25 m (including soil cover). Assume that MSW is generated at a rate of 2.5 kg per person per day and its compacted density is 800 kg/m ³ . If the volumetric ratio of MSW and soil cover is 5:1, the useful life of the landfill site is years (rounded off to the nearest integer).
Q.52	A mechanized stationary container system is proposed for waste collection from a commercial area. The container unloading time is 0.1 hours per container. There are two containers at each location and the drive time between the two locations is 0.2 hours. The maximum waste 'pick-up time' is 2.4 hours per trip.
	The 'pick-up time' starts at the instant the truck arrives at the first pick-up location and ends when the last container on the route is emptied. The maximum number of locations which can be covered in a trip by the collection vehicle are (answer in integer).

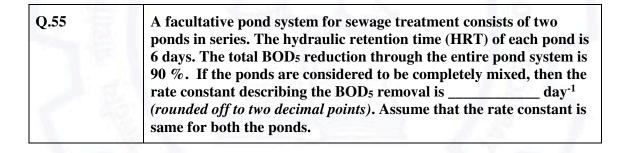




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Q.53	The molar concentrations (M, i.e. mol/L) of some ionic species in a water sample were estimated as follows:
	$Na^{+} = 0.25 \text{ M}; Ca^{2+} = 0.12 \text{ M}; Cl^{-} = 0.32 \text{ M}; HCO_{3}^{-} = 0.05 \text{ M}.$
	The ionic strength of this water sample is M (correct up to two decimal places).





END OF THE QUESTION PAPER